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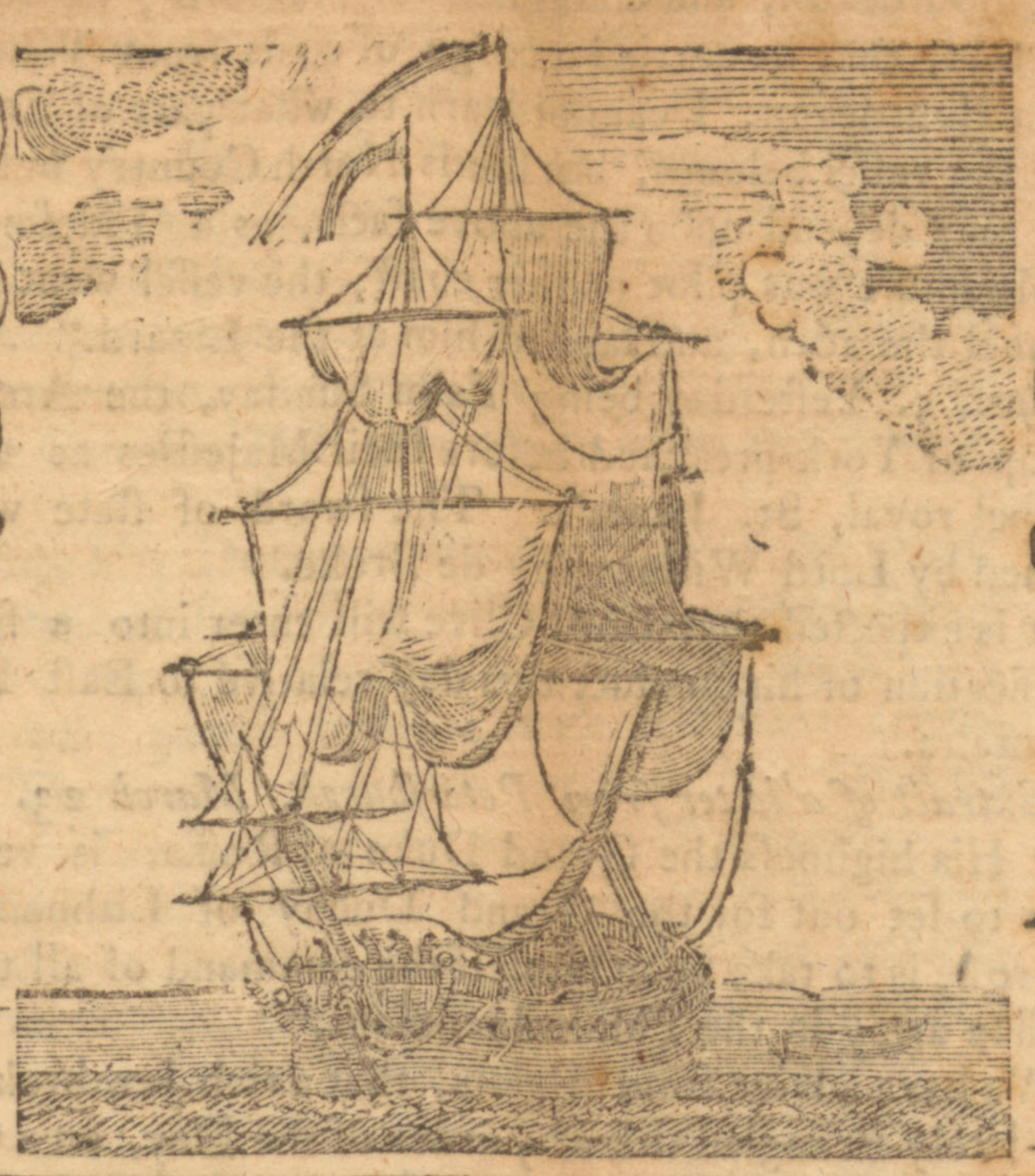
Pennſylvania Packet

AND THE

GENERAL ADVERTISER.

MONDAY, JUNE 7th, 1773.



Quicquid agunt Homines, noſtri eſt Farrago Libelli. JUVENAL.

TO-MORROW,

AT NINE O'CLOCK, AT

JOHN HART's

VENDUE-STORE,

At the corner of SOUTH and FRONT-STREETS,
Will begin the SALE of a large and neat aſſortment of
MERCHANDIZE,
HOUSHOLD FURNITURE,
WEARING APPAREL, &c.

INDISPUTABLE GOOD **OLD RIGHTS**
WARRANTED,

FOR any quantity of LAND, from 25 to 500 acres, to be taken up in any part of the province of Pennſylvania, not yet appropriated. The quit-rent to be no more than ONE SHILLING ſterling per hundred acres. Enquire of

MRS. MARY GORDON,
GEORGE MORGAN, or
LEWIS WEISS.

THE COPARTNERSHIP OF
DOUGLAS, HERON, AND CO.

HAVING been diſſolved the firſt of March laſt, and the acting partners intending ſoon to leave this province, all perſons indebted to them are hereby requeſted, to ſettle with the ſubſcribers immediately, otherwiſe they will be under the diſagreeable neceſſity of putting their accounts in ſuit; and whoever has any demands on ſaid company, are deſired to call for payment upon

WILLIAM DOUGLASS, or
JAMES HERON.

June 2, 1773.

WHEREAS I the ſubſcriber purchaſed a tract of land in Carnarvon Townſhip, Berks County, for which I gave ſeveral obligations for the payment of the purchaſe-money to Suſanna Nicholas, Anne Nicholas, and Jonathan Jones, guardians of Thomas Nicholas, a minor; and ſince I was poſſeſſed of the ſaid land, I have been ejected out of a part thereof. This is therefore to forwarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment on the ſaid bonds, as I am determined not to pay any of them until my title to the land is indiſputable.

CALEB JONES.

Frederick County, Maryland, May 20, 1773.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE,

On THURSDAY the firſt day of July next, at the late dwelling-houſe of SAMUEL WICKHAM, deceaſed, for caſh or ſhort credit,

ONE Tract of LAND containing 136 acres, whereon is two dwelling-houſes, about 50 acres of cleared land, and ſeveral acres in good Timothy graſs. One Tract containing 100 acres, lying on Fiſhing Creek, whereon is one dwelling-houſe, about 40 acres of cleared land and ſeveral acres in good Timothy graſs, and a convenient place to build a griſt mill. One Tract containing 458 acres, lying on the main road that leads from Frederick Town to York Town, whereon are two improvements, two dwelling-houſes, about 70 acres of cleared land, and ſeveral acres in good Timothy graſs on one improvement, and about 20 acres of cleared land on the other. Alſo one other Tract containing 110 acres, being all wood-land, by

JOSEPH WOOD, Junior.

June 2, 1773.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

GOT out of the fence of the ſubſcriber, living in Upper Hanover townſhip, Philadelphia county, on Monday laſt, in the night, a dark Sorrel Horſe, with a blaze on his forehead; he is about twelve years old, his mane inclining a good deal to white, and his tail is likewiſe whitiſh; he is branded, but the mark not known; his tail has but lately been dockt, ſo that the wound is not quite healed up again; he is a pacer. Whoever takes up the ſaid horſe and brings him to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have the above reward and reaſonable charges, paid by me

JOHN SLIFER.

FOR MORE NEW ADVERTISEMENTS SEE THE FOURTH PAGE.

By the ſhip CAROLINA, *Capt.* LOXLEY, *arrived here from* LONDON, *we have the following Advices.*

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 6.

THE Porte, which always religiouſly makes a point of preſerving the law of nations, has, ſince the preſent ſuſpenſion of arms, given a ſtrong proof of its punctuality in fulfilling its engagements. A ſhip belonging to the Ruſſian fleet was driven by a ſtorm into the ſtreights of the Dardanelles, and run aſhore there. The Turkiſh Admiral being informed of it, not only ordered all the neceſſary aſſiſtance to be given to the crew, but likewiſe helped them to get the ſhip afloat, and permitted it to rejoin the ſquadron it belonged to.

Liſbon, Feb. 23. A Portugueze pilot arrived from Bombay in an Engliſh veſſel brought the following account, which was circulated about that part of India at his departure, a confirmation of which we wait for with impatience, viz. That the Marattoes of the Iſthmus eaſt of the Ganges, having got together a number of ſhips, waited the return of a Portugueſe ſhip, which goes annually from Goa to Macao, and attacked her on her paſſage, took her, and carried off her cargo; that the man of war which eſcorted her, fought this fleet ſeveral days, but the powder on the deck taking fire, the crew were unable to defend themſelves, and the ſhip was taken; the Lieutenant was killed in the action, and the Marattoes aſk a vaſt ſum of the Governor of Goa as a ranſom for the Captain.

Liſbon, Feb. 28. The edict lately iſſued here by his Majeſty, for the honour of humanity, ſets forth, that a barbarous cuſtom having been introduced and continued in Algarve, and other provinces of this kingdom, relative to negroes and mulattoes, (notwithſtanding ſome former decrees of the King) the pretended owners of them having perpetuated their ſlavery, under the pretence that, according to the civil law, a ſlave could not poſſibly be the mother of free children, and having multiplied this unhappy race of men by the means of an illicit commerce between the ſexes, the edict ordains, that all negro ſlaves, muſtizos or whites, (for the civil law, it ſeems, had given ſome inhuman maſters negreſſes fairer than themſelves) ſhall from henceforth have their liberty, if they can prove their mothers, grand-mothers, or great grand-mothers, have lived in ſlavery; that thoſe whoſe mothers and grand-mothers have been, or are ſlaves, ſhall continue ſuch till their deaths; and that henceforth all that ſhall be born ſhall be accounted free. The edict farther ſays, that they ſhall be capable of enjoying all ſorts of honours, dignities and employments.

Warſaw, March 6. A report prevails here that Prince Charles of Saxony will come to the approaching dyet, to urge his pretenſions to the Duchy of Courland, and we are aſſured that he will meet with ſupport there.

Peterſburg, March 9. The Intendant of the mines of Siberia hath ſent freſh advice to Court, that ſeveral ſilver mines have been diſcovered in that province, three of which he had opened; that there have already been extracted from them 45,000lb. of fine ſilver; and that it was hoped the others would not be leſs rich. In conſequence of which, the Empreſs hath ſent orders to work the latter immediately; and to recompence the Intendant for the ſervices done by him to the kingdom, her Imperial Majeſty hath made him a preſent of a fine eſtate on the borders of the Dwina.

Fraſcati, March 12. The Deputies of the inhabitants of this city have preſented to Cardinal York, their Biſhop, a petition in favour of the Jeſuits reſiding here, praying that they may continue among us.

Copenhagen, March 13. The King has granted Count Oſſen the diſmiſſion from his poſt of Miniſter of State.

Vienna March 13. General Baron Laudon having lately notified to the Court his reſolution to give up his ſeveral employments, that Nobleman has been ſent for by their Imperial Majeſties to return to this capital, where he has been treated by their Majeſties with ſuch marks of diſtinction, that he has changed his reſolution, and promiſed to continue in their ſervice. In conſequence of which the Emperor has named him to attend him in his journey through his dominions, which he is ſoon going to undertake. The Public ſeems greatly ſatisfied at this event, as General Laudon was greatly eſteemed by the whole army, on account of his talents and behaviour during the laſt war.

Stockholm, March 15. The diſtillers of grain having preſented a petition to the King, to obtain the liberty of diſtilling from that commodity, his Majeſty ordered the following anſwer to be given them, "That he will not acquieſce to a demand ſo prepoſterous and ſo contrary to his intentions; that they who made it, deſerved to be puniſhed for ſo doing; but that his Majeſty, from his uſual clemency, is willing to pardon them this time."

Stockholm, March 16. The King has appointed the Queen Dowager, his mother, governeſs of Swediſh Pomerania. A marriage is talked of between Prince Frederick Adolphus, and a Princeſs of the Houſe of Brunſwick Wolfenbuttle.

Warſaw, March 17. We have not received any certain advices from Moldavia, concerning the peace, it is aſſured however, that the plenipotentiaries at Bucharest wait the return of a courier diſpatched to Peterſburgh, with the ports anſwer to the *ultimatum* of the Court of Ruſſia, concerning the Crimea.

Turin, March 19. Our Monarch has begun his reign by advancing to the council of ſtate the ſum of 300,000 livres, to purchaſe corn in Sardinia in order to lower the price of that commodity in Savoy.

Leghorn, March 19. We hear from Sicily, that all the Ruſſian ſhips which were in the ports of that iſland, by order of their Commandant had ſailed for Paros, where they were to reunite, in order to go on ſome expedition, the armiſtice being at an end between the Porte and Ruſſia.

Italy, March 20. Letters from Milan adviſe, that two companies of grenadiers were arrived there, and that a conſiderable body of troops were expected in the Milaneſe next Spring. If we may give credit to ſome advices, it appears very plain that the tranquility of Italy will be of ſhort duration.

Warſaw, March 20. Thoſe who ſeem moſt likely to know what paſſes at Buchareſt are of opinion, that the negotiations will be ineffectually broke up. It is currently reported here, that the Field Marſhal Count Romanzow has received orders to commence hoſtilities with the ſecond army, as ſoon as the congreſs is diſſolved. That army is much reduced by ſickneſs, and by being obliged to ſend ſeveral detachments of troops into Ruſſia.

All the advices from Ruſſia confirm, that the Empreſs has ordered both her land and ſea forces to be put on a formidable footing. Every fiftieth man, of thoſe able to carry arms, is inliſted, which makes an augmentation of 60,000 men. Forty ſhips of the line are arming, and will be ready to ſail about the latter end of April. The ſame advices add, that the grand army will be reinforced with twenty-four regiments, the ſecond with ſixteen, and that which General Elmpt commands, in Finland, with twelve regiments.

Warſaw, March 20. General Baron Lentulus, Commander of the Pruſſian troops, is arrived here, and has taken up his quarters in the ſuburbs of Bilmi, where he has a guard of infantry and cavalry, who are lodged in ſeveral neighbouring houſes. The day before yeſterday he had an audience of his Majeſty.

Warſaw, March 21. Propoſals have, we are aſſured, been made to his Poliſh Majeſty, by each of the three potentates who have divided his kingdom, that he ſhall ſtill retain the name, ſtile and title of King of Poland, but in all things ſhould act in a ſubordinate light to the Courts of Vienna, Peterſburgh, and Berlin; that he ſhall ſtill be allowed to retain his body guards and Court, but the appointment to all offices to be reſerved to the three powers; that he ſhall not make war or peace, or coin money in his own name, but ſhall be allowed a negative in all criminal caſes; that each of the above-mentioned Courts ſhall appoint a Viceroy of the provinces now in their poſſeſſion, and thoſe Viceroys to be anſwerable to the King of Poland for their conduct, &c. Theſe terms the King has refuſed with a noble indignation, declaring he will, to the laſt, defend the old conſtitution of Poland.

Liſbon, March 23. The Luſitania, a Portugueſe ſhip of war, is juſt arrived here from Rio Janeiro, in the Brazils, and brings advice of an action which happened between 1100 of European troops, under the command of the Governor of St. Sebaſtian, and a body of near 20,000 of the rebellious negroes and diſaffected natives of the country, in which the former were victorious, killing and wounding above 7000 of the rebels, but could take none priſoners, as 450 of the Europeans were killed, and 270 wounded. The battle was loſt on the ſide of the negroes for want of fire arms and ammunition, as they defended themſelves with uncommon bravery till their powder and ſhot were expended, and then made an admirable retreat, notwithſtanding a briſk fire from ten field pieces, which the Portugueſe had.

Cracow, March 28. Many of the Princes, Palatines, Staroſts, &c. have lately arrived with large trains of followers, conſiderably more than uſually attend thoſe Noblemen at the holding of a Grand Diet; and they are daily joined by a number of the regular forces of Poland. Prince Czartoryſki, Great Chancellor of Lithuania, the primate of Poland, the Chancellor, the Grand Marſhal, and other Noblemen, are juſt arrived, and we hear his Poliſh Majeſty is ſoon expected.

Hague, April 2. Several memorials have been lately delivered to their High Mightineſſes from the Court of Madrid, reſpecting ſome illicit practices of the officers of Dutch ſhips in the harbours of Spain, which the ſtates have long promiſed to rectify, but whether through inattention or connivance, the ſame practices have ſtill been continued; and at laſt produced a very ſpirited memorial from the King of Spain, that if any Dutch officer ſhall be found guilty of conveying any of the coin of Spain out of that Kingdom, without paying the cuſtomary duties, he ſhall be puniſhed by the Spaniſh laws, and the ſhip ſhall be confiſcated.

Paris, April 2. Lord Stormont, Ambaſſador from England, arrived the 29th ult. from London, and the day after his arrival had a long conference with the Duc d'Aiguillon, Secretary of State for foreign affairs.

By the LORD HYDE *Packet, Captain* GODDARD, *arrived at* NEW-YORK *from* FALMOUTH, *we have the following Intelligence.*

ROME, March 18.

THE Pope held a ſecret conſiſtory the 15th inſt. in which he created two Cardinals of the order of Deacons, viz. M. M. Antonio Caſali, a Roman, and governor of Rome, and Paſcal Aquaviva, a Neapolitan and preſident of the legation of Urbino. He likewiſe created a Cardinal Prieſt, M. Gennaro Dei Simoni, of the Duchy of Renewent, Canon of St. Peter, and his auditor.

Warſaw, March 24. Thirty-two of the accomplices in the attempt againſt the life of the King, on the 3d of Nov. 1771, are ſummoned to appear at the Tribunal of the Diet within the term of ſix weeks and three days.

The laſt letters from the Frontiers of Turkey adviſe, that the Turks have, during the armiſtice, conſiderably augmented their forces both by land and ſea, and have learnt their troops a new exerciſe, which they have been reconciled to by a certain foreign power, notwithſtanding their ancient prejudices. Theſe letters further add, that the Ottoman army ſeems to be in a very good diſpoſition to begin the campaign, and promiſe themſelves ſome ſignalizing victories, if circumſtances require their entering the field again. The courier, which is expected to arrive here the 27th inſt. from Buchareſt, is to be the meſſenger of war or peace being concluded upon between the Belligerant powers.

LONDON, *March* 31.

They write from Spain, that fourteen ſhips, bound to the Spaniſh Weſt-Indies, failed from Cadiz the 24th of laſt month, accompanied by two men of war of 74 guns, one of which, bound to the South-Seas, is worth upwards of 300,000l. ſterling.

Extract of a letter from Liverpool, March 26.

"The Betty, Cragg, which arrived here yeſterday, took up, in lat. 38. 4, long. 54. Weſt, the crew of the ſhip Herbert, Capt. Chevers, from Piſcataqua to Antigua."

Lord Townſhend is ſaid to have wrote a very polite and affectionate letter to a Noble Lord on his recovery, wherein he diſclaims the leaſt intention of offending him.

The report of a Treaty being on foot between our Court and that of Verſailles, we are aſſured is wholly groundleſs. The French Miniſtry are as averſe to entering into a war as our Miniſtry can be; ſo far, indeed, they may be ſaid to act in conjunction.

Extract of a letter from Geneva, March 12.

"M. de Voltaire keeps his bed, and is dangerouſly ill. The cauſe of his diſorder is ſaid to be his having exerted himſelf in an extraordinary manner in the production of a poem againſt M. Falconer, a counſellor at Paris, upon the occaſion of a cauſe which had excited the attention of that city."

April 3. Yeſterday the Hon. Mr. Stanhope, nearly related to the late Earl of Cheſterfield, attended the Levee at St. James's, and delivered up the Enſigns of the Order of the Garter, which his Lordſhip had for many years been inveſted with.

Lord Harcourt, from his liberal behaviour and punctuality in the *routine* of his buſineſs, is greatly reſpected in our ſiſter kingdom; but it is greatly apprehended by the ſtaunch politicians, he is commiſſioned by Adminiſtration thereto purſue the plan of his predeceſſor.

Extract of a letter from Newlyn, March 29.

"On the 24th and 25th inſtant, a large brig of about 250 tons, was off the Land's End; the crew was ſelling the cargo, which conſiſted of indigo, wine, cotton, ſugar, and coffee, for what any one would give for it. It is ſuppoſed they have murdered the Captain, and run away with the veſſel. A Cuſtom-Houſe ſmack examined her, when the pretended Captain ſhewed his papers, by which it appeared, that the cargo was taken in at Bourdeaux, and conſigned for Hambro'; he further told, that he carried a cargo of coals from Whitby to Bourdeaux. I cannot learn to what part of England the veſſel belongs, but ſhe is North Country built. You may depend upon the above facts, as a Tideſman of Mouſhole was pilot on this coaſt; the veſſel went up channel the 26th, and landed him at the Lizard."

April 5. Yeſterday being Palm Sunday, the Archbiſhop of York preached before their Majeſties at the Chapel royal, St. James's. The ſword of ſtate was carried by Lord Willoughby de Broke.

It is expected that Lord Clive will enter into a full juſtification of his conduct this day relative to Eaſt India affairs.

Extract of a letter from Peterſburgh, March 23.

"His highneſs the Grand Duke of Ruſſia, is very ſoon to ſet out for the Grand Duchy of Lithuania, where he is to take upon himſelf the command of all the Ruſſian army in the Poliſh dominions."

We have advice from Algiers, that a rich Jew broker was lately ſtrangled there by order of the Dey, on a violent ſuſpicion of carrying on a ſecret correſpondence, by means of which ſeveral rich prizes had eſcaped the Algerine corſairs cruiſing in the Mediterranean.

By a perſon juſt arrived from France we have advice, that an epidemical fever has carried off vaſt numbers of people at Rochfort, where it ſtill rages with great violence.

The Otter ſloop is ordered to ſail immediately, with an expreſs to the Governor of Gibraltar.

Letters from Dublin declare, that Mr. B——ll's arm has not yet been amputated, but is in ſo dangerous a way, that the faculty have pronounced the operation muſt take place, unleſs an extraordinary effort of nature occurs.

The above gentleman, we are aſſured, is not more than ſix-and-thirty years of age, and has *already* fought no fewer than *ſeventeen* duels!

A gentleman juſt returned from Ireland informs us, that the linen manufactories in that country are almoſt at an entire ſtand, and that leſs linen was exported laſt year for England than in any preceeding one within the memory of man.

There is a letter in town that gives an account, that a Spaniſh ſhip, whoſe crew conſiſted partly of Daniſh and Norwegian ſailors, ſet out the 1ſt of May, 1772, from Cape Blanco de St. Sebaſtian, in lat. 43, 30. N. and 120 W. of the meridian of London, and ſteering a north weſt courſe, did, on the 20th of July, arrive at the bottom of a gulph not unlike that of Bothnia, or Finland; that the inhabitants in their perſons greatly reſembled the Tartars, ſpoke their language, and told an interpreter that the tradition was, that their anceſtors had come from the weſt by the bottom of that very bay where they now were.

April 7. On Monday the Prince of Wales, the Biſhop of Oſnaburgh, and ſeveral of the young Princes, paid a viſit to the Earl of Holderneſs, at his houſe in Herford-ſtreet, where they dined, and in the evening returned to the Queen's Palace.

Yeſterday the Duke of Cumberland and his Dutcheſs removed from Cumberland Houſe to their ſeat at Windſor Lodge for the ſummer.

It is reported that the Pruſſian Ambaſſador is ſuddenly recalled from this kingdom, and it is ſaid occaſioned by the treaty lately negotiated between Great Britain, Spain, and France.

They write from Madrid, that a Nobleman of great diſtinction has been lately ſeized and confined there, but on what account is at preſent not publickly known.

They alſo write from Madrid, that the powder magazines at Oran were ſet on fire by accident, and blown up, and nine perſons periſhed.

Extract of a letter from Madrid, March 4.

"The Spaniſh Miniſtry ſeem to entertain a great diſtruſt of the French Court's deſigns in the Eaſt-Indies, and in conſequence are taking every precaution in their power to oppoſe them. The greateſt encouragement is offered by his moſt Catholick Majeſty to ſuch merchants who ſhall fit out ſhips to trade from Old Spain to the Eaſt-Indies, and to ſecure the commerce, a ſquadron of eight ſail of the line, and two frigates, &c. are to be added to the naval force now in the Indian ſeas. Theſe ſhips are now fitting out at Carthagena and Cadiz; on board of them four regiments of foot are to embark, to relieve ſome of the garriſons in the Philippines."

A letter from Warſaw, dated the 17th ult. ſays, "The Ruſſian troops are increaſing every day in this reſidence, where the number is already ſo conſiderable, that the Jews are even obliged to lodge a part of them. The King ſeems to be greatly affected at the reſolution taken by ſeveral Magnats to abandon their country for ever."

Extract of a letter from Vienna, March 25.

"The right which his Imperial Majeſty has claimed of the inveſtiture of all the Biſhops in the Hereditary dominions, is much contended by his holineſs the Pope; who has employed every means to turn aſide the Emperor from his purpoſe, ſenſible that ſuch a meaſure will ſtrike at the baſis of Papal power, as every Catholic potentate will follow ſo great an example; the Pope, has made every conceſſion, has uſed every inſinuating art, but all in vain. His imperial Majeſty is reſolved, and has already nominated three Biſhops in Bohemia, and two in Hungary, and is about to inveſt the Archbiſhoprick of Gran, in the laſt mentioned kingdom, in the Biſhop of Cremnetz."

Advices from Genoa mention a dangerous inſurrection of the natives of Corſica, in which many of the French troops fell.

Extract of a letter from Berlin, March 27.

"The new raiſed troops, together with the mercenaries lately hired from the Elector of Saxony, and other German Princes, are to be reviewed by his Pruſſian Majeſty the latter end of this month at Marienwerder, and immediately after are to march for Poliſh Pruſſia, where they are to be cantoned. The King ſtill maintains, proſecutes, and moſt likely will compaſs his deſign of being a maritime power, for that purpoſe he governs the city of Dantzic at preſent with a light hand, (though he is effectually arbitrary Sovereign of that city) and offers great encouragements to thoſe who carry on the commerce there."

Yeſterday morning arrived a mail from New-York, which was brought by the Duke of Cumberland packet, Capt. Goodridge, after a fine paſſage of thirty-two days from New-York to Falmouth.

Capt. Nightley, of the Martin, who arrived in the river on Sunday from Nevis, ſpoke with the Fanny, Lamburn, for Virginia, in lat. 45 : 30, long. 29, all well.

Letters from Thorn, in Poliſh Pruſſia, inform, that an epidemic diſtemper had broke out among the troops of Brandenburgh, by which ſeveral are carried off daily.

A Gentleman at the weſt end of the town has invented a liquid, which we hear is to be tried in one of his Majeſty's dock-yards in a ſhort time, for preventing ſhips or houſes from taking fire, by uſing it in the ſame manner as varniſh; if any timber or wainſcot be prepared with it, it will not take fire.

April 8. It was ſtrongly reported this day that the King of Pruſſia has demanded of England, the ſum of 300,000l. which has been due to him ever ſince the laſt war, according to treaty, and if his demands are not complied with, has ordered his ambaſſador to return home.

The frequent and long conferences which the French and Spaniſh Ambaſſadors continue to hold with our Miniſtry, have given riſe to a conjecture that ſome buſineſs of a very important nature is now negociating between the three courts. Some even go ſo far as to affirm that a tripartite alliance will be concluded, if certain northern powers ſhould make any further attempts to deſtroy the balance of power in Europe.

A great Perſon was lately heard to declare, that the many diſtreſſing events which have happened in his own family have never given him ſo much trouble as the unhappy party diſſentions which have ſo long prevailed among his ſubjects.

Letters from Madrid inform, that the King never goes from his palace without being attended by a very ſtrong guard, ſeveral circumſtances having appeared which give room to ſuſpect that ſome bad deſign had been formed by the friends of the Jeſuits, whoſe effects were lately ſeized by his Majeſty's order.

They write from Conſtantinople, that a ſmart action had happened near the Iſthmus of the Crimea, between a large body of Ruſſians and Tartars, in which the former were beat from the intrenchments which they had too precipitately attacked, and that with the loſs of a thouſand men, and three field pieces.

Letters from Bengall mention the Suttonian Method of Inoculation having been adopted in China and moſt of the Britiſh European Settlements, with great ſucceſs.

A Correſpondent ſays the Pruſſian M—r was heard to ſay, on the evening before his unexpected departure, that his maſter would ſoon do by Hanover as he had done by Poland, if our Court did not remain quiet reſpecting his Conduct towards the latter.

A letter from Hamburgh mentions, that a Prince of the empire had very lately declared his intention of renouncing the Proteſtant Religion, and becoming a Roman Catholick.

The laſt advices from Italy ſay, the King of Sardinia has referred his demands on the Milaneſe to his holineſs; and that the Emperor has agreed to the arbitration.

Lord Harcourt we hear has enſured his Popularity the other ſide of the water, by declaring that he will not ſupport any ſchemes but ſuch as are apparently for the intereſt of the publick.

April 9. Yeſterday the Houſe of Commons broke up at four o'clock and adjourned to Tueſday, the 20th inſt.

The Houſe of Peers is adjourned to Tueſday the 27th inſtant.

Yeſterday when the ſpeaker, after conſulting Lord North, was going to adjourn the Houſe, Mr. Cavendiſh propoſed Wedneſday inſtead of Tueſday, with which the former acquainted his Lordſhip; but the firſt intention, after a general flow of good humour, took place.

The expences on the Selby navigation are eſtimated at the loweſt to amount to above 100 l. per day, one of the counſel having been retained at no leſs than ſixty guineas a week for above theſe ten weeks paſt.

The Pruſſian Miniſter's ſudden and unexpected departure on Wedneſday was not leſs ſurpriſing than his Excellency's unexpected arrival yeſterday at St. James's at two o'clock, when, without being dreſſed, he waited on his Majeſty, and had the honour of a long conference, which cauſed much ſpeculation.

A large ſnow, Capt. Hunter, from Virginia to Glaſgow, was loſt in the Miſen-head, near Wicklow, on Monday or Tueſday laſt, and every perſon on board periſhed. One hogſhead of tobacco, the long boat, part of the veſſel, and ſome of the Captain's papers, are ſince come on ſhore.

The Fortune, Roach, from Philadelphia to Cadiz, is loſt at Cadiz, and all the crew periſhed.

Two men were tried laſt Saturday at Kingſton for a highway robbery, when one was acquitted, and the other found guilty. The perſon who was acquitted, it is ſaid, went to a Magiſtrate laſt night, and delivered himſelf up, declaring upon oath that he committed the robbery, and that the other, who now lies under ſentence of death for the ſame, knew nothing of it, and was entirely innocent.

Private letters from Holland adviſe, that a foreigner, ſuppoſed to be of rank, was ſeized at Amſterdam, by order of the ſtates. Among his papers, which were likewiſe ſeized and tranſmitted to the Hague, it is ſaid ſome memorials were found of the greateſt conſequence to the peace of Europe.

A private letter ſays, that the King of Pruſſia has given orders for 30,000 of his beſt troops to hold themſelves in readineſs to march upon immediate notice.

On Wedneſday night a meſſenger was ſent to Falmouth, with ſome diſpatches to be forwarded by a packet to Lord Charles Greville Montague, Governor of South-Carolina.

A French ſhip from St. Domingo, laden with muſkets, gunpowder, and Indian ſtores, bound to the Miſſiſſippi, has been run aſhore on the Florida coaſt, to the weſtward of the Cape, and loſt, with moſt of her cargo.

Extract of a letter from Stockholm, March 31.

" His Swediſh Majeſty has given particular orders that the iſlands in the Baltic, under the dominion of Sweden, ſhall be put in a ſtate of defence with all poſſible ſpeed, eſpecially the iſles of Gothland, Aland, and Rugen ; in the firſt of which the harbour of the city of Viſburg, that has for many years been in a very bad condition, being choaked with ſand, and the piers deſtroyed, is to be cleanſed out, and new piers fixed ; the fortifications are likewiſe to be repaired, as it is his Majeſty's intention to lay up ſome of the royal navy there, as well as at Carelſcroon."

April 10. The call of the Houſe, which Lord North moved for on Wedneſday laſt, it is ſaid, was occaſioned by ſome diſpatches of conſequence lately received from Vienna and Berlin.

Thurſday night one of his Majeſty's meſſengers arrived at the Secretary's office, with diſpatches from Madrid, which are ſaid to bring an account that the King of Spain had ſigned a treaty of alliance between France and England. And the ſame night another meſſenger arrived from Holland, with advice that the Dutch refuſed entering into the ſaid treaty, being determined to ſtand neuter.

On Thurſday, after breaking up of a Board of Admiralty, ſome freſh inſtructions were ſent to the commiſſioners of Plymouth, Portſmouth, Chatham and Sheerneſs.

Orders are given to the officers of the three regiments of foot guards to compleat their complement of men, that they may be trained and exerciſed, previous to their being reviewed by his Majeſty.

The Delawar, Jolly, from Salonica to Conſtantinople, was loſt the 18th of February laſt, in a violent ſtorm, in the Archipelago ; but the people were ſaved.

It is ſtrongly reported that ſome deſigns of the French and Spaniards have been diſcovered by a Britiſh Miniſter at the Court of another power, to be forming againſt ſome parts of Italy, which will produce ſome deſperate meaſures.

It is a melancholy truth, that with the moſt extenſive commerce, Britiſh ſailors, to avoid ſtarving, are conſtrained to ſubmit to ſlavery in foreign kingdoms.

April 12. Letters from Copenhagen, contradict the late report of the King's intended new marriage.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman, dated Naples, March 16.

" As your papers will poſſibly be filled with a great number of lies about a moſt miraculous event that paſſed here laſt night, I think you will not be ſorry to have ſome authentic account of it. There was a large converſation laſt night at my Lord Tylney's, of near 200 people, moſt of whom were at play in the different rooms, which are very large, and all as uſual with the doors open, when on a ſudden there was an inſtantaneous report in the rooms, equal to that of a cannon, and a moſt violent flaſh of lightning at the ſame moment, which diffuſed itſelf not only in every room but through the whole houſe, both above ſtairs and below, and every body thought the exploſion was in the room where they were ; but the moſt providential and extraordinary thing of all was, that though there were ſo many people, not one of them received the ſlighteſt ſcratch, owing to the wires and the great gildings there were in the rooms ; gold, it ſeems, being equal to the attraction of iron, as is evident by ſome of the fire having played upon a heap of gold that was lying before a gentleman dealing at *Vingt-un*, which did him no harm, and only covered him with gold duſt as fine as powder. Several had their hearing and ſight affected for ſome minutes, but ſoon recovered. The gilding was univerſally torn and blackened all round the houſe; but they cannot find out either where the lightning firſt entered, or where it made its exit."

Extract of a letter from Gibraltar, March 2.

" We have juſt received advice here of a ſmart engagement which happened on the 19th ult. off Oran between two Ruſſian frigates, one of 30, and the other of 28 guns, and ſix Algerine gallies, who boarded the Ruſſians, miſtaking them for merchant ſhips, as they had hoiſted Portugueſe colours, but were ſoon convinced of their miſtake, and forced to retire on board their own veſſels with great loſs, where they maintained the fight for ſome time with their uſual degree of obſtinacy, but being briſkly fired on by the Ruſſians, and two of the gallies making the two of them affected and the other two fell into the hands of the victorious Ruſſians."

A perſon juſt arrived from St. Auguſtine ſays, that the Hope, Bye, from Sierraleon, with 200 ſlaves, had ſtruck upon the Bar, and a high ſea running, ſhe ſoon beat to pieces, and ſixty three negroes were drowned.

On Tueſday laſt the Court of Aſſiſtants of the Diſtillers Company ordered a diſtribution of medals to their Corporation, as a means of aſcertaining the Livery in a Common-Hall, and on the other public occaſions.

The late Mr. Devereux Bowley, one of the people called Quakers, has left by will 6000l. to the London Hoſpital ; 6000l. to the Quakers Charity-ſchool, Clerkenwell ; 3000l. to St. Luke's Hoſpital ; 1000l. to St. Thomas's ; and 500. each to the Quakers Meetings in London ; beſides many ſmall legacies.

It is ſaid to be inſiſted on by our Court that a certain Ambaſſador be recalled, on account of a late extraordinary tranſaction, and that it has been notified to him that his appearance at Court will not be agreeable.

By a letter received on Saturday from a Gentleman at St. Peterſburgh, we are informed of the death of General Romanzow, and that her Imperial Majeſty has appointed General Rinlinger to command the army in his room, with a penſion of 32,000 roubles per annum.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, March 19.

" Mr. Bankes, celebrated for his voyage to the South Seas, together with the Hon. Charles Greville, ſecond ſon to the Earl of Warwick, are arrived at Rotterdam, and have aſſiſted at an aſſembly of the Batavian ſociety, who have conferred on them the title of correſpondents. The former of them propoſing to undertake a voyage towards the Arctic Pole, to make diſcoveries, has already waited on the moſt conſiderable merchants and navigators, to deſire them to communicate to him ſuch diſcoveries and obſervations as have been made by them as far as the 84th degree north latitude; and has promiſed, in return, to communicate to them all ſuch diſcoveries as ſhall be made by him in the courſe of his enterprize."

It is again reported, at the Weſt end of the town, that the Queen of Denmark is really expected in London about the middle of the enſuing ſummer, but that her Majeſty will only come upon a viſit for a few months.

We hear that above a thouſand letters are lately arrived from the Eaſt-Indies, ſome of which bring news not very agreeable.

Friday a collection of old black letter ballads, in three volumes folio, was ſold at Mr. Langford's ſale of Mr. Weſt's books, to Major Pearſon, for the ſum of 20l.

PHILADELPHIA, *June* 7.

Extract of a letter from London, dated April 8.

" It is now pretty certain that the Tea act will be repealed.—A war on the continent is much ſpoke of in the city, though Lord North has given no intimation of it : I hope the report is without foundation, yet there ſeems to be ſome reaſon to apprehend it."

Captain Young, from Briſtol, on the 23d of April, in lat. 44 : 45, long. 19. ſpoke the ſhip Sally, Capt. Covil, from this port for Liſbon, out 4 weeks, all well : On the 20th ult. in lat. 38 : 43, long. 64 : 30, ſpoke a ſhip, from Jamaica for Briſtol, out 5 weeks, all well ; and on the 28th, in lat. 38 : 3, long. 69 : 50, ſpoke a ſnow from Baltimore for Belfaſt, out 3 days, all well.

Captain Bohannon, from North-Carolina, on the 30th ult. in lat. 36 : 30, long. 74 : 40, ſpoke the ſchooner Becky, Capt. Harris, from this port for Georgia, out 5 days, all well.

Captain Genſell, from St. Croix, on the 20th ult. in lat. 30 : 49, long. 71 : 40, ſpoke the ſhip Fame, from Charleſtown for Jamaica, out 4 days ; and on the 26th, in lat. 34 : 49, long. 72 : 30, ſpoke a ſloop from Dominica for Virginia, out 14 days, all well.

Captain Loxley, from London, on the 20th ult. in lat. 35 : 15, long. 59 : 30, ſpoke a brig, Capt. Philpott, from Caſco Bay, for Tobago, out 18 days : On the 28th, in lat. 38 : 14, long. 70 : 41, ſpoke a ſchooner, from Salem for Dominica : On the 29th, in lat. 37 : 25, long. 72, ſpoke a ſloop, from Africa for Briſtol ; and on the 1ſt inſt. in lat. 38 : 42, long. 74 : 20, ſpoke a ſchooner, from Turks Iſland for New-London.—The ſhip Cæſar, Capt. Miller, and the ſhip Charming Molly, Capt. Gill, both belonging to this port, arrived in the Downs the 13th of April, after a paſſage of 45 days from Jamaica.

Captain Wright from South-Carolina, on the 28th ult. in lat. 33, long. 76 : 30, ſpoke a ſhip from Africa for Charleſtown, out 11 weeks, but it blowing hard could not learn who ſhe was.

With Capt. Wright came paſſengers, Col. Howard and family, Dr. Morgan, Mr. Stephen Moylan, Merchant, and ſeveral other gentlemen.

Captain Simmons, from Barbados, on the 23d ult. in lat. 22 : 44, long. 62 : 19, ſpoke a ſloop from New-York for Grenada, out 21 days ; and on the 3d inſt. in lat. 39 : 54, long. 74: 20, ſpoke a ſchooner, from New-York for North-Carolina, out 4 days —Capt. Allen, was to ſail in 3 days after Capt. Simmons, for this port.

On Wedneſday laſt was married, Mr. HENRY HILL, to Miſs NANCY MEREDITH, daughter of Mr. Reeſe Meredith, Merchant, of this city.

Laſt Thurſday night the Rev. Mr. GEBHARD, of Worceſter Townſhip, Philadelphia County, was married to Miſs POLLY GARBER of this city.

pected in this city from Williamſburgh in Virginia, on the 20th of June, and may be conſulted as uſual in all the diſorders of the eyes, ears, and organs of ſpeech, at his houſe, the corner of Fifth and Market-ſtreets.

⁂ The Doctor's ſtay in Philadelphia will not be long; therefore thoſe perſons who have occaſion for aſſiſtance, will be pleaſed to apply immediately.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Betſy,	B. Towers,	North-Carolina,
Sloop Molly,	E. Rogers,	Boſton,
Sch. Nancy,	J. Bohannon,	North-Carolina,
Brig P. of Wales,	T. Maſon,	South-Carolina,
Brig Charleſt. Pac.	S. Wright,	South-Carolina,
Sl. Three Brothers,	W. Culmer,	New-Providence,
Brig Content,	D. Wilkinſon,	Barbados,
Sloop Kitty,	G. Catton,	Hiſpaniola,
Sloop Suſanna,	Z. Williams,	Hiſpaniola,
Sch. Pompey,	J. Leeds,	Hiſpaniola,
Sloop Tryal,	T. Crippen,	Hiſpaniola,
Sloop Saturday,	N. Hindman,	Hiſpaniola,
Brig Lowther,	M. Power,	Barbados,
Sch. Antigua Pac.	J. Merry,	Antigua,
Brig Betſey,	C. Jenkins,	Grenadoes,
Brig Molly,	J. Lightburn,	Barbados,
Br. Prs. of Orange,	H. Norris,	Anguilla,
Sloop Adrian,	J. Genſell,	St. Croix,
Sloop Polly,	N. Saltonſtall,	Guadaloupe,
Sh. K. of Portugal,	R. Bulkeley,	Liſbon,
Ship Sally,	S. Young,	Briſtol,
Brig Morning Star,	W. Price,	St. Croix,
Brig Rachel,	L. Simmons,	Barbados,
Sloop Peg. & Betſy,	D. Ferguſon,	New-York,
Ship Carolina,	B. Loxley,	London.

OUTWARDS.

Brig Lowther,	M. Power,	Barbados,
Brig Molly,	J. Lightburn,	Barbados,
Ship Pitt,	J. Cheeſman,	Madeira,
Sloop Kitty,	G. Catton,	Jamaica,
Sloop Catherine,	R. Torrens,	Maryland,
Sloop Suſanna,	Z. Williams,	Jamaica,
Sloop Adrian,	J. Genſell,	St. Croix.

CLEARED.

Brig Content,	S. Harvey,	Jamaica,
Ship Hope,	G. Gowland,	Jamaica,
Brig Norfolk,	W. Caſtle,	Liſbon,
Sloop Lively,	H. Johnſon,	Salem, N. E.
Ship Sally,	G. Gilbert,	Liſbon,
Sloop William,	J. Peck,	Virginia,
Sch. Mol. & Sally,	G. Slacum,	Dublin,
Brig Content,	D. Wilkinſon,	Barbados,
Ship Phœnix,	W. Gamble,	Maryland,
Sloop Suſanna,	Z. Williams,	Jamaica,
Sloop Saturday,	N. Hindman,	New-London,
Brig Three Broth.	D. Wilkins,	Jamaica.

PRICE CURRENT IN PHILADELPHIA.

	L.	*s.*	*d.*		*L.*	*s.*	*d.*
Flour, *per hund.*	0	17	6	Tar, *per barrel,*	0	12	6
White Bread,	3	0	0	Molaſſes, *per gal.*	0	1	9
Middling Biſket,	1	10	0	Weſt-India Rum,	0	3	4
Ship ditto,	0	17	6	Philadelphia do.	0	2	2
Rice, -	0	18	0	New England do.	0	2	2
Cotton, *per lb.*	0	1	3	Wheat, *per buſh.*	0	7	6
Bohea Tea, -	0	4	0	Indian Corn,	0	3	0
Hemp, -	0	0	5	Fine Salt,	0	1	9
Penſyl. Loaf Sug.	0	0	11	Pipe Staves, *p. th.*	9	0	0
Iriſh Beef, *per bar.*	3	7	6	Hogſhead do.	6	0	0
Country ditto -	3	2	6	Barrel do. -	3	0	0
Pork, -	4	7	6	Red Oak ditto,	4	0	0
Pitch,	0	18	0	Bar Iron, *p. ton,*	25	0	0
Turpentine, -	1	2	6	Pig Iron, -	7	10	0

* * *

LILLIPUT.

THIS EVENING, at ſix o'clock, will be ſold at the London Coffee-houſe,

A SMALL dwelling-houſe, with about three acres of land, nearly oppoſite to Glouceſter Point, known by the name of LILLIPUT.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT fourteen acres of meadow ground, in good order, either together or divided into lots of two or more acres, laying near Schuylkill Mouth, in Paſſyunk Townſhip : Any perſon inclining to view it may apply to William Chriſtie, at Joſeph Sims's place, near ſaid meadow. Alſo about ten acres of meadow ground, in good order, laying on Greenwich Iſland, adjoining Hollander's Creek : Any perſon inclining to view it may apply to Joſeph Johnſon, in Southwark. The purchaſers paying one half, may have a reaſonable time for the remainder, giving ſecurity if required, and paying intereſt. For further information apply to

ISAAC ZANE, or
JOHN PEMBERTON.

To be let on ground rent, or ſold, ſundry LOTS, on Mulberry and Eighth-ſtreets ; enquire of JOHN PEMBERTON, who continues to ſell Trenton STEEL, either in the bliſter or neatly drawn and faggoted.

Philadelphia, June 3, 1773.

ELIZABETH OLIVE, who left Cork about two years ago, is requeſted to give notice to the printer hereof where ſhe may be found by her brother SHEERS, who arrived here laſt week.

FOR CHARLESTOWN, IN S. CAROLINA,

THE BRIGANTINE
CHARLESTOWN PACKET,
SAMUEL WRIGHT, MASTER,

HAS good accommodations for paſſengers, and will ſail with all convenient ſpeed, having great part of her cargo ready to go on board. For freight or paſſage apply to URIAH WOOLMAN, WILLIAM SYKES, or ſaid maſter on board at Thomas Clifford's wharf.

WANTED,

A GOOD COOK, that underſtands kitchen buſineſs. Such a perſon, well recommended, may hear of a place by applying to the printer hereof.

Philadelphia, June 1, 1773.

TWENTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the ſubſcriber, living at Trenton Ferry, Bucks County, a negro man named STANHOPE, (formerly belonging to Robert Irwin, of Philadelphia) about ſix feet high, twenty four years of age, a ſtout well built fellow, had on when he went away, a good pair of buckſkin breeches, ſpotted flannel jacket with black ſpots and without ſleeves, and an old felt hat. Whoever takes up ſaid negro, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's gaols, or in the workhouſe in Philadelphia, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges paid by PATRICK COLVIN, at Trenton Ferry, or ROBERT IRWIN, in Philadelphia.

May 31, 1773.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Hopewell, Cumberland County, New-Jerſey, a ſervant man named JESSE MONEY, about thirty-three years of age, and about five feet eight or nine inches high, of a dark complexion, brown hair, round ſhouldered, and a down look; had on and took with him when he went away, a felt hat, a lightiſh coloured kerſey jacket, two oznabrigs ſhirts, one pair of tow trowſers, blue woollen ſtockings, and old ſhoes. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

ISAAC MULFORD.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe, and to be ſold, wholeſale and retail, on very low terms for caſh or ſhort credit, by

JOEL ZANE,

At his ſtore the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, three doors above Race-ſtreet,

A LARGE and neat aſſortment of ironmongery, cutlery, joiners braſs ware, and ſadlery; alſo brimſtone, chalk, antimony, bar lead, powder and ſhot, ſhoe rubbers, red and white lead, verdigreaſe, Spaniſh brown and whiting, ſtone oker, litharge, Pruſſian blue, vermillion, Venetian red, linſeed oyl, ground redwood, madder, allum, copperas, fuſtick, logwood, brazilletto, argol, galls, wool and cotton cards, writing-paper, ſealing wax, ink powder, gun flints, rozin, chalk lines, Engliſh and American glue, lampblack, ſeine twine, ſlates, hair ſieves, pewter diſhes, plates and ſpoons, clover and Timothy ſeeds, &. &c. &c.

FOUND,

ON Thurſday laſt, in the Jerſey Market, paper money, to the amount of ſix Dollars. Whoever has loſt the ſame, by applying to the printer, proving his property, and paying for advertiſing, may have it again.

New-Caſtle Goal, May 21*ſt*, 1773.

WAS committed into my cuſtody, on the 19th inſt. two Negro wenches, viz. SUSANNAH, about twenty-four years of age, the other called PHEOBE, about eight years old, who ſay they are the property of Mr. JAMES WALLACE, near the Head of Elk; if ſo, their maſter is requeſted to come, pay charges and take them away.

ROBERT MACK, GOALER.

ALL PERSONS having any accounts againſt the eſtate of JOHN PETTY, deceaſed, are deſired to bring them in properly proved to the ſubſcribers, as they are about making a final ſettlement of ſaid eſtate, as they will otherways be excluded, and thoſe indebted are deſired to diſcharge the ſame to prevent trouble.

JEREMIAH WARDER, }
THOMAS SAY. } Executors.

WANTS A PLACE,

As a WET NURSE,

A WOMAN with a good breaſt of milk, who can be well recommended. Enquire of JACOB BARGE, in Market-ſtreet, the corner of Fifth-ſtreet.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,

Has juſt imported in the Matty, Captain Cochran, from Glaſgow,

A LARGE aſſortment of ſilk gauzes, lawns and kentings, of the neweſt patterns, with a variety of other articles; alſo a large aſſortment of books.

TO BE SOLD, BY

PELATIAH WEBSTER,

CHOICE WEST-INDIA, NEWBURY, and BOSTON RUM, pickled ſalmon in kegs, put up in the beſt manner, a neat aſſortment of Boſton ſhoes, of excellent quality and variety of colours, ſealſkins, Barcelona handkerchiefs of all colours, POT-ASH KETTLES, boilers containing about fifteen gallons, iron tea kettles, COCOA, chocolate, PEPPER, clover ſeed, lamp and tanners oil, and blubber, a few tierces of brown ſugar, raiſins in kegs, COTTON, molaſſes, cod-fiſh; BAR-IRON by the larger or ſmaller quantity; a parcel of STEEL of the beſt quality, and a few dozen of New-England ſcythes.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT twenty tons of good white-oak Timber, now lying at Burdenton, from 16 inches to 24 inches ſquare, and 6 and a half feet long; it may be delivered in this city in five days, by applying to the printer hereof.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Tinicum Townſhip, Bucks County, on the 27th inſtant, May, an Iriſh ſervant man named JOHN RULLEGE, but very likely may change his name; he is about five feet eight or nine inches high, has black ſtraight hair which he ſometimes wears tied, a fair complexion, very talkative, has the brogue on his tongue, and pretends to underſtand painting and glazing: He took with him a brown coat with ſhalloon lining and brown buttons, one white ditto, with lincey lining and white metal buttons, but it is not known which he had on when he went away; a wilton jacket, a red and white ditto, white breeches, two pair of blue ſtockings, one of which was ribbed, a pair of white cotton ſtockings half worn, new ſhoes, round copper buckles, a fine ſhirt, two coarſe homeſpun ſhirts, a pair of homeſpun ſhirting trowſers, two pair of tow trowſers, and a new felt hat; he alſo took with him a white woollen blanket. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

JOHN PATTERSON.

Baltimore, May 21ſt, 1773.

DANIEL GRANT,

Who lately kept TAVERN at the ſign of the BUCK near PHILADELPHIA,

BEGS leave to inform the PUBLICK, that he hath opened an INN and TAVERN, at the ſign of the FOUNTAIN, in that large and commodious houſe, lately built by Mr. GOUGH, in Baltimore-ſtreet, BALTIMORE-TOWN.

He hath provided every thing for the accommodation of Gentlemen, their ſervants, and horſes in the beſt manner, and thoſe who chooſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may be aſſured of his beſt endeavours to merit their approbation: He takes this opportunity of returning his moſt grateful thanks to the Gentlemen who did him the honour to frequent his former houſe, and as it ſhall ever be his ſtudy to pleaſe, he hopes for a continuance of their favours.

Philadelphia, May 24, 1773.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RUNAWAY laſt night from the ſubſcriber, living in New-Providence townſhip, Philadelphia county, an Engliſh ſervant man named LEONARD BROOM, about thirty-three years of age, five feet ſix inches high, wears his own ſhort brown hair: Had on, when he went away, a light coloured cloth coat, with ſide pockets, and a collar, black velvet jacket, brown pluſh breeches, a white ſhirt, with a black handkerchief about his neck, worſted ſtockings, a common wool hat flapped at both ſides, and good ſhoes, with buckles in them; he followed gardening in England, and talks much of it. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward and reaſonable charges, paid by

JAMES VAUX.

Philadelphia, May 29, 1773.

NOTICE is hereby given, that BARBARY my wife has eloped from my bed, without any manner of reaſon, and I hereby deſire that no perſon will truſt her on my account, for I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting from the date hereof.

THOMAS EADES.

WRITING TAUGHT CHEAP,

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber has been for twenty years paſt in the practice and employ of an Engliſh ſchool-maſter, in different cities and countries, with general approbation, and in which time he has acquired an expeditious method of teaching the round text; he can with aſſurance inform the public, that he engages to teach thoſe who are intruſted to his care in ſuch a manner, that they ſhall improve as much in three months as is commonly done in ſix, and that not only for the firſt three months, but during their ſtay with him, provided they never wrote any, nor were neglected in the moſt eſſential methods of handling the pen or ſitting to write, (which neglect is too often the caſe) and alſo that they be not too young; any gentleman or gentlemen that ſhould doubt this, may be fully convinced by calling at his ſchool-room in Second-ſtreet, below the Bridge, near Mr. Iſaac Snowden's; and as he has not been much above twelve months in town, he thinks the making this more known than it is, a duty he owes both to his family and the public, eſpecially as his ſalary for writing and arithmetic is no more than twelve ſhillings and ſix-pence per quarter: He would alſo gladly wait on any gentlemen or ladies who would chooſe to employ him at their houſes on ſtated hours, to teach writing or poſt their accompts: He alſo teaches arithmetic both vulgar and decimal, extraction of roots, menſuration of ſuperficies and ſolids, gauging, ſurveying, and from a long practice both in the ſchool and compting-houſe, will engage to perfect a theoriſt in the niceſt method of Dr. and Cr. or art of book-keeping, which is ſeldom done, and for which he will have four pounds, one half to be paid entrance, and the other half when finiſhed. At leiſure hours he likewiſe makes razor-ſtraps of ſuch uſe that they ſerve all the purpoſes of ſtrap, hone, oil and grinding for many years are inſured on the printed directions on each, and can be recommended by ſeveral of the moſt eminent gentlemen in this city who hath bought of them. Any gentlemen or ladies who chooſe to employ him as above, ſhall be gladly and faithfully ſerved, by their humble ſervant,

DANIEL CAMPBELL.

THE perſon who borrowed a pair of ſaddle bags of JONATHAN ZANE, is deſired to return them.

April 20, 1773.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE,

On the Tenth of JUNE next,

ALL the REAL ESTATE belonging to the BUSH RIVER IRON WORKS COMPANY, at the head of Buſh River, in Baltimore County, Maryland, now laid out in the following lots for conveniency of ſale.

No. 1. The PRINCIPAL SEAT, containing about fifty acres of land, on which is an iron furnace (not in uſe,) a merchant mill and ſaw mill, on a very fine ſtream of water, with the mill race and dam; about twenty acres of the land is very good improved meadow, and moſt of the fifty acres may be watered from the race, and is very rich. There are divers ſmall houſes, out-houſes, &c. on this lot, which is pleaſantly ſituated at Buſh Town. The ſtream is capable of manufacturing thirty thouſand buſhels of wheat per annum, is in an extraordinary fine wheat country, and about 45 miles diſtant from York Town in Pennſylvania, to which is a very good road. The mills and furnace are ſituated at the head of navigable water, and the flour barrels may be rolled out of the mill into the craft, and tranſported from thence by water to Baltimore Town, on the Head of Elk, about 30 miles equal diſtance, at 9*d.* per barrel.

No. 2. A tract of land called Coomb's Adventure, on Patapſco River, about 2 miles diſtant from Baltimore Town; contains by eſtimation one hundred and ſeventy five acres. On this land is one of the beſt banks of iron ore in the province, and is very valuable from its ſituation, and many other conveniencies; it lays high, and a veſſel of 200 tons burthen may come cloſe to the ſhore, and is a fine place for a gentleman's ſeat.

No. 3 and 5. Contain about ſeven acres of land, adjoining Buſh Town, between the Furnace Race and Bynam's Run; is pleaſantly ſituated on the main road, and very convenient for building on.

No. 4. Contains three acres of the ſame ſort of land, on the other ſide the race.

No. 6. Is a lot of one acre of the ſame land adjoining.

No. 7. Is a lot of ſeven acres, adjoining Buſh Town, below the old race and the dam; valuable meadow ground.

No. 8. Contains about twenty-five acres, near Buſh Town, on the weſt ſide of Bynam's Run, below the dam; ſome of it fine meadow ground.

No. 9. Contains about thirty-one acres, above the dam, adjoining lands of James Mathers; part of it good meadow ground.

No. 10. Contains about five acres, between the race and the run.

No. 16. Contains about two hundred and thirty acres, at the north end of a tract of land called Nova-Scotia; very good land and well timbered.

No. 17. Contains about two hundred and ſeventy acres, part of the ſame tract; very fine land, about twelve acres of valuable meadow ground, and well timbered.

No. 18. About one hundred and thirty acres, part of the ſame tract; very good land, with a ſufficient quantity of meadow ground.

No. 19. About one hundred and twenty one acres, part of a tract of land called Abbot's Forreſt, about thirty acres of which is ſome of the beſt meadow ground in the province, which, together with the upland, is exceedingly well timbered, with white oak, poplar, aſh, &c.

No. 20 and 21. About one hundred and ten acres, part of the aforeſaid tract called Nova-Scotia, on the weſt ſide of James's Run, near Buſh Town; part of it good meadow ground.

No. 22. About one hundred and twenty acres, part of two tracts near Buſh Town; part of it rich bottom.

No. 23. About eighty acres, part of a tract of land called Friendſhip, pleaſantly ſituated between the main road and James Webſter's plantation, about one mile from Buſh Town.

No. 24. Is a griſt mill and ſtone mill-houſe, with twenty acres of condemned land, on a good ſtream of water, adjoining Buſh Town, one quarter of a mile from tide water, and near the main road.

No. 25. Is a wharf on Buſh River, for conveniency of veſſels loading and unloading near the town.

No. 26. About twenty-eight acres, part of the aforeſaid tract of land called Nova-Scotia, near or on Buſh River.

No. 27. About nine acres, called Broken Iſlands, on Buſh River.

No. 28. About ſixty-one acres, part of a tract of land called Friendſhip, ſouth-eaſt of lands of Hannah Richardſon's.

No. 29. About one hundred and eighty acres, part of ditto lands, on the main road near Buſh Town.

No. 31. About one hundred and thirty four acres of land, about four miles from Buſh Town, pleaſantly ſituated on the main road, and ſome of it cultivated.

No. 32. About three hundred acres of land, part of two tracts, on which is a good plantation, an orchard of good fruit, and great proſpect of iron ore.

All the above lands (except the lot No. 2, called Coomb's Adventure) are ſituated at and near Buſh Town, and none of them are more than four or five miles diſtant from navigable water. The ſale to be held at Joſeph Stiles's, at Buſh Town. Reaſonable credit will be given the purchaſers, on giving bond with approved ſecurity. The premiſes may be viewed any time before the day of ſale, and the ſeveral lots above deſcribed ſhewn, by applying to ISAAC WEBSTER, near Buſh Town, WILLIAM COX for JACOB GILES, or THOMAS BOND, ſon of JOHN. Further information reſpecting the premiſes may alſo be had by applying to THOMAS CLIFFORD, in Philadelphia.

N. B. As the Buſh River Company have but lately purchaſed the iron bank on lot No. 2, called Coomb's Adventure, and the iron ore on lot No. 32 (two miles diſtant from the furnace) has been but very lately diſcovered, ſhould any one perſon, or two or three in company, incline to purchaſe the whole and carry on the works, the furnace has all the advantages from ſituation and conveniency, as can be found at any one place in the province, and could not fail of making money faſt, provided the partners were unanimouſly engaged to conduct the ſame agreeable thereto, and the furnace ſtack is allowed to be ſtaunch and good.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by JOHN DUNLAP, at the NEWEST PRINTING-OFFICE, in MARKET-STREET, where Subſcriptions at TEN SHILLINGS *per Annum*, Advertiſements, *&c.* are thankfully received for this Paper.

JUNE, 1773. VOL. II. NUMB. 86.

THE Pennſylvania Packet, AND THE GENERAL ADVERTISER.

MONDAY, JUNE 14th, 1773.

Quicquid agunt Homines, noſtri eſt Farrago Libelli. JUVENAL.

TO-MORROW,

AT NINE O'CLOCK, AT
JOHN HART's
VENDUE-STORE,
At the corner of SOUTH and FRONT-STREETS,
Will begin the SALE of a large and neat aſſortment of
MERCHANDIZE,
HOUSHOLD FURNITURE,
WEARING APPAREL, &c.

Juſt PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD by
JOHN DUNLAP,
At the NEWEST PRINTING OFFICE in Market-Street,
PHILADELPHIA,
AN AMERICAN EDITION OF THE
VICAR OF WAKEFIELD:
By the celebrated DR. GOLDSMITH, author of the
lately publiſhed elegant hiſtory of England, &c. &c.

It is printed on a new type, and fine Pennſylvania made paper, neatly bound, gilt and lettered.

IF ISAAC SPRAGG, who came from Litchfield in England, will apply to the printer hereof, he may hear of ſomething to his advantage.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

LOST or STOLEN, a curious gold horizontal STOP WATCH, of French conſtruction, with gold hour and minute hands, and enamelled plate containing the maker's name, Arthur á Paris. Whoever will bring the ſaid watch to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive the above reward; and if the watch be ſtolen, ſhall have TWO PISTOLES more for apprehending the thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice.

JOHN MORGAN.

N. B. If it ſhould be offered for ſale, or brought to any watch-maker for the ſake of repairs, it is requeſted the watch and the perſon offering it may be ſtopped, and notice given to the ſubſcriber.

DESERTED,

From the Barracks at Philadelphia, on the twenty firſt of May, 1773,

JOHN HOODLOSS, Bombardier, of Major David Hay's company, in the firſt battalion of the Royal Regiment of Artillery: He was born near Carliſle, in the county of Cumberland, in England, and was brought up to huſbandry, but has latterly aſſumed the character of a profeſſor and teacher of the ſcience of attack and defence with the ſmall ſword, commonly called FENCING; he is about thirty-two years of age, ſix feet high, ſtraight and well made, hath grey eyes, and dark brown hair with a mixture of grey; he went off in a ſhort nankeen coat, with linen waiſtcoat and breeches, and was at firſt ſuppoſed to have gone towards New-York, but has ſince, it is reported, been ſeen at Wilmington on the Delaware. Whoever apprehends the ſaid deſerter, and will deliver him up, or ſecure him in any of his Majeſty's gaols and give notice thereof to Lieut. Col. JAMES, or the commanding officer of the Royal Artillery at New-York, or to Major HAMILTON, commanding his Majeſty's troops at Philadelphia, ſhall receive ONE GUINEA reward, over and above the Twenty Shillings ſterling allowed by act of parliament for apprehending a deſerter.

Deer Creek, in Baltimore County, June 3, 1773.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RANAWAY, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, an Iriſh convict ſervant man, named OWEN COYL, a ſmooth faced fellow, about twenty years of age, and about five feet ſeven or eight inches high; had on when he went away, a new felt hat cut in the faſhion, a ſailors grey jacket, a ſtriped linſey under ditto with ſleeves, a check ſhirt, old ticken breeches, good ſhoes, and ribbed ſtockings with no feet to them: He was imported in the ſchooner Polly and Sally, Capt. Slacum, to Newcaſtle, about three weeks ago. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant in any gaol, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward (including what the law allows) and reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by

WILLIAM WEBB.

N. B. He is a very great rogue, and ſays he has broke ſeven gaols in Ireland.

June 7, 1773.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

RANAWAY, the 15th of July laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living at Newfoundland, and nigh New-Germantown, in Baltimore county, and about 20 miles from Baltimore, two negro men, viz. CHARLES, 26 years of age, a full round faced fellow, has a pleaſant countenance, loſt one of his fore teeth in the upper jaw, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, ſtraight and well made, and pretends to be a doctor; took with him a felt hat, one white country linen ſhirt, tow linen trowſers and has been ſeen ſince with a ſcarlet lapelled jacket. TOM alias POMPEY, 24 years of age, a thin faced fellow, and very black, 6 feet high, ſtraight and well made, came from Kent county, Maryland, and lived laſt year with JOHN SHOWERS, a Dutchman, near Dughill, in Baltimore county, and can talk ſome Dutch; took with him a felt hat, tow cloth ſhirt and trowſers; he lately broke out of Newcaſtle gaol, with heavy irons on his legs. They had both paſſes. Whoever takes up the ſaid negroes and ſecures them in any gaol, ſo that the owner may get them again, ſhall receive the above reward, or TEN POUNDS for each, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by

JOSEPH CROMWELL.

N. B. They are both notorious villains, and have been taken ſeveral times and made their eſcape.

Newtown, Bucks County, June 7, 1773.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

BROKE gaol, at Newtown, in Bucks county, Pennſylvania, on Saturday laſt, in the evening, a man who calls himſelf ALEXANDER ANDERSON, alias WHITE; he appears to have ſomething of the negro in him, by his hair and complexion, marked with the ſmall-pox, is a well ſet fellow, about five feet, ſeven or eight inches high, ſeven or eight and twenty years old, a very ſaucy fellow and very quarrelſome when in liquor; he is very fond of company, has a ſmooth tongue, ſays he is an Iriſhman, ſomething of a gambler, was committed for felony and was in irons, but them he got off ſometime in the day before he broke out; it is likely the appearance of the irons is on his legs when his ſtockings are off. Had on and took away with him a half worn caſtor hat, and old lightiſh coloured wilton coat and veſt, ſeveral white ſhirts, old leather breeches, ſeveral pair of ſtockings of cotton, thread and woollen, old ſhoes with metal buckles; it is likely he will change his name and make for the ſeas. Whoever takes up and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's gaols, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

JOHN ANDERSON, Gaoler.

June 7, 1773.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Monday, the 28th inſtant, will begin the drawing of Pettie's Iſland Caſh LOTTERY, for finiſhing Norrington Preſbyterian Church, purchaſing a lot of ground, and erecting thereon a German Lutheran Church, in Whitpain townſhip, Philadelphia county; and for the benefit of Newark Academy, and purchaſing ſome uſeful books and mathematical inſtruments, for three ſchools, in the city of Philadelphia, which ſchools are taught by *Andrew Porter, David Alliſon, and James Burrſide.* As there are a conſiderable number of valuable prizes in each of the four claſſes, and but about a blank and an half to a prize in the three firſt claſſes, and more prizes than blanks in the laſt, adventurers have more encouragement in this ſcheme than in any hitherto publiſhed among us; they may be informed where tickets may be had, by applying to *Jacob Ruſh*, Eſq; Meſſieurs *Robert Porter, Martin Krieter, Deterick Reeſe, Alexander Power*, and *Andrew Porter*, in Philadelphia; Captain *Robert Currie*, and Mr. *William Armſtrong*, in Norrington; Meſſieurs *John Porter*, and *Paul Bower*, in Whitpain; Mr. *Stephen Bloom*, Gwinedth; Mr. *Adam Hoffman*, in Worceſter, Philadelphia county; who will faithfully ſuperintend the drawing of each claſs, and ſee that juſtice is done to the adventurers. Such perſons as have not an opportunity of applying to the above gentlemen, may have their orders forwarded, and ſee the ſcheme, by applying to Mr. *Nicholas Patterſon*, Store-keeper, in Bucks county; Mr. *William Ennis*, in Burlington; Mr. *William French*, in Abington; Mr. *William Scott*, Store-keeper, Meſſieurs *John Chriſtie, John Beaton*, and *John Todd*, in Cheſter county; *James Lattimore*, Eſq; in Newport; Doctor *M'Kinley*, Meſſieurs *Watkins Crampton*, and *John Elliot*, Tavern-keepers in Wilmington; and Doctor *John Kenner*, in Springfield Townſhip, Philadelphia county.

The Managers deſire their friends who have had tickets to ſell, to return ſuch as are unſold by the 18th inſtant, as the drawing will undoubtedly commence the time propoſed, there being but few tickets on hand.

LEGHORN, *March* 19.

LETTERS from Micon, in the Archipelago, adviſe, that twelve of the largeſt Ruſſian men of war are now at that port, and the reſt of the fleet anchors at Patmos and Samos. Count Orlow, who is at Paros, has cauſed proper docks to be made, in which he is building two men of war and ſix gallies. This commander in chief only waits for orders from his Court to execute his plan of operation.

Revel, March 19. Military preparations continue with the greateſt ardor all over the Ruſſian empire. The new recruits are ſufficient to form 52 new regiments, which will be ready to appear in the field about the end of May. Beſides the 28 men of war at Cronſtadt, which are ready to ſail, there are four gallies and ſix fire ſhips building.

Warſaw, March 21. Among other extraordinary reports which are ſpread here, it is ſaid, the Ruſſians begin to grow miſtruſtful with regard to the Pruſſians, who are daily ſtrengthening themſelves in this capital, and that there has been a miſunderſtanding between the two courts of Pruſſia and Ruſſia.

Stockholm, March 26. The warlike preparations continue without intermiſſion, in all the towns and ports of this kingdom. The regiments are all compleated and furniſhed with every thing neceſſary to enter the field. The ſea officers and ſailors have orders to be in readineſs to embark at the ſhorteſt warning. Every body admires the indefatigable pains and judgment of the King, who, in theſe times of dearth, has been able, in ſo ſhort a time, to put his forces on ſo reſpectable a footing, that nothing is to be feared for the ſecurity of the kingdom.

Warſaw, March 27. Letters from Cracow mention, that the Auſtrian Colonel Mitrowſki has diſarmed the ſoldiers that were kept there at the expence of that town.

Since the arrival of the laſt letters from Buchareſt, it is confidently aſſerted, that the conferences for a peace had been broke up ineffectually the 10th inſt. We wait the confirmation of this news with the greateſt impatience, but there is little reaſon to doubt its truth.

Leghorn, March 28. We have juſt received advice from Cadiz of the loſs of a regiſter-ſhip, on her voyage from the Havannah to Old Spain. She had on board 500,000 piaſtres, and 10,000 ounces of gold on his Catholic Majeſty's account, and about twice as much belonging to the merchants.

There is an uncommon motion among the Spaniſh troops. An army conſiſting of 24,000 infantry, and 28 ſquadrons of horſe, is aſſembled at Valencia; which army, we are informed, is ordered to enter Italy.

Barcelona, April 3. An extraordinary courier arrived here a few days ago from Madrid, with particular orders from court; and ſince that time the workmen in our arſenal have been employed in caſting field artillery for all the regiments of foot. Nine thouſand tents are alſo getting ready for the ſervice of ſixty thouſand troops. Two xebecks, which lately arrived here, are gone to Majorca, to engage all the ſailors they can find; and the ſame buſineſs is doing all along the coaſt of Catalonia.

Warſaw, April 3. Since the arrival of a Ruſſian courier, nothing is talked of but a continuation of the war between Ruſſia and the Porte; and we have accounts from Ruſſia, that the Ruſſians who were ſet out from the grand army to Riga, are come back again as far as the Neiſter.

Copenhagen, April 6. The Magnificent, Oreſund, and Ebenezer, ſhips of war, the firſt of which carries 80 guns, the ſecond 70, and the third 50, entered this road on the 5th of this month. Some hundreds of ſailors are alſo arrived at Flenſburg, to man out the fleet. Four thouſand tents are preparing at Altona, by order of government, which are to be ready before the month of May; and ſeveral thouſand tons of meal have been ſhipped at Flenſburg, Apenrade, &c. for the kingdom of Norway. On the 2d of this month a tranſport, with a number of ſurgeons on board, ſailed from hence, in order to ſerve among the troops which Prince Charles of Heſſe is aſſembling in Norway, and which are made to amount to 12000 men, well diſciplined. Thoſe are cantoned on the frontiers.

Ratiſbon, April 10. They talk much here of a grand aſſociation which is forming between the greater part of the Princes of Germany, for maintaining and defending their liberty and independence againſt all perſons whatſoever.

Paris, April 9. It is preſumed that a negociation is on the carpet between this Court and that of London relative to the affairs of the North.

Two couriers are juſt ſet off, one for Sweden, the other for Ruſſia. It is aſſerted that the Court has diſpatched orders to Toulon to fit out ſeveral ſhips of war.

Hamburgh, April 10. The King of Pruſſia has ordered 900 baggage-waggons, with ſix horſes each, to be furniſhed by his ſubjects in one month's time.

LONDON, *April* 10.

It is ſtrongly reported that ſome deſigns of the French and Spaniards have been diſcovered by a Britiſh Miniſter at the Court of another power, to be forming againſt ſome parts of Italy, which will produce ſome deſperate meaſures.

April 13. We hear from Copenhagen, that his Daniſh Majeſty has given orders for impoſing a new duty of three ducats per ton on all French ſhips paſſing the ſound.

It is much credited that Lord Camden will ſoon be appointed preſident of the Council, and that Lord Gower will go to the head of the treaſury; but that no other alteration will take place.

Whatever the Venetians may have in view, whether offenſive or defenſive, it is undeniable, that very ſpirited preparations are now carrying on, and every ſeeming attempt made to arm themſelves at all points for attacking or repulſing an enemy, as in future may beſt ſuit their purpoſes.

The Induſtry, Laws, from Maryland, a miſſing ſhip, is arrived off Dover.

April 15. A correſpondent remarks, that Mr. Oliver has given an undoubted proof of his inflexible patriotiſm, by ſummoning Mr. Wilkes to attend the Houſe of Commons on the 26th inſtant, as a member for the county of Middleſex.

Extract of a letter from Paris, April 5.

" The Engliſh Ambaſſador at our Court has every day private conferences with the Miniſter. It is thought that the alliance between England, France, and Spain, which has been ſo much talked of, will at length take place."

The Good Intent, Dickſon, from North-Carolina; Layſoye Planter, Smith, from Dominica; and the Cæſar, Crockett, from Jamaica, all for London, are ſafe arrived at Dover.

April 17. The call of the Houſe for the 26th is the general topic of ſpeculative converſation. Some affirm that Lord North inſiſts upon it only to convince the Lower Aſſembly, that they are reprehenſible for inattention to their Parliamentary duty: Others attribute it to the preſent continental connections, his Lordſhip wiſhing to have the concurrence of Parliament to the tripple alliance.

Extract of a letter from Peterſburgh, April 7.

" All the ſhips belonging to the Ruſſian navy now at Riga and Revel, are fitting out with the utmoſt diſpatch; and all preparations are now openly making for a renewal of the war with the Turks, who are alſo making the beſt preparations in their power for a continuance of it. The Turkiſh fleet in the Black Sea is infinitely ſuperior to the Ruſſian, and a very ſharp conteſt for the dominion of that ſea is expected. A meſſenger is juſt ſet off for Buchareſt, and, we hear, carries a particular command for M. Obreſkow to break up the congreſs, and return immediately."

April 20. It is ſaid the Court of Verſailles has made a demand on that of Sweden, in conſequence of the treaties ſubſiſting between them.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, April 13.

" According to our letters from Madrid, the Spaniards are very active in raiſing recruits, which they diſpoſe of in the national regiments. In the foreign regiments in the ſervice of Spain, they admit of all the officers from the confederates of Poland that offer themſelves, and give them the ſame rank they held at home. This, and the great armaments that are making in all the ſea-ports of Spain, are certain proofs that this Court has ſome important deſign in view.

" The laſt advices from France import, that Count d'Eſtaing is going to Toulon to take the command of twelve men of war of the line and ſix frigates. It is ſaid that the above mentioned Officer has already taken leave of the King, and that he is to have ſome regiments embarked on board his fleet."

Extract of a lettter from Berlin, April 10.

" His Pruſſian Majeſty intends ſetting out early in the enſuing month, on a tour to his newly acquired dominions in Poland, and intends to make a particular ſtay in the city of Dantzick, in which place he has ordered three Royal dock yards to be made, fit for building ſecond rate ſhips. The Prince Royal is to take the government during his Majeſty's abſence."

Some letters from Stockholm ſay, that the Swediſh fleet, now fit to put to ſea, amounts to 27 ſail of the line

Some letters from the Hague ſay, that the Ambaſſador from the Court of Spain, to the States has received letters of recall, and is preparing for his departure.

The ſnow Cuming, from New-York for Belfaſt, is loſt on the coaſt of Ireland, with 600 hogſheads of flax ſeed on board, and two of the crew are drowned.

Extract of a letter from Paris, April 7.

" Lord Stormont's conferrences with our Miniſters have not proved ſo favourable as they expected. He has convinced them, by clear and eloquent anſwers, that the King his maſter intends to keep the neutrality, and thanks them for their obliging offers. By all accounts, this Lord has proved himſelf as good a politician as themſelves, if not better. In conſequence of which he is held in great eſteem and conſideration in France.

" The intentions of our Court were to procure themſelves an ally ſtrong in forces, caſh, and credit. Being diſappointed, it is reported that the Court of Spain is to lend us 100 millions, by way of mortgage, upon the general farms, and to receive 10 millions every year till reimburſed."

April 22. They write from Paris, that the Marquis de Monteynard has iſſued orders to every Colonel to compleat his regiment by the firſt of May: That every corps is to be recruited, and that an immediate augmentation of the light troops is ordered to take place.

Advice is received that the Dutch ſquadron in the Mediterranean is increaſed to fourteen ſail, and that five of them are gone to the Levant, to protect the Dutch traders from Candia and other places.

We hear that the Court of Madrid are guarantee for performance of the treaty now negociating between the French and our Court, and that they have promiſed the Miniſtry an immediate payment of the Manilla ranſom.

It is a fact that whatever Spain and Portugal may do, the Italian Princes and States are reſolved to obſerve the neutrality between the Ruſſians and the Turks.

The royal Charlotte, and two other yachts, are now fitting out at Deptford by order of the Lords of the Admiralty, but on what account is not known.

Yeſterday morning India ſtock, which was done on Tueſday at 150$_4$, fell down to 142, and bank ſtock from 140 to 136; other ſtocks fell in proportion, but they afterwards roſe again a little.

We learn from Paris, that there has been a very dangerous inſurrection at Cherbourgh on account of the dearneſs of proviſions, that the military were obliged to be called out; but the mob being armed with fire-arms, ſeveral were killed on both ſides.

We are aſſured that orders were yeſterday iſſued from the Admiralty for equipping a fleet of fifteen men of war with the utmoſt expedition.

The above armament is ſaid to be intended for the Mediterranean, as a ſquadron of obſervation.

It is ſaid Lord Bellamont will, by order of his phyſicians, ſet out in a few days for the Pyrenean mountains, to drink the waters of Bareges, which are peculiarly excellent in the caſe of gun-ſhot wounds. When the late Lord Crawford was a volunteer in the ſervice of the Emperor Charles VI. he received many deſperate wounds at the battle of Gran, againſt the Turks, and languiſhed ſeveral years in a hopeleſs condition, but was happily cured by the waters of that place.

The Aquilon man of war, of 32 guns, at Woolwich, is ſheathing for the Eaſt-Indies.

The Counteſs of Darlington tranſport, Taylor, is arrived at Plymouth from St. Kitts, with part of the 32d regiment on board.

The Induſtry, Gouguet, (of London) from Africa to Carolina, was cut off by the negroes four days after ſhe ſailed from Gambia.

We hear that Sir Robert Ladbroke has taken Sir George Colebrook's houſe, to carry on the banking buſineſs.

The ground is now marking out, and the hill levelling, in order to build barracks in Tothillfields, Weſtminſter, for the uſe of the ſoldiers.

April 23. The French fleet fitting out at Toulon conſiſts of 12 ſhips of the line; they are to be joined by the Spaniſh ſquadron at Carhagena, and to act in conjunction againſt the Ruſſians.

The Queen of Denmark intends, on her return here to live as private as poſſible; and this ſhe has particularly deſired ſhe may be indulged in.

April 24. Yeſterday his Majeſty's proclamation was iſſued, dated the 22d inſt. for encouraging ſeamen and landmen to enter themſelves on board his Majeſty's ſhips of war, in which a bounty is promiſed by his Majeſty of three pounds each to all able ſeamen; two pounds each to all ordinary ſeamen fit for ſervice, and twenty ſhillings each to all able-bodied landmen, who ſhall voluntarily enter themſelves on or before the 31ſt of next May, to ſerve in the royal navy; ſuch reſpective ſums to be paid them immediately after they ſhall have been three times muſtered.

Extract of a letter from Portſmouth, April 23.

" Laſt night about eight o'clock Vice Admiral Pye came down and hoiſted his flag on board the Barfleur; he ordered all the ſhips in commiſſion to take on board ſix months proviſions, to complete their full complement of men, and get ready for ſea with all poſſible expedition; in conſequence of which orders, Leiutenants from every ſhip went immediately to London to open houſes of rendezvous. Orders are likewiſe come down to enter marines and augment that corps to the full complement. All the men of war fit for ſea are ordered to be got ready to be commiſſioned. The Barfluer of 90 guns, Worceſter and Panther, of 69 guns each, and the Otter ſloop of war had all their ſails bent this morning, and immediately proceeded to Spithead. Preſs Warrants are expected down to-night.

" Sailed alſo the following tranſports for the river, viz. The Maria, Jefferſon; Diſpatch, Phillipſon; Ocean, Tindall; and Iſabella, Brown.

" Sailed, the Wentworth, and Prince of Wales, tranſports, for Cork, having on board the 35th regiment; and the Harcourt and Egmont, outward-bound Eaſt-Indiamen, on their reſpective voyages.

Orders are given from the war office, for all officers abſent on furlough, belonging to the garriſons of Gibraltar, or Minorca, to join their reſpective regiments immediately.

The following are the names of the ſhips compoſing the fleet now fitting out:

For foreign ſervice.

Ships names.	Guns.
At Portſmouth.	
Barfluer	90
Egmont	74
Lenox	74
Royal Oak	74
Terrible	70
St. Albans	64
Worceſter	74
At Plymouth.	
Albion	74
Dublin	74
Kent	74
Torbay	74
Boyne	70
Somerſet	64
At Chatham.	
Marlborough	74

Commiſſioned in the room of thoſe victualled for foreign ſervice.

Ships names.	Guns.
Reſolution	74
Sandwich	90
Courageux	74
Grafton	74
Arrogant	74
Defiance	64
Defence	74
Shrewſbery	74
Prince of Wales	74
Hercules	74
Belleiſle	64
Ramilies	74
Ruſſel	80
Invincible	74
Auguſta	64
Ardent	64

On Wedneſday orders were diſpatched to Dublin, for two regiments on the Iriſh eſtabliſhment to hold themſelves in readineſs to embark for the Weſt-Indies.

It is reported that the Miniſter of a preſent unpopular power, according to the court language, triumphs in the preſent fall of the ſtocks, as his Maſter will ſee who were the real ſtock-jobbers, and wiſh to diſguiſe the true ſituation of affairs from the people, and avail themſelves of the ignorance of thoſe that were not in the ſecret.

It is ſaid that certain knowing-ones, from the Weſt End of the town, have fleeced the citizens upon the preſent fall of the ſtocks, and it is now clear, that certain perſons in office knew what they were about in large ſales of ſtock, made a fortnight ago, when the enemies to a certain Ambaſſador thought they were mad.

His Majeſty's ſloop Racehorſe, at Deptford, is put into commiſſion, and the Hon. Capt. Phipps appointed to command her.

The Carcaſe ſloop is put into commiſſion, and the command of her given to Capt. Lutwidge.

Capt. Vandeput is appointed to the command of the Southampton, of 32 guns, in the room of Capt. Macbride.

Yeſterday Lord North and Lord Mansfield were with his Majeſty at the Queen's palace for near two hours.

Thurſday night preſs-warrants were ſent down to Plymouth, and other ports, in order to preſs the hands as the merchant ſhips come in; and tenders are ordered to attend them to take the men on board, that the fleet going out may be immediately manned.

Orders are given out for the garriſons of Gibraltar and Port Mahon to be reinforced with all expedition, and to be immediately ſupplied with powder and ball, and all neceſſaries that they may ſtand in need of, in caſe either or both of theſe garriſons ſhould be attacked.

It was yeſterday aſſerted upon Change, that an account had juſt arrived from Naples, declaring the town of Catania, in Sicily, had been almoſt deſtroyed by an eruption of Mount Ætna, which happened the middle of laſt month.

It is ſaid there will ſoon be a meeting of the principal Noblemen and Gentlemen of landed property of the North of Ireland, to conſider of the ſpeedieſt means of preventing the depopulating of their eſtates by the preſent great emigrations to America.

A gentleman juſt arrived from the North of Ireland ſays, that to the great honour of Lord Hillſborough, though his eſtate is in the very center of the emigrants, not one family has removed to America from it ſince the concluſion of the late war.

We hear the land tax for the enſuing year will be four ſhillings in the pound, to defray the expence of fitting out the fleet of obſervation.

Capt. Macbride is appointed convoy to the Queen of Denmark, to England, and will ſhortly ſail for that purpoſe.

The two vacant ribbons of the garter are intended for the Earl of Briſtol, and his Grace of Ancaſter.

Lord Sandwich promiſed, that the fleet ſhall be ready for ſea in twelve days.

Lord Rochford threatned to reſign his office if a fleet was not immediately equipped.

This day a ſloop of war is to be moor'd off the Tower, for the ſervice of the regulating captains.

If the preſent report of an approaching war is well founded, and ſuch an event ſhould take place, however it might militate againſt the ſchemes of the miniſtry, it would certainly be a very eſſential benefit to three fourths of the inhabitants of this kingdom.

Lord Bute is very much indiſpoſed and attended by Dr. Fordyce at Luton.

We are informed that expreſſes were ſent off yeſterday afternoon to the different ſea ports, with orders for all the guard ſhips to take on board their full complement of men immediately.

They write from *Florence*, that all the Ruſſian ſhips that are in Italy, have received orders to ſail, and they are to rendezvous, and go upon ſome ſecret expedition, as ſoon as the armiſtice expires.

It is expected the Sheriffs will not be puniſhed for what they have done, but for what they have omitted to do; not for ſummoning Mr. Wilkes, but for neglecting to ſummon Lutterell.

A report is prevalent, that the Emperor of Germany has concluded a treaty with the Empreſs of Ruſſia, and means to aid her in the war againſt the Turks. The Houſe of Auſtria expects an attack in Italy, their dominions are daily reinforcing with freſh troops; well they may, for Spain is pouring 60,000 men, from Barcelona upon the Imperialiſts, the new King of Sardinia too will join France and Spain in the enterpriſe.

The ſhyneſs long ſubſiſting between England and Pruſſia is now in a fair way to ſubſide, and like the ſovereigns of Brentford; ſmell at the ſame noſegay. Theſe are tidings much more grateful to the true Britiſh ear than the futile ſuggeſtions of dancing cotillions with the Bourbon family.

The Queen has ſettled 600l. a year on Miſs Lindley, the moſt capital ſinger ever bred in England; ſhe is to perform no where but in her Majeſty's concerts.

It is reported that the States General have reſolved on an augmentation of 12000 ſoldiers.

Clifford's creditors have had a meeting at Amſterdam, when 15 per cent. down, and 10 per cent. in ſix months, was offered, and a few have ſigned, his houſe is ſold for 97,000 florins.

All the peace officers for Weſtminſter are ordered to attend in the neighbourhood of the Houſes of Parliament on Monday next, to prevent any inſult being offered to any members, if a concourſe of people ſhould aſſemble to learn the iſſue of Mr. Wilkes's attempt to take his ſeat in the houſe.

All the blackguards &c. that attend Mr. Wilkes on Monday next, it is whiſpered, will be ſaluted with ſome compliments from a ſtrong preſs-gang, when they arrive at the Parliament houſe. This will be a very judicious ſtroke of government, and the induſtrious part of this metropolis will be greatly obliged to them for it.

Admiral Saunders is to hoiſt his flag on board the Barfleur of 90 guns.

Orders are ſent over to Ireland to lay an embargo on the Iriſh victuallers, and to prevent the exportation of proviſions from the ports of that kingdom, except on government account.

The following intelligence may be depended on, that eight ſail of the line are ordered for the Mediterranean immediately; ſix are to be fitted out with all expedition, with ſome frigates for the Weſt-Indies, and eight more, making in the whole twenty-two ſhips of the line, which are deſigned for Aſia and America.

The French Conſul, who lately embraced Mahometaniſm, and had retired too near Adrianople, was laſt month found ſtrangled in his bed.

It is certain, that advices have been received at the Hague, that hoſtilities are commenced between the Spaniards and the Moors at Oran.

WILLIAMSBURGH, *May* 27.

Extract of a letter from Mr. John Balendine, *to his friend in* Virginia, *dated* London, *March* 23, 1773.

"I can inform you, for certain, that the new province on the Ohio is confirmed to the proprietors, by the name of PITTSYLVANIA, in honour of Lord Chatham. Mr. Wharton from Philadelphia, will be appointed Governor in a few days; all other appointments to be made by the King. The ſeat of government is to be fixed at the fork of the great Kanawah and Ohio rivers, as I expected, from the ſituation of that country; by which you may judge of the great advantages that muſt ariſe to the trade at Richmond, as ſoon as a communication can be made ſo near that fine province. The new proprietors will contribute largely towards opening both James and Potowmack rivers; and as ſoon as the principal and intereſt are repaid to the ſubſcribers, the navigation of the river is to be free, only a ſmall tax for repairs, &c.

BOSTON, *June* 3.

The beautiful ſhip built at New-York, named the Britannia, and employed there in the London trade under the command of Captain Thomas Miller, was lately burnt to the waters edge in our harbour.

The Connecticut aſſembly has agreed to emit 12000 pounds lawful money.

NEW-YORK, *June* 7.

Extract of a letter from London, April 23, 1773.

The Chief Purport of this letter is to adviſe you, that 15 ſail of the line, with four frigates, and two fire-ſhips, are ordered for ſea, with all expedition. Some ſay, it is deſigned only as a fleet of obſervation; however, it has had a ſevere effect upon our funds. Advices from France and Spain import, that each of thoſe courts are preparing fleets, and perhaps with the ſame intent. This fleet has had no effect on any ſort of merchandize.

June 10. Captain Hodge, in 17 days from St. Kitts, the 29th ult. ſpoke with Capt. George Cunningham, in a ſloop from St. Euſtatia, for Virginia, all well on board.

On Tueſday about eleven o'clock, His Excellency the Hon. General Gage, with his Lady, their ſon and two daughters, Miſs Morris, Major Sheriffe, and the Captains Kemble and Dobſon, embarked on board the ſhip Earl of Dunmore, Capt. Lawrence, for London. The Royal Artillery were under arms, and ſaluted his Excellency with 17 guns; a great company of gentlemen attended his Excellency to the ſhip, expreſſing in very fervent terms, their wiſhes of ſafety and felicity to this moſt valuable and ſincerely beloved perſonage, his truly amiable lady and family.

The Highlanders who to the number of 70 ſouls lately arrived in this city, by way of Dublin, have ſettled upon the eſtate of Sir William Johnſton, Bart. and are much pleaſed with their ſituation.

PHILADELPHIA, *June* 14.

On Thurſday laſt departed this life, much lamented, Mrs. MARY SYMONDS, relict of the late Mr. William Symonds, merchant, of this city.

On Friday the 28th of May, died at Lancaſter, in the 40th year of her age, Mrs. ANN ROSS, the amiable and virtuous wife of George Ross, Eſq; Attorney at law, and one of the Members of Aſſembly for that county.

Early on Friday morning laſt, to the inexpreſſible grief of all who knew him, departed this life, in his 56th year, Dr. PHINEAS BOND; a gentleman long and juſtly acknowledged to be of the firſt eminence in his profeſſion. Learned, judicious and rational; a ſagacious obſerver and diligent follower of *Nature*; nobly raiſed above every low art or vulgar prejudice; he ſoon acquired a reputation alike *ſolid* and *unenvied*. Honeſt, candid, cheerful and ſincere; of manners gentle, and converſation inſtructive; manifeſting the very ſoul of benevolence and humanity in all his conduct; he was one of thoſe *happy-tempered* men, who could not be *known* without being *loved*, and therefore hardly ever had a *patient* in whom he had not a *friend*. As his practice was extenſive, it is not to be wondered then, that we have, perhaps, never had among us a perſon in whoſe life more good men of all ranks and denominations ſeemed to have intereſted themſelves, than in his. This was abundantly evidenced by his affectionate fellow-citizens, as well during his laſt illneſs, as at his interment in Chriſt Church burying-ground, on Saturday evening laſt.

As a huſband, father and maſter, he was above all praiſe; and has left behind him a diſconſolate widow, and ſix hopeful children, to whoſe education, as their years required, he was always liberally attentive. The eldeſt of them, his *only ſon*, he had bred to the profeſſion of the law, under every advantage which this or the mother country could give; and he had but juſt returned home to him, not (as *they* flattered themſelves) to be happy in each other for years to come, but (as *Heaven ordained it*) only to embrace and be *parted again*, as to this life—for ever!

Heu! fragile humanum genus? heu! terreſtria vana!
Heu! quam ſpectatum *continet urna* virum!

Extract of a letter from London, dated April 23.

"Since yeſterday a rumour of war prevails. The ſtocks fell at once 8 per cent. Sixteen men of war are to be fitted out immediately, and are to follow the French fleet which is gone to the Mediterranean, and are to act there as a fleet of obſervation. It is thought the French intend to act as allies of the Turks againſt the Ruſſians, which England cannot behold with indifference"

Extract of a letter from London, dated April 24.

"Our Miniſtry came to the reſolution yeſterday of manning, with all expedition, 20 ſail of the line, to be ready to put to ſea, by way of obſervation. We do not know of any intended quarrel with any of our neighbours."

Extract of a letter from London, dated April 25.

——"WAR is inevitable.—Preſs warrants were iſſued ſome days ago at the Admiralty, and orders for recruiting are preparing at the War Office. An augmentation in the Guards has already taken place. Wapping, and the environs of this great metropolis, are ſwarming with preſs-gangs. The Clerks in the Admiralty, Navy, and War Office, have been obliged to give attendance for ſome time paſt till 12 at night. The Ruſſian and Pruſſian Miniſters have daily conferences with the Premier and Lord Rochford—All foretells what muſt ſoon happen.—Grim War is too conſpicuous in every countenance. The din of arms ſits heavy in the forehead of the Landholder, while the Soldier is elate with the coming expectation of being crowned with laurel. Vain hope!—That bubble Honor will excite many a good huſband to take their laſt adieu of loving wives; many a fond father muſt bid farewell to their tender prattlers, and many an honeſt bachelor muſt leave endearing friends and obliging miſtreſſes.

"I dont know how you Americans may reliſh this, but I believe a war carried on in the Weſt-Indies is of ſervice to the continent, and am convinced a ſtroke of importance will be ſtruck there, as Admiral Keppell will aſſuredly command the fleet deſtined for that part of the world, and Admiral Saunders the fleet of obſervation in the Mediterranean."

Captain Young, from Hiſpaniola, on the 27th ult. about 4 or 5 leagues off Atlens Keys, ſpoke a ſloop, Capt. Creighton, from Hiſpaniola for New-York, out 6 days: On the 7th inſt. in lat. 37 : 39, long. 73 : 19, ſpoke the ſhip Hope, Capt. Gowland, from this port for Jamaica, out 1 day, all well; and on the 9th, 14 leagues off Cape Henlopen, ſpoke the brig Content, Capt. Wilkinſon, from this port for Barbados, out 12 hours, all well.

Captain Anthony, from Rhode-Iſland, on the 5th inſt. 7 leagues ſouth of the eaſt end of Long-Iſland, ſpoke a ſnow from Whitehaven for New-York, but it blowing hard, could not learn who ſhe was.

⁂ To-Morrow, preciſely at nine o'clock, A. M. will be held in Zion's Church, the annual examination of the Juvenals, educated in the German Seminary of this city, to conſiſt of the Latin and Greek languages; as alſo in ſome parts of Divinity, Hiſtory, Geography, &c.

N. B. Vocal and Inſtrumental Muſic.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Laurel,	J. Gregory,	Piſcataqua,
Sl. Peace & Plenty,	R. Mumford,	Rhode-Iſland,
Sloop Betſey,	V. Vightman,	Rhode-Iſland,
Sloop Peggy,	T. James,	Virginia,
Ship Renown,	W. Keith,	New-York,
Ship Minerva,	F. Faries,	N. Caſtle on Del.
Schooner Polly,	R. Inkſon,	St. Euſtatia,
Brig Dove,	W. Allen,	Barbados,
Brig Carolina,	A. Sweeney,	Hiſpaniola,
Sloop Quaker,	E. Allen,	Hiſpaniola,
Brig Harriett,	P. Allen,	Hiſpaniola,
Schooner Hannah,	G. Wells,	St. Croix.

OUTWARDS.

Brig Carolina,	A. Sweeney,	Gibraltar,
Ship Charm. Peg.	S. Daviſon,	Liſbon,
Brig Rachel,	L. Simmons,	Liſbon,
Sch. Antigua Pac.	J. Merry,	Antigua,
Brig Laurel,	J. Gregory,	Piſcataqua,
Sloop Peg. & Betſy,	D. Ferguſon,	New-York,
Schoon. Polly,	R. Inkſon,	Newfoundland,
Sloop Molly,	E. Rogers,	Boſton,
Sloop Polly,	N. Saltonſtall,	Guadaloupe,
Sl. Peace & Plenty,	J. Anthony,	Rhode-Iſland,
Sloop Tryal,	T. Crippen,	St. Kitts.

CLEARED.

Ship Catherine,	R. Torrens,	Maryland,
Brig Swift,	L. Sandford,	Maryland,
Brig Molly,	J. Lightburn,	Barbados,
Brig Betſey,	C. Jenkins,	Grenadoes,
Sl. N. Carol. Pac.	A. Dyar,	St. Auguſtine,
Sl. Three Brothers,	T. Culmer,	New-Providence,
Schooner Mary,	J. Perrot,	South-Carolina,
Sloop Kitty,	G. Catton,	Jamaica,
Ship Fame,	H. Lyle,	Liſbon,
Sloop Adrian,	J. Genſell,	St. Croix,
Schooner Nancy,	J. Bohannon,	North-Carolina,
Sch. Pompey,	J. Leeds,	New-London,
Brig Charlett. Pac.	S. Wright,	South-Carolina,
Brig P. of Wales,	T. Maſon,	South-Carolina,
Sloop Royal Oak,	R. Alberſon,	New-York,
Sloop York,	J. Buck,	Virginia,
Sloop Betſy,	S. Devonſhire,	Jamaica.

* * *

Philadelphia, June 14, 1773.

FOR KINGSTON, IN JAMAICA,

THE SHIP

AMERICAN,

FRANCIS GILBERT, MASTER;

A FINE veſſel, built of live oak and red cedar, and well accommodated for paſſengers; expected to be ready in four or five days to receive her cargo, and to ſail in twenty days. For freight or paſſage apply to STOCKER and WHARTON, or ſaid maſter.

THOMAS RICE,

Late of the city of Dublin, Dry Scowerer,

CARRIES on ſaid buſineſs in Strawberry Alley, oppoſite Thomas Harriſon, Taylor's, near Market-ſtreet: The Public may depend on having all kinds of woollen cloths, velvets, and gold and ſilver lace, cleaned after the beſt manner, and on the ſhorteſt notice.

N. B. A few pairs of fuller's ſhears to be diſpoſed of at ſaid place.

SAMUEL JONES, TAYLOR,

TAKES this method of returning thanks to thoſe gentlemen and ladies, that have honoured him with their favours; and thinks proper to acquaint all thoſe that are indebted to him by bond, note, or book-account, to make ſpeedy payment, as he intends for England early in the fall; and thoſe that have any demands againſt him are deſired to bring in their accounts, that they may be adjuſted and paid.

N. B. His employers may depend on having their favours obeyed with diſpatch, and to their ſatisfaction, during his ſtay, at a low price for caſh.

Queen Ann's County, Maryland, June 2, 1773.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

ON Sunday laſt were ſtolen or ſeduced from the ſubſcriber, living in Queen Ann's County, oppoſite to Cheſter Town, in Kent County, Maryland, two Negro Girl Slaves, one named RACHEL, about nine or ten years of age, of a yellow complexion, well grown, has a ſcar on her throat under her right jaw, and two remarkably broad fore teeth. The other named SARAH, about five or ſix years of age, thick lips, hollow eyed, and the upper part of her noſe much ſunk. Theſe ſlaves were formerly the property of Elizabeth Adair, of Kent County aforeſaid, who intermarried with John Poſey, and were purchaſed of the ſaid John Poſey by Sarah Flower, with whom the ſubſcriber intermarried: As it is ſuppoſed that they have been taken away with a purpoſe of conveying them out of this province, all perſons are hereby cautioned againſt purchaſing them; and whoever will make known to the ſubſcriber the perſon or perſons who ſtole or ſeduced the ſaid ſlaves from him, and the perſon in whoſe poſſeſſion they are, ſo that they may be recovered, and the offender or offenders be puniſhed according to law, ſhall receive the above reward, from

EMANUEL KENT.

TWO DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED from off the Commons, near this city, on Tueſday the 18th day of May laſt, a middle-ſized brown milch COW, about nine or ten years old; her left horn having been broken, is about two or three inches ſhorter than the other. Whoever takes up ſaid Cow, and brings her to the ſubſcriber in Arch-ſtreet, near Fourth-ſtreet, ſhall receive the above reward.

JOHN CARITHERS.

Philadelphia, June 11, 1773.

STRAYED or STOLEN, a few nights ago, out of Potters Field, a large dark bay HORSE, fifteen hands two inches high, with a black mane and tail; has a large white ſaddle ſpot and the mark I P S, on his near ſhoulder. Whoever brings ſaid horſe to Mr. Dibley's, at the Croſs Keys the corner of Cheſnut and Third-ſtreets, ſhall receive FIFTEEN SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges; and for horſe and thief, ſo that the thief may be brought to juſtice, FORTY SHILLINGS, paid by

ALEXANDER IRWIN.

The Lovers of LITERARY AMUSEMENT, and the Encouragers of AMERICAN MANUFACTURES, will pleaſe to obſerve, That there is juſt publiſhed,

AN AMERICAN EDITION OF THE VICAR OF WAKEFIELD:

By the celebrated Dr. GOLDSMITH, author of the lately publiſhed elegant hiſtory of England, &c. &c.

IT is printed on a new type, and fine Pennſylvania made paper, neatly bound, gilt and lettered, at the ſmall price of four ſhillings and ſix-pence only, although the Britiſh edition is ſold for eight ſhillings. It is needleſs to ſay much in praiſe of this work, as the abilities of the author are ſo well known in the literary world; only this may be obſerved, that the noble ſentiments of the writer, conveyed to the reader with the greateſt ſimplicity of ſtile, makes this work the moſt entertaining to the mind, and inſtructive to the heart, of any thing of the kind yet offered to the public. The publiſher flatters himſelf, that this entertaining book, the manufacture of America, will meet with ſuitable encouragement from the generous public.

WILLIAM MENTZ.

They are to be had of Mr. Joſeph Cruckſhank, in Third-ſtreet, oppoſite the Work-houſe, Mr. Charles Baker, the ſouth-weſt corner of Second and Cheſnut-ſtreets, and of the publiſher in Sterling-alley: They may alſo be had at New-York, and all the principal towns in America.

And ſhortly will be PUBLISHED,

RODERICK RANDOM,

IN TWO VOLUMES:

Written by the late ingenious Doctor SMOLLET.

Thoſe ladies and gentlemen who intend becoming ſubſcribers, are requeſted to ſend their names ſpeedily as intentional purchaſers.

CONDITIONS.

This book is to be printed on a new type and fine paper.

The price to the ſubſcribers will be ſeven ſhillings and ſix-pence in blue boards, and ten ſhillings bound.

No money expected until the books are delivered; and the ſubſcribers names to be printed.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in at any of the above places, and by all the bookſellers in America.

N. B. The ſaid WILLIAM MENTZ follows BOOK-BINDING as uſual, where merchants and others may be ſupplied with accompt books, ruled to any pattern in the neateſt manner, on the ſhorteſt notice and at the loweſt price. He likewiſe has to ſell a variety of Books, Almanacks, &c. &c. wholeſale and retail, where country ſtore-keepers, pedlars, and others, may be ſupplied on the very loweſt terms.

June 10, 1773.

THIRTY POUNDS REWARD.

RANAWAY, the 5th of January laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living near Baltimore Town, two ſervant men, viz. SAMUEL COWAN, (a joyner) who indented himſelf by that name in England, but, ſince his arrival here ſays his name is BOLLORD; was born in Pennſylvania, and learned his trade in Philadelphia, where he has ſeveral brothers and ſiſters, a brother in Reading, and ſeveral in different parts of that province, and the Jerſeys; he is well acquainted in almoſt every part on this continent; he is about twenty five years of age, about five feet ten inches high, is remarkable ſtraight and well made, has black eyes, is of a freſh complexion and lively countenance, and wears black hair tied behind. He had on, when he went away, a blue napped coat, lined with white ſhalloon, a coarſe fulled country cloth jacket and breeches, part white and part dark grey, old check ſhirts, leather breeches, coarſe white yarn ſtockings, and a pair of ſhoes with ſtrings in them and nailed.—PATRICK QUINN, (Yeoman) an Iriſhman, about forty years of age, about five feet five inches high, ſlow of ſpeech, has black hair, a large black beard, of a dark complexion, a thin viſage, has a high thin noſe, and ſtoops in his walk. He had on when he went away, a coarſe fulled country cloth jacket and breeches, with buttons of the ſame cloth, oznabrigs ſhirts, black and white ſtockings, and a pair of ſhoes with ſtrings and nailed.—They may have cut off their hair, changed their cloaths, and altered their names. They are great rogues and very artful, and will, if poſſible, make their eſcape when apprehended. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervants in any gaol, ſo that their maſter gets them again, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS; and if 50 miles from home, FIFTEEN POUNDS; if 100 miles, TWENTY POUNDS; if 200 miles, TWENTY FIVE POUNDS; and if 300 miles, the above reward, or in proportion for either of them, paid by

SAMUEL OWINGS, Junior.

WANTED,

A GOOD COOK, that underſtands kitchen buſineſs. Such a perſon, well recommended, may hear of a place by applying to the printer hereof.

Philadelphia, June 1, 1773.

TWENTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the ſubſcriber, living at Trenton Ferry, Bucks County, a negro man named STANHOPE, (formerly belonging to Robert Irwin, of Philadelphia) about ſix feet high, twenty four years of age, a ſtout well built fellow, had on when he went away, a good pair of buckſkin breeches, ſpotted flannel jacket with black ſpots and without ſleeves, and an old felt hat. Whoever takes up ſaid negro, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's gaols, or in the work-houſe in Philadelphia, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges paid by PATRICK COLVIN, at Trenton Ferry, or

ROBERT IRWIN, in Philadelphia.

INDISPUTABLE GOOD OLD RIGHTS WARRANTED,

FOR any quantity of LAND, from 25 to 500 acres, to be taken up in any part of the province of Pennſylvania, not yet appropriated. The quit-rent to be no more than ONE SHILLING ſterling per hundred acres. Enquire of

MRS. MARY GORDON,
GEORGE MORGAN, or
LEWIS WEISS.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT fourteen acres of meadow ground, in good order, either together or divided into lots of two or more acres, laying near Schuylkill Mouth, in Paſſyunk Townſhip: Any perſon inclining to view it may apply to William Chriſtie, at Joſeph Sims's place, near ſaid meadow. Alſo about ten acres of meadow ground, in good order, laying on Greenwich Iſland, adjoining Hollander's Creek: Any perſon inclining to view it may apply to Joſeph Johnſon, in Southwark. The purchaſers paying one half, may have a reaſonable time for the remainder, giving ſecurity if required, and paying intereſt. For further information apply to

ISAAC ZANE, or
JOHN PEMBERTON.

To be let on ground rent, or ſold, ſundry LOTS, on Mulberry and Eighth-ſtreets; enquire of JOHN PEMBERTON, who continues to ſell Trenton STEEL, either in the bliſter or neatly drawn and faggoted.

Philadelphia, June 3, 1773.

ELIZABETH OLIVE, who left Cork about two years ago, is requeſted to give notice to the printer hereof where ſhe may be found by her brother SHEERS, who arrived here laſt week.

FOR CHARLESTOWN, IN S. CAROLINA,

THE BRIGANTINE
CHARLESTOWN PACKET,
SAMUEL WRIGHT, MASTER,

HAS good accommodations for paſſengers, and will ſail with all convenient ſpeed, having great part of her cargo ready to go on board. For freight or paſſage apply to URIAH WOOLMAN, WILLIAM SYKES, or ſaid maſter on board at Thomas Clifford's wharf.

THE COPARTNERSHIP OF DOUGLAS, HERON, AND CO.

HAVING been diſſolved the firſt of March laſt, and the acting partners intending ſoon to leave this province, all perſons indebted to them are hereby requeſted to ſettle with the ſubſcribers immediately, otherwiſe they will be under the diſagreeable neceſſity of putting their accounts in ſuit; and whoever has any demands on ſaid company, are deſired to call for payment upon

WILLIAM DOUGLASS, or
JAMES HERON.

June 2, 1773.

WHEREAS I the ſubſcriber purchaſed a tract of land in Carnarvon Townſhip, Berks County, for which I gave ſeveral obligations for the payment of the purchaſe money to Suſanna Nicholas, Anne Nicholas, and Jonathan Jones, guardians of Thomas Nicholas, a minor; and ſince I was poſſeſſed of the ſaid land, I have been ejected out of a part thereof. This is therefore to forwarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment on the ſaid bonds, as I am determined not to pay any of them until my title to the land is indiſputable.

CALEB JONES.

Frederick County, Maryland, May 20, 1773.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE,

On THURSDAY the firſt day of July next, at the late dwelling-houſe of SAMUEL WICKHAM, deceaſed, for caſh or ſhort credit,

ONE Tract of LAND containing 126 acres, whereon is two dwelling-houſes, about 50 acres of cleared land, and ſeveral acres in good Timothy graſs. One Tract containing 100 acres, lying on Fiſhing Creek, whereon is one dwelling-houſe, about 40 acres of cleared land and ſeveral acres in good Timothy graſs, and a convenient place to build a griſt mill. One Tract containing 458 acres, lying on the main road that leads from Frederick Town to York Town, whereon are two improvements, two dwelling-houſes, about 70 acres of cleared land, and ſeveral acres in good Timothy graſs on one improvement, and about 20 acres of cleared land on the other. Alſo one other Tract containing 110 acres, being all wood-land, by

JOSEPH WOOD, Junior.

June 2, 1773.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

GOT out of the fence of the ſubſcriber, living in Upper Hanover townſhip, Philadelphia county, on Monday laſt, in the night, a dark Sorrel Horſe, with a blaze on his forehead; he is about twelve years old, his mane inclining a good deal to white, and his tail is likewiſe whitiſh; he is branded, but the mark not known; his tail has but lately been dockt, ſo that the wound is not quite healed up again; he is a pacer. Whoever takes up the ſaid horſe and brings him to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have the above reward and reaſonable charges, paid by me

JOHN SLIFER.

May 31, 1773.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Hopewell, Cumberland County, New-Jerſey, a ſervant man named JESSE MONEY, about thirty-three years of age, and about five feet eight or nine inches high, of a dark complexion, brown hair, round ſhouldered, and a down look; had on and took with him when he went away, a felt hat, a lightiſh coloured kerſey jacket, two oznabrigs ſhirts, one pair of tow trowſers, blue woollen ſtockings, and old ſhoes. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

ISAAC MULFORD.

WILMINGTON LOTTERY, in TWO CLASSES.

For raiſing TWO THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED and EIGHTY FOUR POUNDS, Pennſylvania currency.

FIVE-SIXTHS of the money to be raiſed by this Lottery is to be applied, according to an article ſigned the 28th of December, 1772, for accommodating the *Members of the Church of England*, who inhabit the north part, and Northern Liberties, of the city of Philadelphia with places of worſhip; which, it is agreed, can only be done by building two ſmall CHURCHES or CHAPELS; one near the North Line of the city, and the other northward of the Barracks on a lot given by the heirs of William Coats. The remaining ſixth-part of the money to be raiſed by this Lottery is for certain pious uſes within the county of Newcaſtle, where tickets in the firſt claſs, price THREE DOLLARS each, may be had of the managers. viz. Richard M'William, Eſq; Meſſieurs Jonas Stidham, George Evans, and Joſeph Stidham.

Such perſons as have not an opportunity of applying to the ſaid managers may have their orders forwarded, and may ſee the ſcheme (in which there are but *two* blanks to *one* prize) by applying to any of the following gentlemen in Philadelphia, viz. Rev. Dr. Richard Peters, Rev. Dr. William Smith, Rev. Mr. Jacob Duche, Meſſieurs Michael Hillegas, William Moore, Matthew Clarkſon, Peter Knight, James Worral, William Coats, jun. Levi Budd, John Brown, Emanuel Eyre, William Maſters, Thomas York, and Thomas Budd.

The managers having received an account of the ſale of the tickets ſent to the Weſt-Indies and other diſtant places, are enabled to *aſſure the adventurers* that the drawing of the *firſt claſs* will begin in the borough of WILMINGTON the fifth day of July next; and they requeſt all who intend to become adventurers, or wiſh to promote the laudable purpoſes of this Lottery, to be ſpeedy in their application for what tickets yet remain unſold.

TO BE SOLD BY JOHN KAIGHN,

At his ſtore in Second-ſtreet, two doors below the Church,

EXCELLENT ſalt petred gammons, hogs lard in kegs, pork in barrels and half barrels, ſome of which is ſalt petred, and a quantity of cheeſe, all made in Burlington county; alſo Pope's New-England ſcythes, for either upland or ſalt graſs; and a ſmall aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, to be diſpoſed of at prime coſt for caſh only.

BACHE's WINE-STORE.

Between Third and Fourth-ſtreets, at the yellow doors on the ſouth ſide of Market-ſtreet, RICHARD BACHE has opened his Wine-ſtore, and has for ſale by the pipe, hogſhead, quarter caſk, or gallon,

OLD Madeira wine, Teneriff, Fyal and Liſbon wines; Old Jamaica ſpirits and Windward Iſland rum; alſo a few dozens of moſt excellent claret and Southampton port.

N. B. Orders from any part of the town or country, carefully and ſpeedily complied with, and each article warranted genuine as imported.

JAMES CUNNING,

At the ſign of the Spinning Wheel, in Market-ſtreet, one door below Third-ſtreet, and oppoſite the Meal-market,

HAS juſt opened a general aſſortment of DRY GOODS, imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe, which he is determined to ſell on ſuch terms as ſhall be agreeable to his former cuſtomers, and thoſe who will pleaſe to make trial: He returns his moſt grateful acknowledgements to his former friends and cuſtomers, and hopes to merit a continuance of their favours, by keeping a good aſſortment and ſelling on the moſt reaſonable terms.

N. B. A general aſſortment of ſuperfine cloths, at 30ſ. per yard, Hoſe's beſt ſhoes, at 8/6, enamelled and plain Queen's ware, by the crate or otherwiſe.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by JOHN DUNLAP, at the NEWEST PRINTING-OFFICE, in MARKET-STREET, where
Subſcriptions at TEN SHILLINGS *per Annum*, Advertiſements, *&c.* are thankfully received for this Paper.

JUNE, 1773. THE VOL. II. NUMB. 87.

THE Pennſylvania Packet

AND THE GENERAL ADVERTISER.

MONDAY, JUNE 21ſt, 1773.

Quicquid agunt Homines, noſtri eſt Farrago Libelli. JUVENAL.

TO-MORROW,

AT NINE O'CLOCK, AT

JOHN HART's VENDUE-STORE,

At the corner of SOUTH and FRONT-STREETS,
Will begin the SALE of a large and neat aſſortment of
MERCHANDIZE,
HOUSHOLD FURNITURE,
WEARING APPAREL, &c.

Philadelphia, June 15, 1773.

THE SUBSCRIBER intends, on TUESDAY next, to open a VENDUE for the ſale of Merchandize, at his Vendue-houſe at the corner of Second and Shippen-ſtreets, where he intends to continue on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS. All thoſe who will be pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom may depend on his utmoſt endeavours to give ſatisfaction.

JOHN DONNAL.

LIST OF PREMIUMS for the year 1773, to be given by the *Managers of the Contributions for promoting the Culture of Silk in the Province of Pennſylvania*, ſubject to the following conditions on the part of the claimants, viz.

CONDITIONS.

THE Cocoons or Balls for which any *Premium* is to be demanded, muſt be ſound, merchantable, and all ſingle *; they muſt be raiſed in the province of Pennſylvania, and brought to the Filature in Philadelphia for ſale, or to be reeled for the claimant's own uſe, on or before September 1, 1773. Satisfactory proof muſt be given to the Managers, that the Cocoons were all raiſed at one crop, within the claimant's ſingle family, and that over and above the Cocoons brought to the Filature as above, one twentieth of the whole crop has been reſerved, out of which the claimant muſt engage to raiſe good eggs, for which, if to be ſold, the Managers will give a dollar per ounce.

PREMIUMS.

1. For the greateſt quantity of *Cocoons*, not leſs than *Sixty Thouſand*, FIFTEEN POUNDS.
2. For the next greateſt quantity, not leſs than *Fifty Thouſand*, TEN POUNDS.
3. For the next greateſt quantity, not leſs than *Forty Thouſand*, FIVE POUNDS.
4. For the next greateſt quantity, not leſs than *Thirty Thouſand*, a SILK REEL, and COPPER KETTLE, on the beſt conſtruction.
5. To that perſon who ſhall produce to the Managers the beſt ſpecimen or ſample of *Raw Silk*, of his or her own *raiſing* and *reeling*, not leſs than *Thirty-two Ounces*, a SILK REEL and COPPER KETTLE as above.
6. For the ſecond and third next beſt ſamples of *Raw Silk*, not leſs than *Sixteen Ounces*, a compleat SILK REEL each.
7. To that perſon who ſhall raiſe *Twenty Thouſand Cocoons*, entirely on the *Italian* or *White Mulberry Tree*, of the claimant's own planting and cultivation, FIVE POUNDS.
8. Two more Premiums of THREE POUNDS each to thoſe two Perſons, who ſhall raiſe no leſs than *Fifteen Thouſand Cocoons* each, entirely on the *Italian Mulberry Tree*, as aforeſaid.

N. B. The Managers have ſome young *Italian Mulberry Trees* fit to be planted out, which they will give to thoſe who may ſpeedily apply for them, and all perſons deſirous to propagate Silk another year, are earneſtly requeſted to preſerve for themſelves a ſufficient quantity of eggs, as the Managers have not been able to ſupply half the number of perſons, who have applied to them for eggs this ſeaſon.

PRICES FOR THE YEAR 1773.

Beſides the encouragement offered above, the Managers hereby agree to give the following prices for Cocoons raiſed in either the provinces of *Pennſylvania, New-Jerſey*, or *Maryland*, or the *Three Lower Counties* on *Delaware*, viz.

For all merchantable Cocoons of the *Firſt Crop*, brought to the Filature before the 15th of July, THREE SHILLINGS per pound; from thence to the 25th of the ſame month, THREE SHILLINGS and SIX-PENCE; from thence to the 5th of Auguſt, FOUR SHILLINGS; from thence to the 25th of the ſame month, FOUR SHILLINGS and SIX-PENCE; from thence to the end of the ſeaſon, FIVE SHILLINGS, or FIVE SHILLINGS and SIX-PENCE if extraordinary good and thoroughly dried. For cocoons of the *ſecond crop*, a price in proportion to their quality and dryneſs.

By order of the Board of Managers,
JOHN KAIGHN, Secretary.

* *The double balls ought all to be kept for ſeed.*

Philadelphia, June 17, 1773.

The Subſcriber, having removed into the Jerſeys, will ſell at Public Vendue, on Thurſday the 15th of July next, at five o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes,

A TWO ſtory HOUSE, and LOT of GROUND, ſituate in Southwark, on the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, about 45 feet below South-ſtreet: The lot is 20 feet on Second-ſtreet, and 65 feet deep: The houſe is 17 feet front, and 30 feet deep, has ſix good rooms well finiſhed, and three fire places, with the addition of a good vault well arched; the yard and three feet alley is paved; the lower part of the houſe has been uſed for a ſmiths ſhop, but with a ſmall expence can be made into two good rooms, or a large ſhop for dry goods or grocery, or for a joiner, carpenter, &c. and as it is near the New-Market, will ſuit any public buſineſs; ſubject to a ſmall ground rent of ſix pounds currency per annum: It will now readily rent for twenty-five pounds a year. For further terms apply to MATTHEW POTTER, at the corner of Front and Lombard-ſtreets, or to the ſubſcriber at Cohanſey Bridge.

MATTHEW POTTER, Junior.

Baltimore, June 21ſt, 1773.

CALEB SHIELDS,

GOLDSMITH AND JEWELLER,

INFORMS the public, and his cuſtomers in particular, that he continues carrying on his ſaid buſineſs in all its reſpective branches, and at preſent has a neat and general aſſortment of goods in that way, at his houſe in Gay-ſtreet the third door above Market-ſtreet, in the town of Baltimore in Maryland. He alſo gives the higheſt prices for old gold and ſilver. All orders from town or country will be thankfully received and duly executed.

N. B. Some time in November laſt, a certain piece of gold ſpecie was left at my ſhop; the right owner is requeſted to call for the ſame.

THOMAS THOMSON,

At his Dry-Goods and Grocer's ſhop, at the corner of Catherine-ſtreet, in Front-ſtreet, Southwark, has now for ſale, a large aſſortment of European, Eaſt and Weſt-India goods, viz.

COARSE broadcloths; flannels and blankets; mens, womens, boys, and girls worſted, thread, and cotton hoſe; nankeens, damaſcus, tammies, durants, ſhaloons, poplins, crapes, dorſetteens, miſſinets and calimancoes; brown linen and holland; worſted damaſk; plain and ſtriped camblets; croſs-barred ſtuffs and charlottoes; perſians and ſarſenets; pelongs and taffeties; mens black ſilk neckloths, muſlin ditto; checked linen handkerchiefs, printed red and white ditto, bordered kenting ditto, bandanoe and ſilk romal ditto, culgee and Barcelona ditto; cotton and linen ſtripes; cotton and linen checks; chintzes and callicoes; printed cottons and linens; low priced India calicoes; muſlins and humhums; new faſhioned ſilk gauze handkerchiefs, new faſhioned ſilk gauze aprons; flowered, ſtriped, and plain gauze; ditto kenting; yard wide and 7-8ths cambrick; long and clear lawn; plain and ſtriped ticking; German and Scotch ozenbrigs; Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheetings; all ſorts of Iriſh linens and hollands; ivory and common fans; ivory and horn combs; bobbin and tapes; chip and Leghorn hats; writing paper, and ink powder; ivory handle knives and forks; ſham-buck and real buck ditto; ſteel razors and ſciſſars; piſtol capt, cutteau and Barlow penknives; pinchbeck, braſs and white metal ſhoe and knee buckles; ſpectacles and ſnuff-boxes; hammers and gimblets; powder and ſhot; locks and hinges; nails; needles and pins; plain and figured ribbons; beſt Scotch white threads; ſewing ſilks and coloured threads; ſtocking breeches patterns; worſted binding and ſilk ferret; ſilk, cotton and thread laces; Tulley and Scotch garters; mens, womens, girls and boys gloves and mitts; womens ſtuff ſhoes; baſket and deathhead, ſilk and hair, coat and breaſt buttons; jacket and wire ſhirt buttons; mohair and ſcarf twiſt; an aſſortment of glaſs and china wares; all ſorts of delph and queen's ware; rum, ſugar, tea, molaſſes, rice, coffee, chocolate, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, alſpice, pepper, and ginger; Madeira and Liſbon wines; all ſorts of patent medicines; excellent Scotch herrings, barley and oatmeal.

N. B. He aſſures the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he will ſell goods on ſuch low terms, as ſhall be agreeable to thoſe who may pleaſe to make trial; he alſo puts up all kinds of ſea ſtores, on the ſhorteſt notice.

The ſaid THOMSON carries on the ſtone and marble-cutting buſineſs, in all their various branches, where builders may be ſuited with any kinds of work, done after the neateſt and beſt manner; alſo tomb-ſtones, and head-ſtones.

Now ſellling abſolutely at prime coſt, at the houſe of the late Mrs. MARY SYMONDS, deceaſed, in Cheſnut ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets,

A large and general ASSORTMENT of

MILLENARY AND OTHER GOODS;

Amongſt which are,

CAMBRICKS; lawns; muſlins; Bruſſels, mecklin, blond and other laces; rich black and white ſattins; a large parcel of modes, ſilks, ſattins and peelongs for cloaks and bonnets; gauzes; net and pariſnet, with a great variety of other genteel articles.

N. B. Any perſons taking a conſiderable quantity, will have a further good allowance made them, being ſolicitous to compleat the ſale as early as poſſible, for the benefit of the orphan.

JAMES REYNOLDS, Executor.

TO BE LET,

THAT commodious and well ſituated houſe and ſtores, at the Croſs-roads, near Duck Creek, within half a mile of the landing, where JAMES M'MULLAN now lives, and carries on buſineſs; the houſe is 31 by 21 feet; the ſtore at the end of the houſe is 21 by 22 feet, with a framed granary for grain, &c. a ſalt-houſe and kitchen at the end of the dwelling houſe, a bake oven and brick wall, with a pump, two ſtables, a chaiſe houſe, and neceſſary houſe, a roomy convenient yard, a good garden, and a two acre lot back of the garden, in exceeding good graſs for paſture; the whole is in very good repair, and fit for a ſtore keeper; the ſtand is as good as any at the Roads, the ſtore is well accuſtomed, which makes it every way advantageous to the renter: For terms apply to ſaid JAMES M'MULLAN, at the place, or David Finney, Eſq; at New-Caſtle, or Randle Mitchell, Merchant, in Philadelphia, who are empowered to let it. The tenant may have poſſeſſion after Harveſt.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Whitpain Townſhip, Philadelphia County, about the eighteenth of May laſt, a ſtray COW, between a black and brown colour, with ſome white, both ears marked, giving milch. The owner coming, proving his property and paying charges, may have her again.

CHARLES PORTER.

Lately imported, and to be ſold, either wholeſale or retail, very low for caſh, by

WILLIAM ADCOCK,

At the ſouth-eaſt corner of Second and Market-ſtreets, oppoſite the upper end of the Jerſey Market in Market-ſtreet, and oppoſite the Friends Meeting in Second-ſtreet,

A large and general aſſortment of Merchandize, viz.

SUPERFINE, ſuper, middling and coarſe broadcloths; ſky blue, white, buff and pearl caſſimers; gold ſpangled buttons; ſilver ditto; gold baſket ditto; ſilver ditto; mens gold hat bands; ſilver ditto; boys gold and ſilver ditto; mens gold and ſilver buttons and loops; boys ditto; beſt London made buckle chapes; ſilver watches; ſattins, paduaſoys, mantuas, rich flowered and watered tabby, taffaties, grograms, modes, perſians, luteſtrings, ſarſanets, womens velvets; white ſilk breeches pieces; black ditto; white, plain and ribbed ſilk hoſe; coloured ditto; a variety of worſted breeches pieces; thread, cotton and worſted hoſiery; cotton velvets, velverets, prunella, princeſs ſtuff, allopeens, bombazeens, crapes, dorſatees, ſattinets, denims, fine ticking, ſerge denim, laſtings, camblets, camblettees, white and dyed jeans, jennets, fuſtians, thickſets, green pluſh, ladies riding feathers, furniture and other checks; ivory handle knives and forks in caſes; ditto without caſes; furniture chintz; ditto copper-plate; ditto callico; ſuperfine chintz for gowns; copper plate, cottons and callicoes for ditto; printed linens; a variety of pocket handkerchiefs; Barcelona ditto; cambricks, lawns, kentings, gauzes, thread laces, blond ditto, fringes, gimps, gloves and mitts, rattinets and ſhalloons, durants, callimancoes, ruſſels, ſingle and double damaſks, japanned tea-trays, waiters ſorted, bugles and beads, ſilk umbrelloes, Marſeilles quilting; dimities, ſtriped, plain and flowered; Damaſcus, ginghams, moſeens, beſt ſuper Flanders bed ticks, common ditto, ſuperfine India dimity, Ruſſia ſheetings, Lancaſhire and Iriſh ditto; heſſians; yard wide, 7-8 and 3-4 Iriſh linens; dowlas, oznabrigs, halfthicks, ſwanſkins, baize, flannels; razors of the beſt kind; Barlow's beſt penknives; mens and womens whips, plain and ſilver mounted; double gilt pinchbeck buckles; green tea; diaper and damaſk table-cloths; ſuperfine 8-4 damaſk; clouting diapers; pound pins; pins in packets; a variety of hard ware and cutlery, &c. &c. &c. alſo a large aſſortment of wilton carpeting of the beſt kind and moſt faſhionable patterns, with bordering to match.

Said ADCOCK has a ſtore to let next door to where he lives.

BY accounts from Smyrna, Cara Oſman Oglou, from whom the Porte has taken the government of that city, being ſummoned to Conſtantinople, has refuſed to go; and having heard that orders had been iſſued out to put him to death, he intends to declare himſelf an open enemy to the Porte, and act againſt it accordingly. His prudent and gallant behaviour has gained him the friendſhip of the Agas and Pachas of Natolia, and Turcomania, who are all ready to declare him their chief, by which means he is enabled to bring 60,000 men into the field, and if he ſhould join himſelf to Ali Bey and Chiek Daher, the next accounts from Natolia may be of great importance.

Peterſburgh, March 28. Upwards of 1400 perſons having died here of the ſmall pox laſt year, orders are iſſued, commanding the univerſal practice of inoculation.

Paris, April 9. Our letters from Warſaw, of the 22d of March, contain the following intereſting accounts:

"Every thing here is in the moſt embarraſſing and uncertain ſituation. The ſame harmony doth not prevail between the three united powers. The arrival of a certain General at Warſaw has given umbrage to one of the three powers, which is uſing its utmoſt efforts to prevent the Dietines being held, and is deſirous that the General diet ſhould not take place. It is even aſſured that this power has declared to the King of Poland, by his Ambaſſador, that he is ſenſibly affected with the troubles of Poland; that the happineſs of that kingdom was always his principal aim, though perhaps he had been miſtaken in ſome meaſures he had uſed for that purpoſe; that, nevertheleſs, he was diſpoſed to do every thing in his power to repair the misfortunes of that kingdom; that, in ſhort, his advice to the Poliſh Miniſtry was not to aſſemble the diet, if they had in view to put a ſtop to the calamities of the Republic."

The Empreſs of Ruſſia has cauſed the ſenate to paſs an ukaſe in favour of Count Orlow, importing, among other articles, that this Nobleman ſhall not be accountable for his conduct to the Empreſs or her ſucceſſors.

LONDON, *April* 7.

His Majeſty's ſhips, the Infanta, of 74, and the Lancaſter, of 66 guns, both at Portſmouth, are ordered to be fitted out for ſea immediately.

Extract of a letter from Goſport, April 5.

"Friday the Panther, of 60 guns, came out of dock.

"The Royal Ann, a 90 gun ſhip, is building, and will be launched this ſummer.

"Remain at Spithead, and in the harbour, 14 ſhips of war, with five tranſports, waiting for ſoldiers."

To-morrow evening will be debated at the Crown tavern, Bow Lane, the following queſtion: "Whether public commercial companies are beneficial or pernicious to a nation."

The alliance now entered into between Great-Britain, France and Spain, *againſt* the King of Pruſſia and other of the continental powers, was preferred chiefly for the following reaſon; becauſe, ſhould an alliance with Pruſſia have taken place, the payment of a certain ſubſidy, due to the magnanimous Frederick for his ſervices laſt war, would have been ſtipulated for, previous to adjuſting the articles of the compact.

April 9. It is ſaid that Lord Rochford, Secretary of State for the Southern department, finding his health and abilities ſo much on the decay, that he is determined to reſign immediately after the preſent ſeſſion; and it is ſaid Lord Weymouth will ſucceed him.

Extract of a letter from Dantzick.

"The King of Pruſſia dropped an expreſſion a few days ago, which has occaſioned infinite ſpeculation here. In a public converſation he obſerved, "The Emperor is very young, and I am very old—yet the time may not be very diſtant when he and I may divide Germany between us." This expreſſion was ſpoken with an air ſeemingly careleſs; but thoſe who know in what manner the King of Pruſſia ſpeaks his mind, will not forget it."

April 13. Mr. Charles Fox will moſt certainly have a conſiderable employment in Adminiſtration, ſhould England engage in a war.

April 14. It is the general opinion, that this will be, by much, the longeſt ſeſſion of Parliament in the preſent reign.

April 15. We are aſſured that the Pruſſian Ambaſſador waited on Lord North to know if the many reports, in the ſeveral news-papers, relative to his maſter, had any foundation in them; to which his Lordſhip anſwered, "I was juſt coming to your Excellency upon the ſame errand."——'Tis ſomewhat ſtrange that two kingdoms ſhould be at the eve of a war, and their Kings and Miniſters know nothing of the matter.

Some detections in ſpeculation have come out upon the examination of the ſecret committee for India affairs of ſo very capital a nature, that the miniſter, notwithſtanding his previous plan, is unexpectedly poſed, as to giving up the offenders to juſtice, would be breaking the faith of private treaty; to conceal them would be indirectly acknowledging himſelf an aſſociate in their guilt. However, 'tis thought, to avoid the uſual ignominy of the old proverb, the receiver's as bad as the thief," the further enquiry into this matter will be ſtifled in its birth.

powder have received orders for delivering 12000 tons of that commodity as follows; 2000 at Sheerneſs, 4000 at Chatham, and 6000 at Portſmouth magazine.

April 17. Yeſterday a bett of a thouſand guineas was laid at a coffee-houſe, near St. James's, that the Duke of Grafton will be appointed firſt Lord of the Admiralty before Chriſtmas next.

April 19. It is imagined by our politicians, that the death of the Ruſſian General Tottleben, will facilitate the Ottoman overtures for peace.

A perſon arrived from Cadiz, ſays, that the Spaniards have lately embarked 1500 ſoldiers for America.

The new fire ſhip, lately launched at Limehouſe, for uſe of the Ruſſian Empreſs, is rigging and getting ready to ſail for the Mediterranean. The command of her is given by the Ruſſian Ambaſſador to Lieutenant Elliott, of the royal navy.

The preſent forces at Bengal, in the pay of Great Britain, amount to three thouſand Europeans, and about twenty thouſand Seapoys, or country infantry, who are all tolerably diſciplined, and formed into batallions, commanded by Britiſh officers.

Yeſterday ſeven affidavits were made before the right Hon. the Lord Mayor by Benjamin Thompſon, Capt. of the Norwich packet, of his having imported 540 quarters and five buſhels of wheat from Rotterdam, in exceeding good condition, which was teſtified before his Lordſhip by the Meters.

April 20. We hear the lottery for the preſent year is calculated to raiſe 600,000l. There are to be 60,000 tickets, and there are not to be three blanks to a prize.

Mr. Wilkes will certainly not appear in the Lobby of the Houſe of Commons upon the 26th, as it will not anſwer any purpoſe, but to raiſe a mob and a diſturbance. Mr. Wilkes will properly addreſs the Houſe, and give ſuch reaſons for his conduct as will diſconcert the Commons, and raiſe him in the eſtimation of the people, as a real patriot of his country.

They write from St. Maloes, that ſuch vaſt quantities of American corn have arrived there lately that the Magiſtrates had put a ſtop to the importation on account of its draining away all the ſpecie, the cargoes being paid for in coin.

April 21. Laſt week ſeveral journeymen whiteſmiths were engaged, on good encouragement, to embark for Boſton and New-York.

April 22. Poſtſcript to a letter lately received from Dublin: "A revolution is expected here daily; our Governor has found out the art of ingratiating himſelf into the favour of the D—of L——, and two or three of his principal adherents, who are endeavouring to convert oppoſition, and create a union of parties, which will no doubt ſoon be followed by a union of nations."

The laſt letters from the Hague bring advice of the death of the Sieur Scheward, formerly Secretary to the Ambaſſy from Great-Britain, who attended Lord Hindford to Ruſſia in the memorable years 1743, 1744, and 1745; and after having obtained a ſuitable penſion from his Britannick Majeſty, went to the Hague in 1754, to ſpend the remainder of his life.

Extract of a letter from Gibralter, March 22.

"An Engliſh gentleman (Mr. Malton,) is juſt arrived here from Tetuan, and brings advice, that great warlike preparations are now going forward in the empire of Morocco, eſpecially of Tetuan and Tangier; at the laſt-mentioned place the fortifications are to be rebuilt in a much ſtronger manner than they were even when that town was in the poſſeſſion of the Engliſh; the mote which formerly ran out 300 fathoms into the ſea, is to be much extended, and is to be defended by ſix batteries of great guns as the Emperor of Morocco means for the future to lay up all his beſt ſhips of war there. At Tetuan the like meaſures are purſuing, the garriſon is much augmented and a camp of 40,000 men has juſt been formed there. Two days before Mr. Malton came away a body of 6000 of the Emperor's black cavalry arrived, and were with their horſes, chiefly quartered upon the Jews, Chriſtians, and Renegadoes.

Extract of a letter from Bruſſels, April 12.

"We learn from Paris, that very different conjectures are formed with reſpect to the deſtination of the ſquadron which is arming at Toulon. Two regiments are ſaid to have received orders to hold themſelves ready for embarkation. As it has been determined that the department of Toulon ſhould take poſſeſſion of the arſenal of the gallies ſtationed at Marſeilles, and alſo of the park of artillery, M. de Guerudevile, Intendant to that department, is actually ſet out for Marſeilles, to ſtation the marine troops there."

Extract of a letter from Milan, April 3.

"There is now living in this city, in the hundred and ſecond year of her age, and in good health, the Counteſs Paula Cicogna, one of the daughters of the illuſtrious Count Cermelli. Her Ladyſhip is the moſt ancient Lady of the Auſtrian Lombardy, and mother to the Lady of Cegut Foppa, late Knight of the Noble Order of Malta. Her late ſiſter, Lady Laura Cermelli, was married in 1702, to the Hon. Major General Sir George Repinder, a German Barronet, (one of the moſt noble families in the German Empire, in German called Rebender, alias Rebinder) who ſo well diſtinguiſhed himſelf for the Imperialiſts, with the famous Prince Eugene, againſt the French and Spaniards in 1766, which Prince, in honour to his merit, ſtood a ſponſor (the 24th of October in the ſaid year, at St. Siro in Alexandria) to his firſt child, who was a George Repinder, Bart. was the firſt of the branch who married in Italy, and his only ſurviving iſſue is Victor Repinder, who reſides with his family in England, and who has been many years a brave officer in the regiment of Sicilia, made ſeveral campaigns under Victor Amadeus, the father of the late King of Sardinia. He married in 1740, the late Miſs Langdale, a near relation to the Lord of that name. Her remaining iſſue are two ſons, James Repinder, now Bradſhaw Pierſon, of Stokeſley, in the county of York, and Lewis Repinder his younger brother."

Extract of a letter from David Mills, Eſq; Governor of Cape Coaſt-Caſtle, dated Dec. 12, 1772.

"The trade though ſtill very dull, has begun to revive again, and the Fantees ſeem to think there will be no further ſtoppage of it, and ſay, that the King of Aſhantee has turned the courſe of his arms againſt a neighbouring Monarch, and that they believe he has no thoughts this year of coming down to attack them.

"A ſloop about ſixty tons, and which by all accounts muſt be a pirate, has conſiderably hurt the trade for gold at Affinee and Baſam, having carried off ſeveral of the free Blacks from thoſe places, and killed ſeveral others, ſo that no Engliſh boats can go to thoſe places, which is a great hurt to the trade at Annamabœ, where gold is ſo much in demand. I have wrote a letter to his Majeſty's Governors in the Weſt India Iſlands, informing them of her, in hopes ſhe may ſtop there; as ſhe has ſlaves on board they will probably carry them there for ſale."

By ſundry accounts from Cleveland, in Yorkſhire, we are adviſed, that great numbers of people have ſold their effects, and reſolved to tranſport themſelves to America.

April 24. After Lord North had yeſterday moved the ſum for extraordinaries, it brought on the carpet a little converſation relative to the great delay in ſettling the judicature of Canada; Lord North aſſured the Houſe, that ever ſince he had the honour of taking a part in the adminiſtration, he looked upon it as an object of the greateſt conſequence; that it had been laid before the ableſt council for ſome time paſt, and that it now was under the conſideration of the Chancellor and the Lord Preſident; that it would ſoon be laid before the Council; and that he hoped by the next ſeſſion to ſee it brought before the houſe.

The following veſſels are ordered to be got ready to fill the ſtation at home of thoſe mentioned by us in yeſterday's paper, to be fitted with all poſſible ſpeed for ſailing; the Sandwich, the Couragieux, the Grafton, the Arrogant, the Invincible, the Defence, the Shrewſbury, the Defiance, the Prince of Wales, the Ramilies, the Ruſſel, the Auguſta, and the Ardente.

Biſhop Burnet gave an account what progreſs the Duke of Glouceſter made in his education under his tuition, by proofs on his public examination, which was very extraordinary. It cannot be improper that every heir apparent, or preſuptive heir to the Britiſh throne, ſhould be publicly examined at proper ſtages of life, as to improvements in literature, particularly his knowledge in the fundamental and eſſential principles of our happy conſtitution, and his own limited monarchy. One of the beſt books for his inſtruction in theſe important and chief branches of erudition, is certainly the incomparable Mr. Hooker's eccleſiaſtical polity.

The Iſland of Mount Deſart, in the province of New-England, (a fine fertile tract of land of about twenty-five thouſand acres) was obtained by Governor Bernard in a very *extraordinary* way (over and above the uſual grant of ſalary) from the people of Boſton; when they thought him (what he profeſſed himſelf to be) an *honeſt man*, and a *friend to conſtitutional* liberty. The valuable Iſland Sir Francis, it is ſaid, hath *at laſt* agreed to give up to his ſon *Jonathan* on his intended alliance with L. H————h's family.

BOSTON, *June* 7.

For ſeveral days paſt ſome extraordinary diſcoveries have been talked of, which were expected to amaze the whole province. Hints have been thrown out, that the characters of ſome men in power would appear infamous in the higheſt degree; all ſeemed to be a general ſurmiſe and expectation, until Wedneſday about eleven o'clock before noon, when the galleries in the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, were ordered to be cleared of all preſent. This confirmed the general opinion, and we are well informed, that very important matters will ſoon tranſpire, which will bring many *dark* things to *light*—gain many proſelytes to the cauſe of freedom—make tyrannical rulers tremble, and give occaſion for the whole people to bleſs the providence of God, who cauſeth the wicked man to fall into the pit he hath digged for another.

We learn, that the matters above aluded to, were a number of original letters, ſent to England by ſeveral great men in this province and returned here, which were laid before the honourable Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, on the conſideration of which,

"VOTED, that the tendency and deſign of ſaid letters was to ſubvert the conſtitution of this government, and to introduce arbitrary power into the province."—

The doors leading to the galleries in the houſe continued ſhut whilſt the letters were reading.

Laſt Thurſday his Excellency the Governor was pleaſed to ſend the following meſſage to the Houſe of Repreſentatives.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

I AM informed that certain private letters ſaid to have been wrote by me to a Gentleman in England lately deceaſed were yeſterday laid before your houſe, and that you have come into a reſolution or vote that they tend to ſubvert the conſtitution.

I have never wrote any public or private letter with ſuch intention, and am not conſcious of any letter which can have ſuch an effect. Before you take any further proceedings, I muſt deſire that a tranſcript of the proceedings of yeſterday be laid before me, and that I may be informed to what letters they refer, in order to my conſidering what ſteps are proper for me to take upon the occaſion.

T. HUTCHINSON.

To which the Houſe on Saturday returned the following Anſwer.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

IN anſwer to your meſſage of the third of June, the Houſe of Repreſentatives have reſolved, that the dates of certain letters now before them, referred to in the meſſage, together with a tranſcript of the proceedings of the Houſe thereon, as requeſted by your Excellency, be laid before you.

And as your Excellency has been pleaſed in your Meſſage to ſay that you have never wrote any public or private letter with an intention to ſubvert the conſtitution, it is the deſire of this Houſe that your Excellency would be pleaſed to order, that copies be laid before us, of ſuch letters as your Excellency has written of thoſe dates, relating to the public affairs of this province; together with ſuch other letters as your Excellency ſhall think proper.

The agitation into which the late importation of *original Letters* has thrown the Governor's few friends, is hardly to be imagined. How to combat them is a queſtion of as much difficulty as ever came into a cabinet. A denial of their being genuine, has been moſt ſtrenuouſly eſſayed, but that ſhift appears ſo wretched a retreat that few ſeem fond of it.

June 10. A correſpondent has ſent us the following. "We hear by a perſon from Salem, that on Saturday laſt, a report prevailed there, of the G———r's being confined in the gaol of this town and bound in chains, by order of the Houſe, and that for writing the letters that have lately tranſpired through an infinite happy turn of providence."

We hear from good authority, that the families of ſome men of *diſtinction*, in this town, were thrown into the greateſt confuſion, on hearing that the extraordinary letters, which are now the topic of converſation, were returned here from England.

Yeſterday ſome *copies* of the letters lately returned from England were laid before the Hon. Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, and in the afternoon the *copies* were compared with the *originals*: The galleries were opened, and a great concourſe of people attended to hear their contents, who were filled with abhorrence of the meaſures propoſed to ruin the conſtitution of this unhappy province.

The letters read in the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly yeſterday, were ſigned by Meſſrs. Hutchinſon, Oliver and Paxton, names which will be but ſeldom bleſſed by poſterity, and which the preſent generation are as much diſaffected to, as they are to that of the notorious Bernard.

NEW-YORK, *June* 17.

The moſt probable foundation for the commencement of a war, appears to be the circumſtance of Sir Charles Saunders's hoiſting his flag, which he would not conſent to do, had he not been privately apprized of his going out upon actual ſervice. N. B. Our fighting commanders never allow a miniſtry to trifle with their reputation, by ſerving upon Spithead expeditions. When either Saunders, Keppel, or Howe once weigh their anchors, Gauls and Spaniards look to yourſelves.

On Tueſday laſt arrived here the ſhip Sally of Poole, Capt. Pearce, in ſeven weeks from Gibraltar, he touched at Carthagena, where a body of Spaniſh troops were daily expected, in order to be embarked on board of tranſports, as ſome pretend, towards carrying into execution the fixed plan, concerted by France, Spain and Sardinia, and make a diverſion in favour of the Turks, by attacking the Emperor's territories in Italy, others ay they are only for the exchange of ſome garriſons in Naples. Capt. Pearce ſaw in the harbour 14 line of battle ſhips, 13 of which were unrigged, unmanned and unmaſted.

PHILADELPHIA, *June* 21.

Capt. Bernard, from Savannah Lemar, on the 5th inſt. in lat. 24 : 33, long. —— ſpoke the ſhip Lark, Capt. Powell, belonging to this port, from the Bay of Honduras for Liverpool, out 30 days, and being ſhort of bread, Capt. Bernard ſpared him two barrels, and ſome other articles which he was in want of; and on the 16th, in lat. 38 : 12, long. —— ſpoke Capt. Miller, in a ſnow from London for Virginia, out 7 weeks, all well.——Capt. Bernard informs us, that on the 21ſt of May, as a ſchooner with 21 puncheons of rum on board, belonging to the ſhip Eſther, Capt. Harvey, of London, was going from Green Iſland to Savannah Lemar, ſhe was boarded by a boat with four Spaniards and three Frenchmen armed, who, after diſputing what they ſhould do with the Engliſhmen, agreed to give them the boat to go aſhore in, and then carried off the ſchooner.

Capt. Bunner from Georgia, on the 13th ult. in lat. 6 : 35, long. 74 : 30, ſpoke Capt. Calvert, in a brig from Virginia for Antigua, out one day, but having ſprung a leak the night he went out, was obliged to put back.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Nancy,	J. Hanſe,	Jamaica,
Brig Union,	T. Rawlins,	Grenadoes,
Sloop Henry,	E. Evans,	Tobago,
Sloop Woolwich,	J. Thorlo,	Jamaica,
Brig Elizabeth,	C. Stewart,	Jamaica,
Sloop Molly,	H. Waller,	Jamaica,
Brig Thomas,	T. Barnard,	Jamaica,
Brig Georgia Pac.	G. Bunner,	Georgia,
Sloop Charlotte,	J. Rivers,	Virginia,
Sloop Ruſſell,	N. Martin,	Maryland,
Sloop Friendſhip,	J. Warner,	Rhode-Iſland,
Brig Friendſhip,	W. Moore,	South-Carolina,
Sloop Peggy,	S. Hinckley,	Boſton,
Sloop Sally,	T. Alberſon,	New-York,
Sloop Phœnix,	J. Hewitt,	North-Carolina,
Brig Charlotte,	R. Montgomery,	N. Caſtle on Del.
Brig Peggy,	C. M'Kenzie,	N. Caſtle on Del.
Sloop Tryal,	J. Strong,	North Carolina.

OUTWARDS.

Brig Polly,	J. Lockton,	Barbados,
Sloop Woolwich,	J. Thurlo,	Piſcataqua,
Sloop Friendſhip,	J. Warner,	Rhode-Iſland.

CLEARED.

Brig Lowther,	M. Power,	Barbados,
Brig Laurel,	J. Gregory,	Piſcataqua,
Brig Antigua Pac.	J. Merry,	Antigua,
Sloop Dove,	D. Ferguſon,	New-York,
Ship Pitt,	J. Cheeſman,	Liſbon,
Sloop Molly,	E. Rogers,	Boſton,
Sloop Tryal,	T. Crippen,	Jamaica,
Sloop Peggy,	T. James,	Virginia,
Brig Rachel,	L. Simmons,	Madeira,
Sl. Peace & Plenty,	R. Mumford,	Rhode-Iſland,
Sloop Polly,	N. Saltonſtall,	Guadaloupe,
Ship Sally,	R. Keith,	Virginia,
Brig Peggy,	W. Mitchell,	Newfoundland,
Brig Monmouth,	J. Ute,	Gibraltar,
Sch. Hannah,	J. Smith,	St. Croix.
Brig Friendſhip,	W. Moore,	South-Carolina,
Sh. K. of Portugal	R. Bulkly,	Liſbon,
Sloop Betſy,	V. Wightman,	Rhode-Iſland,
Brig Suſanna,	W. Nichols,	Jamaica,
Sch. Polly,	A. Inkſon,	Charleſton.

PRICE CURRENT IN PHILADELPHIA.

	L.	*s.*	*d.*		*L.*	*s.*	*d.*
Flour, *per hund.*	0	17	6	Tar, *per barrel,*	0	12	6
Butter Bread,	3	0	0	Molaſſes, *per gal.*	0	1	9
Middling Biſket,	1	10	0	Weſt-IndiaRum,	0	3	4
Ship ditto,	0	17	6	Philadelphia do.	0	2	3
Rice, -	0	18	0	New-England do.	0	2	3
Cotton, *per lb.*	0	1	3	Wheat, *per buſh.*	0	7	0
Bohea Tea, -	0	4	0	Indian Corn,	0	2	10
Hemp, -	0	0	5	Fine Salt,	0	1	9
Penſyl. Loaf Sug.	0	0	11	Pipe Staves, *p. th.*	9	0	0
IriſhBeef, *per bar.*	3	7	6	Hogſhead do.	6	0	0
Country ditto -	3	2	6	Barrel do. -	3	0	0
Pork, -	4	7	6	Red Oak ditto,	4	0	0
Pitch,	0	18	0	Bar Iron, *p. ton,*	25	0	0
Turpentine, -	1	2	6	Pig Iron, -	7	10	0

Philadelphia, June 21.

THOMAS MUSHETT,

HAVING taken that large and commodious TAVERN at the ſign of the BUCK, on the five-mile round, lately occupied by Mr. DANIEL GRANT, begs leave to inform the public, that he has furniſhed the ſaid houſe in a neat and genteel manner for the accommodation of company. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their company, may be aſſured of his beſt endeavours to merit their approbation. Beſpoke dinners and entertainments will be carefully attended to. Ladies and gentlemen that ride for the benefit of the air, may have tea and coffee, morning and evening.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY handſome BRITON COLT, bright bay, four years old, and well broke to the ſaddle. Enquire of JOHN HALES, at his ſtables in Lombard ſtreet.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

WAS STOLEN out of the ſubſcriber's paſture, near Dover, in Kent county, on the night of the 10th of this inſt. June; a light ſorrel GELDING, about fourteen hands and an half high, four years old, has four white feet and a white face, neither brand nor ear-mark, his dock is long, and he carries his tail on one ſide when rode, he trots and gallops well, but paces none; he is in very good order, and lately ſhod before. Whoever brings the ſaid horſe to me, and ſecures the thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, or FIFTY SHILLINGS for the horſe only, and reaſonable charges, paid by

JOHN PENNELL.

Philadelphia, June 21, 1773.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from JOHN SERVICE, on Friday laſt (being the day he landed here from Ireland) a ſervant man named JAMES WHITE, 28 years of age, well made, and was formerly in the army; about 5 feet 9 inches high; had on when he went away, a white ſhirt, blue coat, old hat, coarſe trowſers, and old ſhoes with buckles in them. Whoever will take up ſaid ſervant and ſecure him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ISAAC HAZELHURST, merchant, in this city.

FOR CHARLES-TOWN, IN S. CAROLINA,

The BRIGANTINE
FRIENDSHIP,
WILLIAM MOORE, Maſter;

BEING conveniently provided with genteel accommodations for paſſengers; will ſail on Saturday next. For freight or paſſage apply to JOSEPH BLEWER, at his houſe, in Southwark, or to DANIEL ROBINSON, at his ſtore, on JOSEPH SIMS's wharf, who has for ſale, Carolina ſoal leather, and new rice.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEGRO LAD, who underſtands farming, is thought to be honeſt, and bears a good character: also a NEGRO GIRL, who underſtands houſe work, is to be ſold only for want of employment. Enquire of the printer hereof.

THE PUBLIC is hereby informed, that the Delaware Lottery, for the benefit of the College of New-Jerſey, &c. in which is one prize of Six Thouſand Dollars, two of Two Thouſand, four of One Thouſand, beſides many other valuable prizes, and not two blanks to a prize, will be drawn the beginning of October next. All gentlemen who have been intruſted with tickets, are deſired to give ſpeedy notice of the ſtate of the ſales; and as there may be many in different quarters willing to promote this lottery, to whom it is difficult to write, they are requeſted to ſend for tickets to Richard Stockton, Jonathan Sergeant, Eſqrs. or Mr. Enos Kelſo, at Princeton; to William P. Smith, William Livingſton, or Robert Ogden, Eſqrs. at Elizabeth Town, New-Jerſey; to Meſſrs. Brown and Co. at New-York; and in Philadelphia, to George Bryan, or Joſeph Read, Eſqrs. Drs. William Shippen, John Redman, or Robert Harris, Meſſrs. Andrew Hodge, Gunning Bedford, William Henry, John Bayard, Iſaac Snowden, Jonathan B. Smith, William Semple, Robert Paiſley, or William and Thomas Bradford; to Mr. David Walker, in New-Port, on Potowmack, Maryland; to Mr. Archibald M'Call in Rappahanock; to Mr. John Talliaferro, in Frederickſburgh, and Mr. William Holt, in Williamſburgh, Virginia; or to the following gentlemen, viz. George Munro, David Finny, John Thompſon, and Nicholas Vandyke, Eſqrs. Meſſrs. Samuel Patterſon, and David Clark, in New-Caſtle, who are appointed managers of ſaid Lottery, and will be on oath for the faithful diſcharge of the truſt repoſed in them.

TO THE PUBLIC.

STEPHEN LEISNER intends to carry on the buſineſs of reeling Silk, likewiſe reeling Cocoons for thoſe who make goods for themſelves or for ſale, which he flatters himſelf he can perform in the ſame manner, and equally as well, as that done in France; and the ſilk that he manufactures himſelf is worth 5*ſ.* per pound more than that reeled in this province, Carolina and Georgia. He divides and makes ready the ſilk for all ſorts of work, and deſires the people who bring their cocoons to him, only to take the flax out, and to ſend them when green, for the ſilk is much better of it, as people in general have not got the knowledge of a proper heat when to deſtroy the green, which makes them often burn the ſilk: He reels them double as well as ſingle, except they be ſo parched that he cannot reel them in the kettle. Propoſals—Seven ſhillings and ſix pence per pound for reeling the ſilk, and one penny per pound for killing the cocoons when green. He intends in a ſhort time to have ſome ſilks to ſell, and has now a reel to diſpoſe of, by applying to him at his factory in Race-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, at the dye-houſe of David Gorbet, ſilk dyer and ſcowerer, late from London. —Any perſon that would chuſe to learn to reel ſilk, by applying to him will be waited on.

PICTURES AND MAPS:

A large and excellent aſſortment of them, by the beſt maſters, are juſt imported, and to be ſold by

NICHOLAS BROOKS,

The ſecond door above the Coffee-Houſe, in Market-ſtreet. In this collection, among many others are the following.

THE ſeaſons, an original after Roſalba, in pear tree, beautifully painted; peace and plenty, finely coloured and beautifully ornamented; elegant characteriſtical pieces in green and gold frames, viz. Flora, the letter woman, the oyſter woman, the bathing beauty, Mrs. Yates in the character of Electra, the lady's maid ſoaping linen, Venus blinding Cupid by Strange, Joſeph and his miſtreſs, Venus attired by the graces, George Whitefield, John Weſtley, Thomas Jones, and Philip Doddridge, with many others of the moſt approved clergy; landſcapes, views of capital cities, ſcripture pieces, ſea pieces, ſporting pieces, and a very great number of fancy pieces, painted on glaſs in fine gold frames &c. &c. ſetts of the ſundry dock yards, with the men of war in them, beautifully ornamented; ſetts of the twelve monthly flowers, in beautiful frames; ſetts of baſkets of flowers; the paſſions of the ſoul as they are expreſſed in the human countenance, by Lebrun; with a variety of the moſt elegant ingravings and mezzotintoes, by the greateſt artiſts in Rome and London; maps of the world and of each quarter, Europe, Aſia, Africa and America; general atlas, containing 36 new maps, by Palairet and others, in one large book; likewiſe Dury's 45 maps, beautifully coloured and bound in a proper ſize for gentlemen's pockets; Albins birds beautifully coloured, in volumes, with their explanations; geographical playing cards and playing cards of antient hiſtory, lately invented for the inſtructive entertainment of young gentlemen and ladies, by an eminent clergyman in London; alſo a journey through Europe, or the royal amuſement, invented by Dr. Nugent, now uſed in London inſtead of the back gammon table; a variety of drawing books and flower books; ſetts of water colours in ſhells and out of ſhells with camel hair pencils; copperplate copy books, from the earlieſt attempt to the compleating of the moſt accompliſhed penmen; very neat fowling pieces; low priced pocket and horſe piſtols; German and common flutes; a good aſſortment of muſic; London made fiddles; pen engines, that any perſon can make a pen with as quick as ſhut their hand; lamps that reſemble a candle when burning, and is uſed with one quarter the expence of a tallow candle; beſt Dutch wax and wafers; ivory and mahogany cucumber ſlicers; ſilver and gilt gentlemen and ladies watches; a variety of pocket books; likewiſe original invention for marking linen in a peculiar method, with a liquid immoveable by the ſevereſt waſhing and boiling, which is more regular and beautiful than any needle work, and cannot be picked out, as is often the caſe when linen is marked in the uſual, but now diſapproved cuſtom, with ſilk, worſted or thread; it is neceſſary for gentlemen to print their names in books with red or black liquid prepared on purpoſe, or on meſſage cards or any other thing they may have occaſion for. A good aſſortment of jewellery and dry goods as uſual, &c. &c.

Philadelphia, June 14, 1773.

FOR KINGSTON, IN JAMAICA,

THE SHIP

AMERICAN,

FRANCIS GILBERT, MASTER;

A FINE veſſel, built of live oak and red cedar, and well accommodated for paſſengers; expected to be ready in four or five days to receive her cargo, and to ſail in twenty days. For freight or paſſage apply to STOCKER and WHARTON, or ſaid maſter.

SAMUEL JONES, TAYLOR,

TAKES this method of returning thanks to thoſe gentlemen and ladies, that have honoured him with their favours; and thinks proper to acquaint all thoſe that are indebted to him by bond, note, or book-account, to make ſpeedy payment, as he intends for England early in the fall; and thoſe that have any demands againſt him are deſired to bring in their accounts, that they may be adjuſted and paid.

N. B. His employers may depend on having their favours obeyed with diſpatch, and to their ſatisfaction, during his ſtay, at a low price for caſh.

Queen Ann's County, Maryland, June 2, 1773.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

ON Sunday laſt were ſtolen or ſeduced from the ſubſcriber, living in Queen Ann's County, oppoſite to Cheſter Town, in Kent County, Maryland, two Negro Girl Slaves, one named RACHEL, about nine or ten years of age, of a yellow complexion, well grown, has a ſcar on her throat under her right jaw, and two remarkably broad fore teeth. The other named SARAH, about five or ſix years of age, thick lips, hollow eyed, and the upper part of her noſe much ſunk. Theſe ſlaves were formerly the property of Elizabeth Adair, of Kent County aforeſaid, who intermarried with John Poſey, and were purchaſed of the ſaid John Poſey by Sarah Flower, with whom the ſubſcriber intermarried: As it is ſuppoſed that they have been taken away with a purpoſe of conveying them out of this province, all perſons are hereby cautioned againſt purchaſing them; and whoever will make known to the ſubſcriber the perſon or perſons who ſtole or ſeduced the ſaid ſlaves from him, and the perſon in whoſe poſſeſſion they are, ſo that they may be recovered, and the offender or offenders be puniſhed according to law, ſhall receive the above reward, from

EMANUEL KENT.

TWO DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED from off the Commons, near this city, on Tueſday the 18th day of May laſt, a middle-ſized brown milch COW, about nine or ten years old; her left horn having been broken, is about two or three inches ſhorter than the other. Whoever takes up ſaid Cow, and brings her to the ſubſcriber in Arch-ſtreet, near Fourth-ſtreet, ſhall receive the above reward.

JOHN CARITHERS.

Philadelphia, June 11, 1773.

STRAYED or STOLEN, a few nights ago, out of Potters Field, a large dark bay HORSE, fifteen hands two inches high, with a black mane and tail; has a large white ſaddle ſpot and the mark I P S, on his near ſhoulder. Whoever brings ſaid horſe to Mr. Dibley's, at the Croſs Keys the corner of Cheſnut and Third-ſtreets, ſhall receive FIFTEEN SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges; and for horſe and thief, ſo that the thief may be brought to juſtice, FORTY SHILLINGS, paid by

ALEXANDER IRWIN.

IF ISAAC SPRAGG, who came from Litchfield in England, will apply to the printer hereof, he may hear of ſomething to his advantage.

June 10, 1773.

THIRTY POUNDS REWARD.

RANAWAY, the 5th of January laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living near Baltimore Town, two ſervant men, viz. SAMUEL COWAN, (a joyner) who indented himſelf by that name in England, but, ſince his arrival here ſays his name is BOLLORD; was born in Pennſylvania, and learned his trade in Philadelphia, where he has ſeveral brothers and ſiſters, a brother in Reading, and ſeveral in different parts of that province, and the Jerſeys; he is well acquainted in almoſt every part on this continent; he is about twenty five years of age, about five feet ten inches high, is remarkable ſtraight and well made, has black eyes, is of a freſh complexion and lively countenance, and wears black hair tied behind. He had on, when he went away, a blue napped coat, lined with white ſhalloon, a coarſe fulled country cloth jacket and breeches, part white and part dark grey, old check ſhirts, leather breeches, coarſe white yarn ſtockings, and a pair of ſhoes with ſtrings in them and nailed.—PATRICK QUINN, (Yeoman) an Iriſhman, about forty years of age, about five feet five inches high, ſlow of ſpeech, has black hair, a large black beard, of a dark complexion, a thin viſage, has a high thin noſe, and ſtoops in his walk. He had on when he went away, a coarſe fulled country cloth jacket and breeches, with buttons of the ſame cloth, oznabrigs ſhirts, black and white ſtockings, and a pair of ſhoes with ſtrings and nailed.—They may have cut off their hair, changed their cloaths, and altered their names. They are great rogues and very artful, and will, if poſſible, make their eſcape when apprehended. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervants in any gaol, ſo that their maſter gets them again, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS; and if 50 miles from home, FIFTEEN POUNDS; if 100 miles, TWENTY POUNDS; if 200 miles, TWENTY FIVE POUNDS; and if 300 miles, the above reward, or in proportion for either of them, paid by

SAMUEL OWINGS, Junior.

June 7, 1773.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Monday, the 28th inſtant, will begin the drawing of Pettie's Iſland Caſh LOTTERY, for finiſhing Norrington Preſbyterian Church, purchaſing a lot of ground, and erecting thereon a German Lutheran Church, in Whitpain townſhip, Philadelphia county; and for the benefit of Newark Academy, and purchaſing ſome uſeful books and mathematical inſtruments, for three ſchools in the city of Philadelphia, which ſchools are taught by *Andrew Porter, David Alliſon, and James Burnſide.* As there are a conſiderable number of valuable prizes in each of the four claſſes, and but about a blank and an half to a prize in the three firſt claſſes, and more prizes than blanks in the laſt, adventurers have more encouragement in this ſcheme than in any hitherto publiſhed among us; they may be informed where tickets may be had, by applying to *Jacob Ruſh*, Eſq; Meſſieurs *Robert Porter, Martin Krieter, Deterick Reeſe, Alexander Power*, and *Andrew Porter*, in Philadelphia; Captain *Robert Currie*, and Mr. *William Armſtrong*, in Norrington; Meſſieurs *John Porter*, and *Paul Bower*, in Whitpain; Mr. *Stephen Bloom*, Gwinedth; Mr. *Adam Hoffman*, in Worceſter, Philadelphia county; who will faithfully ſuperintend the drawing of each claſs, and ſee that juſtice is done to the adventurers. Such perſons as have not an opportunity of applying to the above gentlemen, may have their orders forwarded, and ſee the ſcheme, by applying to Mr. *Nicholas Patterſon*, Store-keeper, in Bucks county; Mr. *William Ennis*, in Burlington; Mr. *William French*, in Abington; Mr. *William Scott*, Store-keeper, Meſſieurs *John Chriſtie, John Beaton*, and *John Todd*, in Cheſter county; *James Lattimore*, Eſq; in Newport; Doctor *M'Kinley*, Meſſieurs *Watkins Crampton*, and *John Elliot*, Tavern-keepers in Wilmington; and Doctor *John Kenner*, in Springfield Townſhip, Philadelphia county.

The Managers deſire their friends who have had tickets to ſell, to return ſuch as are unſold by the 18th inſtant, as the drawing will undoubtedly commence the time propoſed, there being but few tickets on hand.

DESERTED,

From the Barracks at Philadelphia, on the twenty firſt of May, 1773,

JOHN HOODLOSS, Bombardier, of Major David Hay's company, in the firſt battalion of the Royal Regiment of Artillery: He was born near Carliſle, in the county of Cumberland, in England, and was brought up to huſbandry, but has latterly aſſumed the character of a profeſſor and teacher of the ſcience of attack and defence with the ſmall ſword, commonly called FENCING; he is about thirty-two years of age, ſix feet high, ſtraight and well made, hath grey eyes, and dark brown hair with a mixture of grey; he went off in a ſhort nankeen coat, with linen waiſtcoat and breeches, and was at firſt ſuppoſed to have gone towards New-York, but has ſince, it is reported, been ſeen at Wilmington on the Delaware. Whoever apprehends the ſaid deſerter, and will deliver him up, or ſecure him in any of his Majeſty's gaols and give notice thereof to Lieut. Col. JAMES, or the commanding officer of the Royal Artillery at New-York, or to Major HAMILTON, commanding his Majeſty's troops at Philadelphia, ſhall receive ONE GUINEA reward, over and above the Twenty Shillings ſterling allowed by act of parliament for apprehending a deſerter.

June 7, 1773.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

RAN AWAY, the 15th of July laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living at Newfoundland, and nigh New-Germantown, in Baltimore county, and about 20 miles from Baltimore, two negro men, viz. CHARLES, 26 years of age, a full round faced fellow, has a pleaſant countenance, loſt one of his fore teeth in the upper jaw, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, ſtraight and well made, and pretends to be a doctor; took with him a felt hat, one white country linen ſhirt, tow linen trowſers and has been ſeen ſince with a ſcarlet lapelled jacket. TOM alias POMPEY, 24 years of age, a thin faced fellow, and very black, 6 feet high, ſtraight and well made, came from Kent county, Maryland, and lived laſt year with JOHN SHOWERS, a Dutchman, near Dughill, in Baltimore county, and can talk ſome Dutch; took with him a felt hat, tow cloth ſhirt and trowſers; he lately broke out of Newcaſtle gaol, with heavy irons on his legs. They had both paſſes. Whoever takes up the ſaid negroes and ſecures them in any gaol, ſo that the owner may get them again, ſhall receive the above reward, or TEN POUNDS for each, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by

JOSEPH CROMWELL.

N. B. They are both notorious villains, and have been taken ſeveral times and made their eſcape.

Newtown, Bucks County, June 7, 1773.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

BROKE gaol, at Newtown, in Bucks county, Pennſylvania, on Saturday laſt, in the evening, a man who calls himſelf ALEXANDER ANDERSON, alias WHITE; he appears to have ſomething of the negro in him, by his hair and complexion, marked with the ſmall-pox, is a well ſet fellow, about five feet, ſeven or eight inches high, ſeven or eight and twenty years old, a very ſaucy fellow and very quarrelſome when in liquor; he is very fond of company, has a ſmooth tongue, ſays he is an Iriſhman, ſomething of a gambler, was committed for felony and was in irons, but them he got off ſometime in the day before he broke out; it is likely the appearance of the irons is on his legs when his ſtockings are off. Had on and took away with him a half worn caſtor hat, and old lightiſh coloured wilton coat and veſt, ſeveral white ſhirts, old leather breeches, ſeveral pair of ſtockings of cotton, thread and woollen, old ſhoes with metal buckles; it is likely he will change his name and make for the ſeas. Whoever takes up and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's gaols, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

JOHN ANDERSON, Gaoler.

THOMAS RICE,

Late of the city of Dublin, Dry Scowerer,

CARRIES on ſaid buſineſs in Strawberry Alley, oppoſite Thomas Harriſon, Taylor's, near Market-ſtreet: The Public may depend on having all kinds of woollen cloths, velvets, and gold and ſilver lace, cleaned after the beſt manner, and on the ſhorteſt notice.

N. B. A few pairs of fuller's ſhears to be diſpoſed of at ſaid place.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

LOST or STOLEN, a curious gold horizontal STOP WATCH, of French conſtruction, with gold hour and minute hands, and enamelled plate containing the maker's name, Arthur à Paris. Whoever will bring the ſaid watch to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive the above reward; and if the watch be ſtolen, ſhall have TWO PISTOLES more for apprehending the thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice.

JOHN MORGAN.

N. B. If it ſhould be offered for ſale, or brought to any watch-maker for the ſake of repairs, it is requeſted the watch and the perſon offering it may be ſtopped, and notice given to the ſubſcriber.

Deer Creek, in Baltimore County, June 3, 1773.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN AWAY, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, an Iriſh convict ſervant man, named OWEN COYL, a ſmooth faced fellow, about twenty years of age, and about five feet ſeven or eight inches high; had on when he went away, a new felt hat cut in the faſhion, a ſailors grey jacket, a ſtriped linſey under ditto with ſleeves, a check ſhirt, old ticken breeches, good ſhoes, and ribbed ſtockings with no feet to them: He was imported in the ſchooner Polly and Sally, Capt. Slacum, to Newcaſtle, about three weeks ago. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant in any gaol, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward (including what the law allows) and reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by

WILLIAM WEBB.

N. B. He is a very great rogue, and ſays he has broke ſeven gaols in Ireland.

SAMUEL WHEELER,

CUTLER,

At his houſe in Second-ſtreet, at the ſign of the Scythe and Sickle, about midway between Market and Cheſnut-ſtreets, Philadelphia,

MAKES and has for ſale, for the enſuing harveſt, a quantity of ſcythes and ſickles: He likewiſe makes ſcale-beams, ſteel-yards, ſteel ſtamps for carpenters and ſmiths, iron or copper brands, and iron work for mills; alſo iron work for the Weſt-Indies, ſuch as axles for carts, &c. bill-hooks, hoes, ſpades, ſhovels, axes, &c. and performs moſt kinds of ſmiths work that any perſon's buſineſs may require.

Goſhen, Orange County, Province of New-York, Jan. 22, 1773.

WHEREAS a certain HANNAH JONES by maiden name, who was married to one Hugh Dougherty, an Iriſhman, left Goſhen about ſeven years ago, and her aged parents have never heard of her ſince; this is therefore to requeſt of her, if ſhe be living, to write to her parents, from whom ſhe may have ſomething conſiderable, they having a good eſtate, and no other daughter. It is requeſted as a favour of any perſon that can give intelligence of ſaid woman, to direct a letter to the ſubſcriber, or to THOMAS MULLEN in Front-ſtreet, near Race-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

SAMUEL JONES, Senior.

Trenton, Ferry 14, 1773.

THE public is hereby cautioned to beware of counterfeit HALF JOHANNESES, which are now paſſing; they are dated 1743, are ſomething larger than the true ones, ticker in the middle than on the edge, and are ſo well done as may, at firſt ſight, deceive the niceſt eye. A certain Andrew Boyd, a genteel likely young man, has been detected in paſſing two of the abovesaid counterfeits, was purſued and overtaken, but made his eſcape, leaving behind him a horſe, ſaddle and bridle, with a pair of ſaddle-bags; he is well known in many parts of New Jerſey, as a very great gambler; a conſiderable number of half johanneſes were ſeen with him. He is about 5 feet 8 inches high, had on a brown broad cloth coat, buff coloured jacket, buckſkin breeches, beaver hat, black hair tied behind; the horſe, ſaddle and bridle, with the ſaddle-bags, are now in the poſſeſſion of the ſubſcriber, in Trenton, to whom the ſaid Boyd paſſed one of the aforeſaid counterfeits, and from whom he made his eſcape, on Sunday the 9th inſtant.

CHARLES AXFORD, Jun.

Frederick County, Maryland, May 20, 1773.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE,

On THURSDAY the firſt day of July next, at the late dwelling-houſe of SAMUEL WICKHAM, deceaſed, for caſh or ſhort credit,

ONE Tract of LAND containing 126 acres, whereon is two dwelling-houſes, about 50 acres of cleared land, and ſeveral acres in good Timothy graſs. One Tract containing 100 acres, lying on Fiſhing Creek, whereon is one dwelling-houſe, about 40 acres of cleared land and ſeveral acres in good Timothy graſs, and convenient place to build a griſt mill. One Tract containing 458 acres, lying on the main road that leads from Frederick Town to York Town, whereon are two improvements, two dwelling-houſes, about 70 acres of cleared land, and ſeveral acres in good Timothy graſs on one improvement, and about 20 acres of cleared land on the other. Alſo one other Tract containing 110 acres, being all wood-land, by

JOSEPH WOOD, Junior.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by JOHN DUNLAP, at the NEWEST PRINTING-OFFICE, in MARKET-STREET, where Subſcriptions at TEN SHILLINGS *per Annum*, Advertiſements, *&c.* are thankfully received for this Paper.

JUNE, 1773. THE VOL. II. NUMB. 88.

The Pennſylvania Packet AND THE GENERAL ADVERTISER.

MONDAY, JUNE 28th 1773.

Quicquid agunt Homines, noſtri eſt Farrago Libelli. JUVENAL.

TO-MORROW,

AT NINE O'CLOCK, AT

JOHN HART's

VENDUE-STORE,

At the corner of SOUTH and FRONT-STREETS,

Will begin the SALE of a large and neat aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

HOUSHOLD FURNITURE,

WEARING APPAREL, &c.

TO BE SOLD,

A STOUT hearty NEGRO WOMAN, about twenty-three or twenty-four years old, has had the ſmall-pox and meaſles; ſold for no fault but her breeding. For further particulars enquire of the printer hereof.

A few pieces of IRISH LINENS ſorted, from 15d. to 4s. ſterling per yard, SHEETINGS from 2s. 8d. to 3s. 9d. and FINE TICKENS, juſt received per the Peggy, M'Kenzie, from Belfaſt, now opening and to be ſold exceeding cheap, for caſh only, by

MARY EDDY,

At her Ironmongery Store in Second-ſtreet, midway between Market and Cheſnut-ſtreets,

Who hath alſo imported in the Chalkley, Spain, and Concord, Volans, from Briſtol, the Pennſylvania Packet, Oſborn, and Catherine, Sutton, from London, and other late veſſels from London, Briſtol, &c.

A LARGE and great variety of ironmongery, cutlery, ſadlery, carpenters and joiners tools, &c. &c. which will be ſold very low for caſh or the uſual credit.

Baltimore, June 19, 1773.

IGNATIUS LABAT, being under the neceſſity of going immediately to Europe to ſettle ſome affairs which cannot be done unleſs he is there preſent, will diſpoſe of the remainder of a leaſe, being one year and ten months to come, of the houſe where he now lives, at the ſign of the CROWN and CUSHION in GAY-STREET, which is commodiouſly ſituated for an Inn or Tavern, and is very convenient, being three ſtories high, having three rooms on the firſt floor, three on the ſecond, two of which can be converted into one large and elegant room (by means of a ſhifting partition) very ſuitable for balls or public entertainments; four good lodging rooms in the third ſtory, beſides a very large garret, and two cellars under the whole: There is a billiard-table which belongs to the houſe, for which there is a ſeparate room; there is alſo a very good kitchen, ſtables, ſheds and outhouſes, with a large and convenient yard, and a ſmall garden. He will alſo diſpoſe of his houſhold furniture, conſiſting of tables, chairs, beds, bedſteads, looking-glaſſes, pictures, china and glaſs ware, &c. alſo his ſtock of liquors.—He requeſts all thoſe who are indebted to him to make ſpeedy payment, as the urgency of his buſineſs will admit of no delay; and thoſe who have any demands againſt him, are deſired to bring in their accounts, which ſhall be immediately diſcharged, by

IGNATIUS LABAT.

N. B. None need apply but ſuch as can give good ſecurity for the rent, and pay ready money for the furniture and liquors in caſe they would chuſe to purchaſe.

Baltimore County, June 21, 1773.

RAN AWAY, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living about ten miles from Baltimore, an indented ſervant man named WILLIAM JEFFRIES, an Engliſhman, twenty-five years of age, five feet ten inches high, of a dark complexion, is very much pock-marked, and has black hair curled; he has taught ſchool in the neighbourhood for ſeven months paſt: Had on and took with him when he went away, two check ſhirts, a white flannel jacket bound round with black worſted, two pair of oznabrigs trowſers, worſted ſtockings, and old ſhoes; he has been uſed to the ſea, and has a ſailor's hat with him. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and brings him to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have, if ten miles from home, TWENTY SHILLINGS; if twenty miles, FORTY SHILLINGS; and if out of the province, THREE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by

JOHN COCKEY.

TO BE DISPOSED OF,

THE time of ſervitude of a ſmart active negro boy, about eleven years old, who has ten years to ſerve, and has had the ſmall-pox and meaſles. Enquire of the printer hereof.

Baltimore County, June 21, 1773.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN AWAY, laſt Saturday night, from the ſubſcriber, living on Garriſon Ridge, nine miles from Baltimore Town, an Engliſh convict ſervant man named WILLIAM TALBEY, a ſhoemaker by trade, about five feet ſeven or eight inches high, about thirty-five years of age, has yellow ſhort curled hair, is pitted with the ſmall-pox, and talks in the Weſt Country dialect; had on and took with him when he went away, a black broadcloth coat, a brown fuſtian ditto, and a red broadcloth jacket with ſleeves; a white holland, a ſtriped holland, and two oznabrigs ſhirts; two hats, a beaver and a felt; black Barcelona handkerchief, a pair of new oznabrigs trowſers, a pair of white cotton ſtockings, black grain turn pumps, and white metal buckles. It is ſuppoſed he has a paſs. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have, if taken in the county, THREE POUNDS reward, and if out of the county, the above reward, and reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by

MICHEAL KRANER.

Baltimore, June 10, 1773.

SIX DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, an Iriſh ſervant lad named MEREDITH THOMAS, about five feet ſix inches high, and twenty years of age, or thereabouts; he is much pitted with the ſmall pox: Had on when he went away, a blue nap'd coat and jacket, light coloured pluſh breeches, dark check ſhirt, woollen ſtockings, old ſhoes and hat. 'Tis unknown what other things he may have taken with him. He came in the brigantine Boſcawen, Capt. Marſhall, from Londonderry, to this place, and it is ſuppoſed that he is on his way to Philadelphia, in company with a run-away fellow from Fell's Point, about his own ſize, who was taken up with this ſervant at Buſh Town, where they were handcuffed together, and made their eſcape with their irons on. 'Tis probable he may change part of his cloathing. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and brings him home, or ſecures him in any gaol, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

CHARLES YOUNG.

N. B. The ſaid ſervant has a forged paſs, and as he can write, he may forge one for his comrade. All maſters of veſſels and others are forbid to harbour, conceal or carry him off.

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RAN AWAY, in the morning of the 22d of this inſtant, June, from the ſubſcriber, living in Mill-creek hundred, and county of Newcaſtle, an indented ſervant man named THOMAS M'DERMOT, of a ruddy complexion, about five feet ſix inches high, a great pretender to muſick, and a good ſcholar; apt to get drunk: Had on when he went away, an oznabrigs ſhirt and tow trowſers, both new, an old hat, and new ſhoes tied with ſtrings: He is about twenty years of age. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's gaols, or brings him to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

JOHN DIXSON.

Philadelphia, June 23, 1773.

SIX DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Second ſtreet, the corner of Cheſnut-ſtreet, an Iriſh ſervant man named JOHN CARSON, about five feet five inches high, brown complexion, and fair hair tied behind: Had on when he went away, a blue coat much worn and broke at the elbows; a browniſh coloured thin jacket, the backs of a different colour, and very ragged; a pair of blue cloth breeches, almoſt new; coarſe ſhoes with pinchbeck buckles in them, and yarn ſtockings. He came in the brig Peggy, Capt. M'Kenzie. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

JOHN HANNAH.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels and others are forbid to harbour or carry him off at their peril.

By the DUKE *of* CUMBERLAND *Packet, Captain* GOODRIDGE, *arrived at* NEW-YORK *from* FALMOUTH, *we have the following Advices;*

CONSTANTINOPLE, *March* 17.

THE utmoſt diligence is exerted to fit out the fleet here, part of which is to be employed in carrying proviſions and warlike ſtores to Oczakow, and to protect the navigation in the Black Sea; and the reſt, being the largeſt ſhips, are to cruize at the entrance of the Dardanelles, as they did laſt year. The greateſt difficulty will be to man them, all our beſt ſailors having run away, and the reſt commit murders and robberies continually, in ſpite of the utmoſt vigilance of the government.

Baſtia, March 21. It is aſſured that the Emperor of Morocco has reſolved to ſend out all his armed veſſels to ſea, to attack the ſhips of a foreign power, which is ſaid to have furniſhed large ſums of money to the Ruſſians, and ſubſiſtance to their fleet in the Archipelago.

Rome, April 3. The fate of the Jeſuits is at laſt decided in the following manner. Father Rieci, their General, who is diſmiſſed, is to be made a Biſhop. The Society is ſuppreſſed here, and throughout all the Eccleſiaſtical State; as alſo in France, Spain, Portugal, the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, and in the States of the Duke of Parma. The Jeſuits, who have already made their profeſſion, are to be maintained out of the eſtates of the Society: but the novices are to be ſent home. The Holy Father's Bull is to be publiſhed in the week *in Albis*. The Pope is ready to grant the ſaid Bull to all Sovereigns who require it. At the ſame time will be publiſhed, the accommodation between the Courts of Bourbon and the Holy See, who is to be reſtored to the poſſeſſion of Avignon and Benevento.

Stockholm, April 9. In order to encourage population, the King has excuſed from the payment of perſonal contributions, ſuch as poll-tax, &c. all peaſants who have four or more children.

Dantzick, April 12. The Britiſh Conſul here lately received a courier, with advice that his Britannick Majeſty had intereſted himſelf ſtrongly with the King of Pruſſia to engage him to reſtore to this city the freedom of its commerce.

Warſaw, April 17. The Miniſters of three neighbouring powers went the 1ſt inſt. to the Biſhop of Cracow, and informed him of the reſolutions taken by their courts with reſpect to his Biſhoprick. In the evening there was a meeting at the Biſhop's, at which he appeared greatly irritated. Some give out, that he will be in this capital in 15 days, but others think he will retire to Rome. The latter opinion ſeems more probable, as, in a letter which he wrote to the Ruſſian Miniſter after the laſt conference, he ſays, "That as he could neither contribute to the ſaving his country, nor his religion, he had taken the reſolution to retire." To this Biſhop they attribute the bad ſucceſs of the Dietines held in ſeveral parts where he had influence.

From the Frontiers of Poland, April 21. The Pruſſian toll at Dantzick, which was ſuſpended for nine days paſt, is now again demanded, and even the ſhips which were then ſuffered to go free are now obliged to pay it. The orders for this proceeding came from Berlin the 17th inſtant; the reaſons for it are not yet known.

Paris, April 23. It is aſſured that the armament at Toulon is not ſuſpended: The veſſels fitting out there are the Languedoc, of 80 guns, commanded by the Count d'Eſtaing; the Thunderer, alſo of 80 guns, commanded by Monſ. de Rochemore, Admiral; the Zeal, of 74, by Monſ. de Broves; the Burgundy, of 74, by Monſ. de Sades; the Cæſar, of 74, by Monſ. de Tavieres; the Hardi, of 64, by Monſ. de Caliand; the Valiant, of 64, by the Chevalier Forbin d'Oppede; the Fantaſque, of 64, by the Chevalier de Fabry; the Sagittary, of 50, by Monſ. de Barrah; the Protector, of 74, by the Chevalier de Monteil; the Lion, of 64, by Monſ. Tronjoli; the Triton, of 64, by Monſ. de Reale. The frigates are the Atalanta and Sultana. The Commander de Glandeves is the Major of this fleet.

LONDON, *April* 16.

We have advice from Gibraltar, that an earthquake lately happened at Old Fez, in Africa, which overthrew ſeveral houſes, and deſtroyed many of the inhabitants.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, April 9.

" Letters from Stockholm adviſe, that a marriage is negociating between the King of Sweden's eldeſt brother, and a certain German Princeſs, whoſe name, however, they do not think proper to mention; and it is ſaid this match will be accelerated on account of there being very little proſpect of the King's having children by his Queen."

The Speaker of a certain great aſſembly it is reported, has actually told the Premier, that he is greatly afraid of giving orders to the door keepers to refuſe admittance to Mr. Wilkes on the 26th inſtant, as he had received certain information, that Col. Barre intends in that caſe to move for an impeachment againſt him.

April 17. Yeſterday a meſſenger was diſpatched to the Queen of Denmark at Zell, ſuppoſed to convey ſome intelligence relative to an intended marriage in the North.

April 20. It is aſſerted that the French Miniſtry have propoſed ſeveral regulations with reſpect to trade between England and France: Among others, that if the Engliſh legiſlature will admit the importation of Cambricks, in the ſame manner as before the laſt act paſſed to prevent the importation of Cambricks and French Lawns, the French will allow the importation into France of all ſorts of cutlery and Birmingham wares, by which ſome ſay England would be a great gainer.

Extract of a letter from Stockholm, March 30.

" The King has been pleaſed to promote Major-Generals Baron Wrede and Baron Cronſtedt to the rank of Lieutenant-Generals, and Col. Hierta to that of Major-General. The command of the Drabants is given to Count Charles Emile Lewenhaupt.

" A publication has been made here, that all ſorts of grain may be imported free of duties, in foreign as well as Swediſh ſhips, till the end of June next; but it is not declared whether the foreign ſhips which bring Corn hither are to be free from the heavy impoſitions they pay, more than the Swediſh ſhips, for pilot and light money, and port expences."

This day a great patriot ſent a moſt ſpirited letter to the Speaker of a great Aſſembly, complaining of the violation of the rights of Election, and aſſigning very powerful reaſons for his non-attendence on Monday next.

April 21. The Grand Seignior has freed the Republic of Raguſa from their tribute, on condition that they furniſh two men of war of 30 guns, compleatly manned, &c. beſides a certain number of gallies.

April 22. The laſt accounts from Dantzick have thrown our politicians into an extraordinary dilemma; for what the P—ſ—n tyrant can require, beſides non-reſiſtance and exorbitant levies, with reſpect to any city, is beyond their utmoſt comprehenſion.

The complaint now talked of againſt the ſervants of a certain great Company, and which it is ſaid, will ſpeedily be laid before an auguſt aſſembly, will, it is imagined, be productive of no worſe conſequence than cauſing ſome additional drafts on the purſes of their maſters.

The Duke of Nivernois, and the Duke of Coſſé, his ſon in-law, are to ſet out for London the latter end of next month, upon a very particular commiſſion; our politicians draw before-hand the moſt flattering hopes of ſuch an able negociator.

April 26. It is ſaid the commanding officers flag (in the ſquadron fitting out) will be on board the Namur, of 90 guns; Capt. Hervey will command the Royal Oak; and the Sandwich, of 90 guns, will be fitted out and ſent to ſea after him; Sir Peter Parker is to have a 74 gun ſhip; Capt. Abdy is appointed to the Milford, Capt. Dent, to the Sea Horſe; and Capt. M'Bride to raiſe ſeamen in Dublin, and Capt. Paſcal in Guernſey.

Bets were done in the city on Friday and Saturday laſt, fifty guineas to receive a hundred if we ſhould not be engaged in a war before the firſt of July next. It is ſaid many thouſands have been ſported in this manner, more particularly on Saturday laſt.

Yeſterday two Eaſt-Indian Princes and their conſorts, with a young female child belonging to them, were preſented to their Majeſties at St. James's, and graciouſly received. They were richly dreſſed in the eaſtern manner, with diamonds hanging from their ears to their breaſts, nearly reſembling chains.

Laſt Friday a further proof of Mr. Moore's windlaſs was made on board the Betſey, Capt. Adamſon, when more than forty fathom of cable was hove in againſt the flood tide, in the middle of the Thames, and the anchor weighing ten hundred, excluſive of the ſtock, was taken up to the bows in eleven minutes, by two men only. It was the firſt time theſe men attempted to work one of Mr. Moore's windlaſſes, therefore a little practice will make them more expert, as one man with Mr. Moore's leavers, has repeatedly weighed the aforeſaid anchor.

April 27. On Saturday Mr. Reynolds, late Under Sheriff for Middleſex, went to the petty bag office, and demanded Mr. Wilkes's certificate as one of the Knights of the ſhire for that county. Mr. Charles Frewen, Deputy Clerk of the Crown, not being at the office, Mr. Reynolds returned there yeſterday morning at eleven, and made the ſame demand. Mr. Charles Frewen ſhewed Mr. Reynolds the return to that office falſified by the Houſe of Commons by the eraſure of Mr. Wilkes's name and the inſertion of Mr. Luttrell's.

Yeſterday at noon Mr. Wilkes in perſon went into the rooms belonging to the clerk of the Houſe of Commons adjoining to the Houſe, and demanded to be ſworn in before a commiſſioner. He likewiſe ſent to a commiſſioner by another member to demand the commiſſioner to adminiſter the oaths to him as one of the Members for Middleſex. The commiſſioner refuſed to ſwear him in. Mr. Wilkes then deſired a Member to ſtate that fact to the Houſe, and ſent the following paper to Mr. Glynn:

(COPY)

" Mr. Wilkes complains againſt Mr. Frewen, Deputy clerk of the Crown, for refuſing him the proper certificate as one of the Knights of the ſhire for the county of Middleſex, and againſt Mr. Stracey, one of the clerks of the office where the members are uſually ſworn, who informed Mr. Wilkes, that in the courſe of office no member can be ſworn, who is elected ſince the General Election, without producing a certificate of ſuch election from the Clerk of the Crown.

JOHN WILKES."

Room belonging to the clerk of the Houſe of
Commons, Monday afternoon, three of
the clock, April 26, 1773.

Mr. Serjeant Glynn then moved the Houſe, that the returning officer of Middleſex be called to account for a change of return, by ſubſtituting of Mr. Luttrell for Mr. Wilkes. Mr. Glynn obſerved, that the caſe of the Middleſex election was now ſo clear to all mankind, that it would be affronting the underſtanding of the Houſe to attempt an elucidation of it.

Mr. Dyſon ſpoke to order.

Mr. Glynn replied ſlightly, that that gentleman was ſo great a maſter of order, that he ſubmitted to the mode, provided the thing was done.

Mr. Sawbridge then aroſe, and ſeconded Mr. Glynn's motion; and upon the queſtion being called for, the Speaker announced the noes, but it was aſſerted the ayes had it. A diviſion enſued, in which the numbers were 224 againſt Mr. Wilkes's reception, 127 for it.

Sir George Saville then made his annual motion for reverſing the determination in the caſe of the Middleſex election. He remarked ſlightly the great outlines of the argument which he had ſo often urged againſt that famous deciſion; he obſerved that he had the ſatisfaction of obſerving that in proportion as time paſſed over the tranſaction, it became clearer in the eyes of all mankind; that now the world ſaw clearly the tendency of that fatal vote; the minds of men were conciliated gradually to the opinions of the minority; that he muſt expreſs the amazement he was in that ſo many men could yet hold out againſt conviction; that no caſe in Arithmetic could ever be more deciſive; and concluded with profeſſing that the affairs of Europe at preſent, he doubted not, would have the effect of clearing the intellects of the Houſe on this important point.

A motion was made, and the queſtion was put, that leave be given to bring in a bill for more effectually ſecuring the rights of the electors of Great-Britain, with regard to the elegibility of perſons to ſerve in Parliament:

The Houſe divided, ayes 151. Noes 201.

The order of the day was then called for, for the Houſe to reſolve itſelf into a committee of the whole Houſe to conſider the affairs of the Eaſt-India Company.

Mr. Solicitor General divided yeſterday with the minority.

Extract of a letter from Guernſey, April 16.

" Yeſterday about a quarter before two, a ſmart ſhock of an earthquake was felt throughout the whole iſland: it laſted near a minute, and was accompanied by a noiſe like the rolling of a cart on a ſtone pavement. It alarmed many perſons, and we are not without apprehenſions that the ſeverity of this ſhock may have been felt on the continent. There was another ſhock this morning at four: and by a boat come from Sark, a neighbouring iſland, this laſt has been more ſeverely felt there, than that of yeſterday."

April 28. An Arret is publiſhed at Paris, by which all Lockſmiths, and perſons working in Iron, are forbidden to make any utenſil whatever ſerving for the coinage of money, or of which the uſe is not known to them, until they have obtained a legal permiſſion; on pain of being puniſhed with death, as accomplices in coining.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, April 20.

" The laſt letters from Berlin adviſe that the Landgravine of Heſſe-Darmſtadt is expected at Potſdam the latter end of this month, with the two Princeſſes her daughters. They are going to Peterſburg, where it is ſaid the Grand Duke is to chooſe one of them for his future ſpouſe. The Landgravine is to receive 50,000 roubles from the Court of Ruſſia, to defray the expences of her journey to Riga, and from thence ſhe will be conducted at the expence of the Empreſs to Peterſburg. The Princeſs, whoſe lot it ſhall prove to return home with her mother, will, it is ſaid, have a penſion ſettled upon her of 10,000 roubles per annum. It is alſo ſaid, that the Landgravine herſelf will have a penſion for life."

A letter from Paris ſays, it may be depended on that the different orders of the Clergy have conſented to the naturalization of the Jews.

The Nancy, Capt. Walton, from the Weſt-Indies, is foundered off Weymouth in a gale of wind. The crew were taken up by a veſſel from Hamburgh.

Letters by the laſt mail from Dublin, mention that 200 natives of that kingdom had juſt embarked on board a ſhip in the river Liffey, for the Iſland of St. John's, Newfoundland, where they are now going to ſettle.

April 29. The Mackarel, Capt. Dorſet, from South-Carolina to Cowes, foundered at ſea the 4th inſtant. The crew were taken up by another ſhip, and carried into Loweſtoffe.

Agents are now employed in ſeveral parts of England, buying up horſes for an army, but whether for the Engliſh, French, Daniſh, or Pruſſian army, is at preſent a ſecret.

A certain great man in office, it is ſaid, oppoſed Mr. Wilkes's taking his ſeat, merely becauſe of the *damning* proofs he had, ready to produce, of his being an enemy to the true intereſt of his country.

Though it may not be for our intereſt, in caſe of a war, to be without the Dutch, yet it may juſtly be deemed high policy, if they can maintain a perfect neutrality in the preſent jangling ſtate of Europe.

Monday a very capital Houſe in this city ſtopped payment.

Extract of a letter from Madrid, April 1.

" The formidable preparations, which are making in the ſea-ports of Spain, and the great numbers of ſoldiers raiſed and moſtly embarked for the Weſt and Eaſt-Indies, certainly indicate that a war is not far off; but with what power, the moſt obſtruſe ſpeculators of our politicians cannot develope with any juſt degree of certainty."

May 1. The King of Pruſſia is the only wiſe King in Europe. He is at once the mortal enemy of all the reſt, and the ſpecious friend. But his friendſhip with Ruſſia is moſt remarkable. Three years ago he and the Empreſs hated each other like cut-throats. No ſooner, however, did ſhe invite him to partake of the Poliſh plunders, than he varied his note, and profeſſed adoration of the Empreſs. Her picture is hung up in his Audience-chamber; he looks up to her with as much awe (*eſpecially when the Ruſſian Ambaſſador is preſent*) as if ſhe was St Catherine; he talks of her as a being above mortals; and he has wrote an ode to her, in French. We may excuſe him, when we conſider that he got two or three fine provinces for theſe grimaces.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, April 26.

" Twelve men of war have been ordered to be fitted out; in conſequence of which the Funds have fallen within theſe four days 18 per cent. The motive for this armament is not known; it is generally conjectured that theſe preparations are the conſequence of the vigourous meaſures purſuing in France and England. We can aſſure nothing upon the ſubject till the 28th, at the opening of the States-General."

The Officers of the Troops at St. Vincents have ſent over a petition to his Majeſty, ſetting forth the great expences they have been at during the late expedition and the danger they were expoſed to by the unwholeſomeneſs of the climate; and therefore praying, that when the newly acquired Lands are to be ſold or given away, they may have the offer of part of them.

They write from Stockholm, that the report of a French fleet coming up the Baltic is very prevalent there.

May 3. Recent letters from Breſt adviſe, that orders had been received there for fitting out all the capital ſhips at that port for immediate ſervice, which were ordered to be victualled and manned with the greateſt expedition.

By a veſſel from Martinico we learn that the French garriſon in that iſland, and French ſettlements, have been re-garriſoned by freſh troops from Europe.

The laſt mail from Liſbon confirms the account of the French having made ſome unſucceſsful attempts on the Portugueſe ſettlements in Africa.

By an expreſs from Gibraltar, the Governor informs the Court, that he daily expects an attack from the Spaniſh troops.

By the lateſt accounts from the Continent we learn, that orders have been iſſued, that an hundred carpenters be ſent from Marſeilles to Toulon, in addition to thoſe already employed, and that every thing ſeems to wear the appearance of a maritime war.

It is now believed that the Porte never meant to be ſerious with the Ruſſians in their conferences, or to give up one point of importance contended for, the ſole object being only to gain time, and to be more at liberty to cruſh the attempts of Chiek Daher and Ali Bey.

By the late reports from the ſeveral Dock-yards in this Kingdom, it is made evident, that our navy has not been ſo formidable for theſe fifty years paſt as at preſent.

Extract of a letter from Portſmouth, May 3.

" Arrived at Spithead from Plymouth, the following Men of war, viz. the Albion, Torbay, Dublin, Kent and Boyne, of 74 guns each, and the Somerſet of 64 guns, which makes 16 ſail of the line, and ſix Frigates.

" Laſt night Lieut. Col. Boyd, Lieut. Governor of Gibraltar came down here; he is going out to his Government in the Thames Frigate, Capt Locker, which is expected to ſail to-morrow."

By a private letter from the County of Antrim, in Ireland, the accounts of the public papers, " that upwards of 16,000 of the inhabitants have emigrated to America in the courſe of the laſt three years, all from the Northern Counties," are confirmed.

May 5. Letters from the Continent ſay, it is certain that the Puſſian Ambaſſador left Conſtantinople rather abruptly.

A correſpondent obſerves, there needs no greater proof of the decay of trade in France than the city of

Lyons (one of the principal) negociating a loan at Genoa of Five Millions of livres.

It is computed that the Eaſt-India Company were robbed of upwards of one million, by the peculations of their ſervants charged upon the Fort of Calcutta only. This appears by the reports lately publiſhed. If ſo much plunder was committed in one account, what muſt be the immenſe amount of all the accounts?

Extract of a letter from Warſaw, April 20.

"Some time ſince, his Poliſh Majeſty, on the repeated complaints of ſome of his ſubjects, ſeized upon an Auſtrian and a Ruſſian General, and committed them to the Caſtle of Rava, in the palatinate of Siradia; as they had much oppreſſed the inhabitants where their troops were quartered, and aſſumed to themſelves a power of taxing and raiſing what contributions they pleaſed. The Poles highly approve of their King's ſpirited behaviour in the affair, but the Courts of Peterſburgh and Vienna much condemn it, and have ſent orders for the releaſement of their Generals, which the King of Poland has peremptorily refuſed."

May 6. The maſter of a veſſel juſt arrived from France aſſures us, that a ſquadron of men of war ſailed from Breſt laſt month, but it was not known what courſe they ſteered; the following ſhips were ſaid to be among the above ſquadron, Le Serieux 66, Le Diamant 56, Le Jaſon 52, Le Rubis 52, and La Gloire of 44 guns.

Advice is received from Copenhagen, that orders were given for ſome Daniſh men of war to be fitted out with the greateſt expedition, for the ſecurity of his Majeſty's ſubjects in the Mediterranean.

Orders are given for batteries to be erected on all the forts in Scotland, in caſe of any attempts to land in thoſe parts.

On the 7th of May the Lords Sandwich, Rochford, Suffolk and Gower will ſet out for Portſmouth, to make a ſurvey of the fleet now ready for ſea.—Verily this ſame armament does not ſeem likely to turn out an affair of mere parade.

Extract of a letter from Paris, April 24.

"Orders have been juſt ſent off from here to Toulon, for continuing the preparations now going on there, notwithſtanding the many reports to the contrary; and it is farther reported, that the ſhips are to be divided into two ſquadrons, one of which is to ſail for the Baltic, and the other is to act in the Mediterranean, and be reinforced by ſeveral gallies, which are now fitting out at Marſeilles for that purpoſe."

The Ruſſian General Tottleben, who died lately at Warſaw, is ſaid to have declared juſt before his death, that two things only troubled him; the firſt was that he ſhould die in his bed; the ſecond, that he found he ſhould not live to receive an anſwer from the Empreſs his Sovereign to a memorial, which he had laid before her in favour of the Republic of Poland.

By advices from Morocco, we learn, that the Emperor's ſecond ſon had gone off, with almoſt all his father's treaſures, and had retired into the country, at the head of a numerous body of rebels, and when the letters came away the Emperor was preparing to follow him with a powerful army.

Yeſterday General Parker kiſſed his Majeſty's hand on being appointed Colonel of the 20th regiment of foot, in the room of Bernard Hale.

It is ſaid, every engine of G———t is now at work to avert the ſtorms in the political horizon, and the reaſon is obvious, the very exiſtence of our preſent M———rs depend on their pacifick meaſures.

However a certain great hero manages, his treaſures appear to be inexhauſtible, in ſo much that his neighbours are almoſt tempted to ſuſpect he has made himſelf maſter of the ſecrets of Alchemy, whilſt themſelves are the puppets that muſt dance to the golden wires he ſeems fitting for each of them.

Such contradictory accounts are hourly imported, that even the adepts in the myſteries of politicks are at a loſs what concluſions to draw from them.

The Dutch, with the prudence peculiar to their ſyſtem of government, at the ſame time that they profeſs a Neutrality, hold themſelves in readineſs to proceed in future as exigencies may require.

A Correſpondent ſays, it is now beyond a doubt, that ſhould a war be inevitable, L—d Ch—m will once more preſide in a department for which he proved himſelf ſo well qualified, and from which, it is wiſhed by all true lovers of their country, he had never been compelled to retire.

An ambaſſador is daily expected from the Court of Spain, but who is appointed is not yet known here.

The French Ambaſſador, it is ſaid, will ſet out on his return home immediately after his Majeſty's Birth day.

His Excellency, we hear, will be accompanied on his return by a noble Lord, who, it ſeems, has an affair of honour to ſettle with him.

Extract of a letter from Chatham, May 5.

"Orders are received at this dock-yard for our Artificers to work one tide a day extra, for four months, they accordingly began laſt Saturday.

"The Triumph and Marlborough, guard-ſhips of 74 guns each, are under orders to ſail from this port to the Nore, the wind being unfair, they have been detained here for ſeveral days paſt, and ſtill remain for a fair wind to carry them to the Nore, at which place they are to wait till further orders.

"His Majeſty's ſhips the Ramilies, of 74 guns; Invincible, of 74; Ruſſel of 74; and Ardent of 64 guns, which were ordered to be fitted for guardſhips to lie at this port, are now countermanded.

KINGSTON, *(in Jamaica) May* 1.

On the 6th of December was wrecked on the Northern Triangles, a Spaniſh regiſter ſhip named the Thetis, commanded by Don Diego Britto, mounting 26 twelve pounders, bound from Rio Dulce to the Havannah, on board of which was 100,999l. regiſtered money, and private property to a very great amount, particularly 2780 ſerons of indigo, a great quantity of ſpecie and wrought plate. The regiſtered money was ſaved by James Farrell, Eſq; of Honduras, and tranſmitted to the Governor of Baccalao. The private property was in general plundered or concealed by other ſettlers at the Bay. There were 116 people belonging to her, that were taken off the keys, after being ſixty four days thereon. Mr. Farrell is now here to ſolicit aſſiſtance from Sir George Bridges Rodney, in behalf of the unhappy ſufferers.

BOSTON, *June* 7.

We hear that yeſterday the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives paſſed a number of RESOLVES, reſpecting the letters ſigned *T. Hutchinſon*, *A. Oliver*, *R. Auchmuty*, *C. Paxton*, and *N. Rogers*. The copies of which letters have been printed and are to be ſold by *Edes* and *Gill*.

Many perſons who have read the letters, ſince their publication, are ſurpriſed at the clamour which has been made againſt the Governor, when there is ſo little foundation, in thoſe ſigned T. Hutchinſon, for the reports that have been propagated.

NEW-YORK, *June* 24.

By a gentleman arrived laſt week in the Lorrain, Capt. Tinley, in 56 days from Cadiz, we are informed that the crops this year in Spain, Portugal and the whole ſouth of Europe, were expected to be unuſually plentiful. At Liſbon the flour of this continent was all ſtored there, not being a demand for a ſingle barrel, although wheat at that time ſold for 52 Reals.

By accounts from Teneriffe, dated May 2d. we are informed that eleven ſail of French veſſels, upon a new conſtruction, were ſailed from Breſt, one of the ſquadron was then in Teneriffe harbour, they were all to rendezvous at the Iſland of Palma, are loaded with naval ſtores, mortars, ſhells and every other tremendous engine of deſtruction, bound for Pondicherry; this augurs ill of the Aſiatic tranquility. Each of theſe veſſels mounts 18 nine pounders, they are built exceeding ſharp, and have two triſails, one on the foremaſt, the other on the mainmaſt

Laſt night arrived the ſloop Dolphin, Capt. Joſeph Stringham, ſhe came from the Northern Triangles, where the Spaniſh ſhip Thetis, of immenſe value, was wrecked on the 6th of December laſt.

PHILADELPHIA, *June* 28.

Captain Caſſon, from Liſbon, on the 10th ult. in lat. 35 : 53, long. 13 : 48, ſpoke a ſhip, Capt. Anderſon, from Virginia for Cadiz, out 31 days, all well: On the 4th inſt. in lat. 28, long. 52, ſpoke a ſloop from Boſton for Barbados, out 18 days, who had met with a hard gale of wind and had loſt all his horſes and cattle off the deck: On the 15th, in lat. 33 : 31, long. 70 : 21, ſpoke a brig from Rhode-Iſland for Dominica, out 8 days; and on the 19th, ſpoke a ſhip, Capt. Cheek, from Jamaica for London, out 3 weeks, all well.

Captain Waddell, from Providence, on the 13th inſt. about 8 leagues to the eaſtward of Cape-Fear, ſpoke a brig from London for Cape-Fear, but it blowing hard, could not learn the maſter's name, or how long out.

Captain Robinſon, from Liſbon, on the 18th inſt. in lat. 35 : 3, long. 68 : 23, ſpoke a ſloop, Capt. Clark, from Cape-Fear for Teneriffe, out 12 days, and on the 19th, in lat. 35 : 43, long. 69 : 42, ſpoke a ſhip, Capt. Jackſon, from Jamaica for London, out 24 days.—The ſhip Kitty, from Baltimore, arrived at Liſbon the 19th of May.

Captain Ellis, from Providence, on the 19th inſt. in lat. 26 : 50, long. 74, ſpoke a ſloop from Norfolk in Virginia, out 1 day, but it blowing freſh could not learn the maſter's name, or where bound.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman of eminent character in Savannah, to his friend in this place, dated Savannah, (in Georgia) June 3.

"On Sunday laſt the 30th ult. in the evening, it was diſcovered that the Orphan-Houſe was on fire, which immediately ſpread, with ſo much rapidity, that it was ſoon entirely deſtroyed, and but very little of the furniture ſaved; but, luckily, the two new wings, which ſtand detached from the houſe, were preſerved. It is ſuppoſed to have been ſet on fire by lightning; for, as there had been no fire made in the houſe for ſome time before, it cannot be aſcribed to any other cauſe: But what is ſurpriſing in the affair, is, that the thunder happened in the morning, and it was between 7 and 8 in the evening before the flames broke out. The people in the houſe had, through the day, been ſenſible of a ſtrong ſmell of ſulphur and ſmoke, but, though they made ſearch, could diſcover no other ſigns of fire, 'till the ſmoke and flames appeared in the evening burſting through the roof. Thus fell the Orphan-Houſe,—the object, for many years, of your late worthy friend's care. The building was an ornament and credit to the province, and had Mr. Whitefield's favourite plan, of eſtabliſhing a College there, been carried into execution, it would have been of the greateſt utility to this young colony, where a proper ſeminary for youth is much wanted. It was, I know, what he had much at heart, and, had he lived, would have taken place before this."

Laſt Friday morning Dr. GRAHAM, Oculiſt and Auriſt, arrived at his houſe in this city, from Williamſburgh, in Virginia.

On the tenth inſt. was married at Cheſter, Mr. JOSEPH MIFFLIN, of this city, merchant, to Miss DEBBY RICHARDSON, daughter of Mr. FRANCIS RICHARDSON, of that place.

On Friday laſt departed this life, JASPER SCULL, Eſq; of the town of Reading, to the great grief of his family, and numerous acquaintance.

⁂ Notice is hereby given, that a MAYOR's COURT will be held, for the city of Philadelphia, at the State-Houſe in ſaid city, on Tueſday, the ſixth day of July next. JUDAH FOULKE, *Sheriff.*

City of Philad. ſſ. BE it remembered, that on the 18th day of June, 1773, we have ſet the aſſize of loaf bread, which ſhall be ſold, or expoſed to ſale in the ſaid city (until a future aſſize ſhall be ſet) according to the rates ſpecified below. Witneſs our hands,

JOHN GIBSON, Mayor,
THOMAS LAWRENCE,
SAMUEL SHOEMAKER.

Beſt FINE FLOUR, *Twenty-two Shillings and Three-pence*, per C.
MIDDLINGS, at *Eighteen Shillings and Six-pence*, per C.
RYE, at *Thirteen Shillings*, per C.

WhiteBread	*lb.*	*oz.*	*Middl. do.*	*lb.*	*oz.*	*Rye do.*	*lb.*	*oz.*
1d. loaf is	0	6½	1d. loaf is	0	7⅜	1d. loaf is	0	9½
2d. ditto,	0	13	2d. ditto,	0	14¾	2d. ditto,	1	3
4d. ditto,	1	10	4d. ditto,	1	13½	4d. ditto,	2	6
8d. ditto,	3	4	8d. ditto,	3	11	8d. ditto,	4	12
12d. ditto,	4	14	12d. ditto,	5	8½	12d. ditto,	7	2

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sch. Lucretia,	J. Moore,	Virginia,
Sch. Top-ſail Pac.	J. A. Campbell,	North-Carolina,
Sl. Triſtram.	R. Muir,	North Carolina,
Sl. Vine,	Z. Waterman,	North Carolina,
Sl. Phœnix,	J. Sturrup,	New Providence,
Sl. Succeſs,	J. Eve,	Virginia,
Sch Three Brothers,	P. Bayard,	North Carolina,
Sl. Zephyr,	T. Wadham,	New Providence,
Sch. Betſy,	T. Ellis,	New Providence,
Sch. Delaware,	B. Goodhue,	Salem New Eng.
Sch. Lovely Laſs,	J. Stephens,	Maryland,
Sch. Becky,	R. Harris,	Georgia,
Ship Fame,	J. Duncan,	St. Croix,
Sl. Eliz. & Sarah,	R. Bedlow,	St. Croix,
Ship Hetty,	E. Davis,	Ferol,
Sl. Peggy,	J. Barry,	Montſerrat,
Br. Recovery,	W. Lawrence,	Hiſpaniola,
Sl. Charming Betſy,	J. Ingraham,	Jamaica,
Sl. Cæſar,	T. Forreſter,	Hiſpaniola,
Brig Three Friends,	W. Brown,	Grenadoes,
Ship Peggy,	E. York,	Madeira,
Br. Peggy & Sally,	G. Forreſter,	Jamaica,
Ship Sally,	S. Covill,	Liſbon,
Sh. Nancy & Sucky,	J. Robinſon,	Liſbon,
Sh. Rebec. & Suſan.	R. Caſſon,	Liſbon.

OUTWARDS.

Sloop Friendſhip,	J. Warner,	Rhode-Iſland,
Sloop Sally,	R. Carman,	Jamaica,
Brig Dove,	W. Allen,	Barbados,
Ship American,	T. Gilbert,	Jamaica,
Ship Renown,	W. Keith,	Liſbon,
Sl. Eliz. & Sarah,	J. Bedlow,	St. Croix,
Sloop Charlotte,	J. Rivers,	Virginia,
Brig Elizabeth,	C. Stewart,	Jamaica,
Sh. Rebec. & Suſan.	R. Caſſon,	Liſbon.

CLEARED,

Sloop Woolwich,	J. Thorlo,	Caſco-Bay,
Sloop Phœnix,	J. Hewitt,	North Carolina,
Brig Polly,	J. Lockton,	Barbados,
Sh. Charm. Peggy,	S. Daviſon,	Liſbon,
Brig Union,	T. Rawlins,	Dominica,
Sch. Lucretia,	J. Moore,	Virginia,
Sl. Vine,	Z. Waterman,	New-York,
Sl. Triſtram,	R. Muir,	North Carolina,
Sl. Charm. Betſy,	J. Ingraham,	Rhode-Iſland,
Brig Nancy,	J. Hance,	Jamaica,
Sc. Topſail Pack.	J. A. Campbell,	North Carolina,
Brig Georgia Pac.	G. Bunner,	Georgia,
Sh. Carolina,	B. Loxley,	Newfoundland,
Sl. Peggy,	S. Hinckley,	Boſton.

DANIEL RUNDLE,
At his ſtore in Water-ſtreet, the eighth door above Market-ſtreet, the north corner of the alley, hath for ſale,

LAMP and tanners oil, Boſton mackarel, New-England and Philadelphia rum, molaſſes, beſt muſcovado ſugars, new rice, ſoal leather, citron, ſilver watches, Barcelona handkerchiefs, Indian beeds, &c.

Baltimore County, une 19, 1773.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,
On MONDAY the ſixteenth day of Auguſt next, on the premiſes, for Caſh only,

THREE Tracts of Land, ſituate in Baltimore County aforeſaid, near Mr. David Hoop's mill, within two miles of the road leading from York to Baltimore Town, about twenty-four miles from the latter. One Tract of Patent Land containing 180 acres, on which is a ſmall dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtable and kitchen, a good garden paled in, an apple orchard of good fruit, and a ſpring of excellent water near the houſe; about 50 acres of land cleared and under good fences. Two Tracts of leaſed Land, adjoining the above tract; the one containing 188 acres, the other 71 acres, with a ſtream of water running through the ſame, ſufficient for merchant mills; a quantity of good meadow ground which may be made with little expence. The leaſed lands are under leaſes for ninety-nine years, of which term there are eighty-two years yet unexpired.—Alſo will be ſold, at the time and place above-mentioned, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Houſhold Furniture. Any perſon inclining to view the lands before the day of ſale, may have an opportunity by applying to Mr. JOSEPH NORRIS, near the premiſes. The ſale to begin at Two o'clock in the afternoon, when attendance will be given by

CLARE YOUNG.

THE PUBLIC is hereby informed, that the Delaware Lottery, for the benefit of the College of New-Jerſey, &c. in which is one prize of Six Thouſand Dollars, two of Two Thouſand, four of One Thouſand, beſides many other valuable prizes, and not two blanks to a prize, will be drawn the beginning of October next. All gentlemen who have been intruſted with tickets, are deſired to give ſpeedy notice of the ſtate of the ſales; and as there may be many in different quarters willing to promote this lottery, to whom it is difficult to write, they are requeſted to ſend for tickets to Richard Stockton, Jonathan Sergeant, Eſqrs. or Mr. Enos Kelſo, at Princeton; to William P. Smith, William Livingſton, or Robert Ogden, Eſqrs. at Elizabeth Town, New-Jerſey; to Meſſrs. Brown and Co. at New-York; and in Philadelphia, to George Bryan, or Joſeph Read, Eſqrs. Drs. William Shippen, John Redman, or Robert Harris, Meſſrs. Andrew Hodge, Gunning Bedford, William Henry, John Bayard, Iſaac Snowden, Jonathan B. Smith, William Semple, Robert Paiſley, or William and Thomas Bradford; to Mr. David Walker, in New-Port, on Potowmack, Maryland; to Mr. Archibald M'Call in Rappahanock; to Mr. John Talliaferro, in Fredericksburgh, and Mr. William Holt, in Williamſburgh, Virginia; or to the following gentlemen, viz. George Monro, David Finny, John Thompſon, and Nicholas Vandyke, Eſqrs. Meſſrs. Samuel Patterſon, and David Clark, in New-Caſtle, who are appointed managers of ſaid Lottery, and will be on oath for the faithful diſcharge of the truſt repoſed in them.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

WAS STOLEN out of the ſubſcriber's paſture, near Dover, in Kent county, on the night of the 10th of this inſt. June; a light ſorrel GELDING, about fourteen hands and an half high, four years old, has four white feet and a white face, neither brand nor ear-mark, his dock is long, and he carries his tail on one ſide when rode, he trots and gallops well, but paces none; he is in very good order, and lately ſhod before. Whoever brings the ſaid horſe to me, and ſecures the thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, or FIFTY SHILLINGS for the horſe only, and reaſonable charges, paid by

JOHN PENNELL.

Philadelphia, June 21, 1773.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from JOHN SERVICE, on Friday laſt (being the day he landed here from Ireland) a ſervant man named JAMES WHITE, 28 years of age, well made, and was formerly in the army; about 5 feet 9 inches high; had on when he went away, a white ſhirt, blue coat, old hat, coarſe trowſers, and old ſhoes with buckles in them. Whoever will take up ſaid ſervant and ſecure him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ISAAC HAZELHURST, merchant, in this city.

PICTURES AND MAPS:

A large and excellent aſſortment of them, by the beſt maſters, are juſt imported, and to be ſold by

NICHOLAS BROOKS,

The ſecond door above the Coffee-Houſe, in Market-ſtreet. In this collection, among many others are the following.

THE ſeaſons, an original after Roſalba, in pear tree, beautifully painted; peace and plenty, finely coloured and beautifully ornamented; elegant characteriſtical pieces in green and gold frames, viz. Flora, the letter woman, the oyſter woman, the bathing beauty, Mrs. Yates in the character of Electra, the lady's maid ſoaping linen, Venus blinding Cupid by Strange, Joſeph and his miſtreſs, Venus attired by the graces, George Whitefield, John Weſtley, Thomas Jones, and Philip Doddridge, with many others of the moſt approved clergy; landſcapes, views of capital cities, ſcripture pieces, ſea pieces, ſporting pieces, and a very great number of fancy pieces, painted on glaſs in fine gold frames &c. &c. ſetts of the ſundry dock yards, with the men of war in them, beautifully ornamented; ſetts of the twelve monthly flowers, in beautiful frames; ſetts of baſkets of flowers; the paſſions of the ſoul as they are expreſſed in the human countenance, by Lebrun; with a variety of the moſt elegant ingravings and mezzotintoes, by the greateſt artiſts in Rome and London; maps of the world and of each quarter, Europe, Aſia, Africa and America; general atlas, containing 36 new maps, by Palairet and others, in one large book; likewiſe Dury's 45 maps, beautifully coloured and bound in a proper ſize for gentlemen's pockets; Albins birds beautifully coloured, in volumes, with their explanations; geographical playing cards and playing cards of antient hiſtory, lately invented for the inſtructive entertainment of young gentlemen and ladies, by an eminent clergyman in London; alſo a journey through Europe, or the royal amuſement, invented by Dr. Nugent, now uſed in London inſtead of the back gammon table; a variety of drawing books and flower books; ſetts of water colours in ſhells and out of ſhells with camel hair pencils; copperplate copy books, from the earlieſt attempt to the compleating of the moſt accompliſhed penmen; very neat fowling pieces; low priced pocket and horſe piſtols; German and common flutes; a good aſſortment of muſic; London made fiddles; pen engines, that any perſon can make a pen with as quick as ſhut their hand; lamps that reſemble a candle when burning, and is uſed with one quarter the expence of a tallow candle; beſt Dutch wax and wafers; ivory and mahogany cucumber ſlicers; ſilver and gilt gentlemen and ladies watches; a variety of pocket books; likewiſe original invention for marking linen in a peculiar method, with a liquid immoveable by the ſevereſt waſhing and boiling, which is more regular and beautiful than any needle work, and cannot be picked out, as is often the caſe when linen is marked in the uſual, but now diſapproved cuſtom, with ſilk, worſted or thread; it is neceſſary for gentlemen to print their names in books with red or black liquid prepared on purpoſe, or on meſſage cards or any other thing they may have occaſion for. A good aſſortment of jewellery and dry goods as uſual. &c. &c.

Philadelphia, June 21.

THOMAS MUSHETT,

HAVING taken that large and commodious TAVERN at the ſign of the BUCK, on the five-mile round, lately occupied by Mr. DANIEL GRANT, begs leave to inform the public, that he has furniſhed the ſaid houſe in a neat and genteel manner for the accommodation of company. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their company, may be aſſured of his beſt endeavours to merit their approbation. Beſpoke dinners and entertainments will be carefully attended to. Ladies and gentlemen that ride for the benefit of the air, may have tea and coffee, morning and evening.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEGRO LAD, who underſtands farming, is thought to be honeſt, and bears a good character: alſo a NEGRO GIRL, who underſtands houſe work, is to be ſold only for want of employment. Enquire of the printer hereof.

Philadelphia, June 15, 1773.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened a VENDUE for the ſale of Merchandize, at his Vendue-houſe at the corner of Second and Shippen-ſtreets, where he intends to continue on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS. All thoſe who will be pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom may depend on his utmoſt endeavours to give ſatisfaction.

JOHN DONNAL.

Baltimore, June 21ſt, 1773.

CALEB SHIELDS,

GOLDSMITH AND JEWELLER,

INFORMS the public, and his cuſtomers in particular, that he continues carrying on his ſaid buſineſs in all its reſpective branches, and at preſent has a neat and general aſſortment of goods in that way, at his houſe in Gay-ſtreet the third door above Market-ſtreet, in the town of Baltimore in Maryland. He alſo gives the higheſt prices for old gold and ſilver. All orders from town or country will be thankfully received and duly executed.

N. B. Some time in November laſt, a certain piece of gold ſpecie was left at my ſhop; the right owner is requeſted to call for the ſame.

Now ſelling abſolutely at prime coſt, at the houſe of the late Mrs. MARY SYMONDS, deceaſed, in Cheſnut ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets,

A large and general ASSORTMENT of

MILLENARY AND OTHER GOODS;

Amongſt which are,

CAMBRICKS; lawns; muſlins; Bruſſels, mecklin, blond and other laces; rich black and white ſattins; a large parcel of modes, ſilks, ſattins and peelongs for cloaks and bonnets; gauzes; net and pariſnet, with a great variety of other genteel articles.

N. B. Any perſons taking a conſiderable quantity, will have a good allowance made them, being ſolicitous to compleat the ſale as early as poſſible, for the benefit of the orphan.

JAMES REYNOLDS, Executor.

THOMAS THOMSON,

At his Dry-Goods and Grocer's ſhop, at the corner of Catherine-ſtreet, in Front ſtreet, Southwark, has now for ſale, a large aſſortment of European, Eaſt and Weſt-India goods, viz.

COARSE broadcloths; flannels and blankets; mens, womens, boys, and girls worſted, thread, and cotton hoſe; nankeens, damaſcus, tammies, durants, ſhaloons, poplins, crapes, dorſetteens, miſſinets and calimancoes; brown linen and holland; worſted damaſk; plain and ſtriped camblets; croſs-barred ſtuffs and charlottoes; perſians and ſarſenets; pelongs and taffeties; mens black ſilk neckloths, muſlin ditto; checked linen handkerchiefs, printed red and white ditto, bordered kenting ditto, bandanoe and ſilk romal ditto, culgee and Barcelona ditto; cotton and linen ſtripes; cotton and linen checks; chintzes and callicoes; printed cottons and linens; low priced India calicoes; muſlins and humhums; new faſhioned ſilk gauze handkerchiefs, new faſhioned ſilk gauze aprons; flowered, ſtriped, and plain gauze; ditto kenting; yard wide and 7-8ths cambrick; long and clear lawn; plain and ſtriped ticking; German and Scotch ozenbrigs; Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheetings; all ſorts of Iriſh linens and hollands; ivory and common fans; ivory and horn combs; bobbin and tapes; chip and Leghorn hats; writing paper, and ink powder; ivory handle knives and forks; ſham-buck and real buck ditto; ſteel razors and ſciſſars; piſtol capt, cutteau and Barlow penknives; pinchbeck, braſs and white metal ſhoe and knee buckles; ſpectacles and ſnuff-boxes; hammers and gimblets; powder and ſhot; locks and hinges; nails; needles and pins; plain and figured ribbons; beſt Scotch white threads; ſewing ſilks and coloured threads; ſtocking breeches patterns; worſted binding and ſilk ferret; ſilk, cotton and thread laces; Tulley and Scotch garters; mens, womens, girls and boys gloves and mitts; womens ſtuff ſhoes; baſket and deathhead, ſilk and hair, coat and breaſt buttons; jacket and wire ſhirt buttons; mohair and ſcarf twiſt; an aſſortment of glaſs and china wares; all ſorts of delph and queen's ware; rum, ſugar, tea, molaſſes, rice, coffee, chocolate, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, alſpice, pepper, and ginger; Madeira and Liſbon wines; all ſorts of patent medicines; excellent Scotch herrings, barley and oatmeal.

N. B. He aſſures the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he will ſell goods on ſuch low terms, as ſhall be agreeable to thoſe who may pleaſe to make trial; he alſo puts up all kinds of ſea ſtores, on the ſhorteſt notice.

The ſaid THOMSON carries on the ſtone and marble-cutting buſineſs, in all their various branches, where builders may be ſuited with any kinds of work, done after the neateſt and beſt manner; alſo tomb-ſtones, and head-ſtones.

LIST OF PREMIUMS for the year 1773, to be given by the *Managers of the Contributions for promoting the Culture of Silk in the Province of Pennſylvania*, ſubject to the following conditions on the part of the claimants, viz.

CONDITIONS.

THE Cocoons or Balls for which any *Premium* is to be demanded, muſt be found, merchantable, and all ſingle *; they muſt be raiſed in the province of Pennſylvania, and brought to the Filature in Philadelphia for ſale, or to be reeled for the claimant's own uſe, on or before September 1, 1773. Satisfactory proof muſt be given to the Managers, that the Cocoons were all raiſed at one crop, within the claimant's ſingle family, and that over and above the Cocoons brought to the Filature as above, one twentieth of the whole crop has been reſerved, out of which the claimant muſt engage to raiſe good eggs, for which, if to be ſold, the Managers will give a dollar per ounce.

PREMIUMS.

1. For the greateſt quantity of *Cocoons*, not leſs than *Sixty Thouſand*, FIFTEEN POUNDS.
2. For the next greateſt quantity, not leſs than *Fifty Thouſand*, TEN POUNDS.
3. For the next greateſt quantity, not leſs than *Forty Thouſand*, FIVE POUNDS.
4. For the next greateſt quantity, not leſs than *Thirty Thouſand*, a SILK REEL, and COPPER KETTLE, on the beſt conſtruction.
5. To that perſon who ſhall produce to the Managers the beſt ſpecimen or ſample of *Raw Silk*, of his or her own *raiſing* and *reeling*, not leſs than *Thirty-two Ounces*, a SILK REEL and COPPER KETTLE as above.
6. For the ſecond and third next beſt ſamples of *Raw Silk*, not leſs than *Sixteen Ounces*, a compleat SILK REEL each.
7. To that perſon who ſhall raiſe *Twenty Thouſand Cocoons*, entirely on the *Italian* or *White Mulberry Tree*, of the claimant's own planting and cultivation, FIVE POUNDS.
8. Two more Premiums of THREE POUNDS each to thoſe two Perſons, who ſhall raiſe no leſs than *Fifteen Thouſand Cocoons* each, entirely on the *Italian Mulberry Tree*, as aforeſaid.

N. B. The Managers have ſome young *Italian Mulberry Trees* fit to be planted out, which they will give to thoſe who may ſpeedily apply for them, and all perſons deſirous to propagate Silk another year, are earneſtly requeſted to preſerve for themſelves a ſufficient quantity of eggs, as the Managers have not been able to ſupply half the number of perſons, who have applied to them for eggs this ſeaſon.

PRICES FOR THE YEAR 1773.

Beſides the encouragement offered above, the Managers hereby agree to give the following prices for Cocoons raiſed in either the provinces of *Pennſylvania*, *New-Jerſey*, or *Maryland*, or the *Three Lower Counties* on *Delaware*, viz.

For all merchantable Cocoons of the *Firſt Crop*, brought to the Filature before the 15th of July, THREE SHILLINGS per pound; from thence to the 25th of the ſame month, THREE SHILLINGS and SIX-PENCE; from thence to the 5th of Auguſt, FOUR SHILLINGS; from thence to the 25th of the ſame month, FOUR SHILLINGS and SIX-PENCE; from thence to the end of the ſeaſon, FIVE SHILLINGS, or FIVE SHILLINGS and SIX-PENCE if extraordinary good and thoroughly dried. For cocoons of the *ſecond crop*, a price in proportion to their quality and dryneſs.

By order of the Board of Managers,

JOHN KAIGHN, Secretary.

* *The double balls ought all to be kept for ſeed.*

Philadelphia, June 17, 1773.

The Subſcriber, having removed into the Jerſeys, will ſell at Public Vendue, on Thurſday the 15th of July next, at five o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes,

A TWO ſtory HOUSE, and LOT of GROUND, ſituate in Southwark, on the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, about 45 feet below South-ſtreet: The lot is 20 feet on Second-ſtreet, and 65 feet deep: The houſe is 17 feet front, and 30 feet deep, has ſix good rooms well finiſhed, and three fire places, with the addition of a good vault well arched; the yard and three feet alley is paved; the lower part of the houſe has been uſed for a ſmith's ſhop, but with a ſmall expence can be made into two good rooms, or a large ſhop for dry goods or grocery, or for a joiner, carpenter, &c. and as it is near the New-Market, will ſuit any public buſineſs; ſubject to a ſmall ground rent of ſix pounds currency per annum: It will now readily rent for twenty-five pounds a year. For further terms apply to MATTHEW POTTER, at the corner of Front and Lombard-ſtreets, or to the ſubſcriber at Cohanſey Bridge.

MATTHEW POTTER, Junior.

TO BE LET,

THAT commodious and well ſituated houſe and ſtores, at the Croſs-roads, near Duck Creek, within half a mile of the landing, where JAMES M'MULLAN now lives, and carries on buſineſs; the houſe is 31 by 21 feet; the ſtore at the end of the houſe is 21 by 22 feet, with a framed granary for grain, &c. a ſalt-houſe and kitchen at the end of the dwelling houſe, a bake-oven and brick wall, with a pump, two ſtables, a chaiſe houſe, and neceſſary houſe, a roomy convenient yard, a good garden, and a two acre lot back of the garden, in exceeding good graſs for paſture; the whole is in very good repair, and fit for a ſtore keeper; the ſtand is as good as any at the Roads, the ſtore is well accuſtomed, which makes it every way advantageous to the renter: For terms apply to ſaid JAMES M'MULLAN, at the place, or David Finney, Eſq; at New-Caſtle, or Randle Mitchell, Merchant, in Philadelphia, who are empowered to let it. The tenant may have poſſeſſion after Harveſt.

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